



# Kansas Register

Kris W. Kobach, Secretary of State

Vol. 30, No. 17

April 28, 2011

Pages 471-510

In this issue . . .	Page
<b>Social and Rehabilitation Services, Kansas Department on Aging and Kansas Health Policy Authority</b>	
Notice of intent to publish proposed nursing facility Medicaid rates .....	472
<b>Social and Rehabilitation Services</b>	
Notice of meetings on the Child Care and Development Fund State Plan .....	473
<b>Kansas Water Authority</b>	
Notice of meetings .....	473
<b>USDA—Natural Resources Conservation Service</b>	
Notice of Kansas Technical Committee meeting .....	473
<b>Pooled Money Investment Board</b>	
Notice of investment rates .....	473
<b>Advisory Committee on Trauma</b>	
Notice of meeting .....	474
<b>City of Liberal</b>	
Notice of proposed DBE Program .....	474
<b>Kansas Department of Transportation</b>	
Notice to contractors .....	474
<b>Governmental Ethics Commission</b>	
Opinion No. 2011-03 .....	475
<b>City of Atchison</b>	
Notice of intent to seek private placement of general obligation bonds .....	477
<b>State Conservation Commission</b>	
Notice to contractors .....	477
<b>Department of Administration—Division of Purchases</b>	
Notice to bidders for state purchases .....	477
<b>Kansas Board of Regents Universities</b>	
Notice to bidders .....	478
<b>Department of Health and Environment</b>	
Notice concerning water pollution control permits/applications .....	478
<b>New State Laws</b>	
<b>Senate Bill 210</b> , providing for assessments on providers of home and community-based services developmental disability waiver program .....	479
<b>House Bill 2118</b> , concerning crimes, criminal procedure and punishment; relating to supervision fees for appearance bonds .....	481
<b>Senate Bill 80</b> , concerning alcoholic beverages .....	487
<b>Substitute for House Bill 2134</b> , concerning workers compensation .....	489
<b>Index to administrative regulations</b> .....	505

## State of Kansas

**Social and Rehabilitation Services  
Department on Aging  
Kansas Health Policy Authority**

**Notice of Intent to Publish Proposed Nursing Facility  
Medicaid Rates, Notice of Intent to Amend the  
Medicaid State Plan; Request for Written Comments;  
and Notice of Intent to Publish Final Rates**

The Kansas Secretary of Aging and the Kansas Secretary of Social and Rehabilitation Services (SRS) are hereby providing public notice that they intend to publish proposed Medicaid nursing facility rates for fiscal year 2012, the methodology underlying the establishment of those rates, and the justifications for those rates in the May 5, 2011 edition of the Kansas Register, the official state paper.

Copies of the methodology and the rate justifications are available to the public and may be obtained via the Kansas Department on Aging Web site at [www.agingkansas.org](http://www.agingkansas.org). Copies also may be acquired by making a written request for the same to: Secretary of Aging, Attention: Karla Werth, New England Building, 2nd Floor,

503 S. Kansas Ave., Topeka, 66603-3404. The state will charge a fee for the requested copies and mailing pursuant to K.S.A. 45-2219.

The state intends to submit proposed Medicaid State Plan amendments to CMS on or before September 30, 2011.

The state invites nursing facility service providers, Medicaid beneficiaries and their representatives and other concerned Kansas residents to review the proposed rates, the underlying methodology and the rate justifications, and submit any comments on them, in writing, to the address above before the close of business May 27.

The state intends to publish final nursing facility rates June 23, 2011.

Sean Sullivan  
Secretary of Aging

Rod Siedlecki  
Secretary of Social and  
Rehabilitation Services

Dr. Andrew Allison  
KHPA Executive Director

Doc. No. 039362

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State of Kansas

Social and Rehabilitation Services

Notice of Meetings

The Kansas Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services is preparing the Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) State Plan for 2012-2013. CCDF supports the Child Care Subsidy Program (financial assistance to low-income families) as well as early learning quality initiatives such as child care provider professional development, child care resource and referral, and regulation and licensure of child care facilities.

SRS is hosting two public meetings to solicit stakeholder input from 7 to 8:30 p.m. Tuesday, May 17, and from 1 to 2:30 p.m. Wednesday, May 18, at the SRS Learning Center, 2600 S.W. East Circle Drive South, Topeka. Individuals unable to travel to Topeka can participate in the meeting via teleconference from one of the sites listed below:

**Atchison SRS**  
410 Commercial  
913-367-5345

**Chanute SRS**  
1500 W. 7th  
620-431-5000

**Dodge City SRS**  
1509 Ave. P  
620-227-8508

**El Dorado SRS**  
410 N. Haverhill Road  
620-321-4200, x267

**Garden City SRS**  
1710 Palace Drive  
620-272-5800

**Great Bend SRS**  
1305 Patton Road  
620-792-5324

**Hays SRS**  
3000 Broadway  
785-628-1066

**Hutchinson SRS**  
600 Andrew  
620-663-2731, x303

**Kansas City SRS**  
402 State Ave.  
913-279-7000

**Lawrence SRS**  
1901 Delaware  
785-832-3700

**Manhattan SRS**  
2709 Amherst  
785-776-4011

**Overland Park SRS**  
8915 Lenexa Drive  
913-826-7300

**Pittsburg SRS**  
320 S. Broadway  
620-231-5300

**Salina SRS**  
901 Westchester  
785-826-8000

**Wichita SRS**  
230 E. William  
316-337-7000

The draft plan will be available to review and download at [www.srs.ks.gov](http://www.srs.ks.gov). Comments may be submitted by mail to SRS EES, Suite 580, Docking State Office Building, 915 S.W. Harrison, Topeka, 66612, Attention: Sally Paige Kahle, or via e-mail to [SallyPaige.Kahle@srs.ks.gov](mailto:SallyPaige.Kahle@srs.ks.gov) (please identify in the subject line: CCDF State Plan Comments). Comments will be accepted through May 25.

For additional information, contact Sally Paige Kahle at (785) 296-5019 or e-mail at [SallyPaige.Kahle@srs.ks.gov](mailto:SallyPaige.Kahle@srs.ks.gov).

Robert Siedlecki  
Secretary of Social and  
Rehabilitation Services

Doc. No. 039349

State of Kansas

Kansas Water Authority

Notice of Meetings

The Kansas Water Authority will meet at 1 p.m. Wednesday, May 18, and at 8:30 a.m. Thursday, May 19, at the Graham County 4-H Building in Hill City. The agenda and meeting materials will be posted on the Kansas Water Office Web site, [www.kwo.org](http://www.kwo.org), or copies may be requested by contacting the Kansas Water Office, 901 S. Kansas Ave., Topeka, 66612-1249, (785) 296-3185 or (888) 526-9283 (KAN-WATER). Persons needing special accommodations are asked to notify the Kansas Water Office at least two days prior to the meeting date.

Steve Irsik  
Chairman

Doc. No. 039350

(Published in the Kansas Register April 28, 2011.)

USDA—Natural Resources  
Conservation Service

Notice of Kansas Technical Committee Meeting

The Kansas Technical Committee will meet from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. Tuesday, May 17, at the NRCS Conference Center, 747 S. Duvall, Salina. The agenda will cover the KTC state resource assessments, conservation planning and payment schedules. State resource assessments will be reviewed and input solicited regarding state resource priorities. Conservation planning and the payment schedule will be covered to provide members a better understanding of NRCS policy and procedures.

Other agenda items or requests for special assistance to attend the meeting may be directed to Gaye L. Benfer, Assistant State Conservationist for Programs, NRCS, at (785) 823-4569 or [gaye.benfer@ks.usda.gov](mailto:gaye.benfer@ks.usda.gov).

NRCS is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

Eric B. Banks  
State Conservationist

Doc. No. 039347

State of Kansas

Pooled Money Investment Board

Notice of Investment Rates

The following rates are published in accordance with K.S.A. 75-4210. These rates and their uses are defined in K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 12-1675(b)(c)(d) and K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 12-1675a(g).

Effective 4-25-11 through 5-1-11

Term	Rate
1-89 days	0.10%
3 months	0.05%
6 months	0.11%
1 year	0.25%
18 months	0.44%
2 years	0.65%

Scott Miller  
Interim Director of Investments

Doc. No. 039346

## State of Kansas

## Advisory Committee on Trauma

## Notice of Meeting

The Advisory Committee on Trauma will meet from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Wednesday, May 11, at the Kansas Medical Society, 623 S.W. 10th Ave., Topeka.

Robert Moser, M.D.  
Secretary of Health  
and Environment

Doc. No. 039354

(Published in the Kansas Register April 28, 2011.)

## City of Liberal, Kansas

## Notice of Proposed DBE Program

The city of Liberal has established a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Program in accordance with regulations of the U.S. Department of Transportation, 49 CFR Part 26, for FFA funding at the Liberal Mid-America Regional Airport. The city anticipates receiving federal financial assistance from the Department of Transportation and, as a condition of receiving this assistance, the city will sign an assurance that it will comply with 49 CFR Part 26.

The city's overall project-specific goal for FY 2011 is 1.28 percent of the federal financial assistance.

The proposed DBE Program is available for public inspection and comment at the office of the city of Liberal, City Hall. The city will accept comments on the goals for 30 days from the date of this notice. Comments can be sent to Debra S. Giskie, Airport Manager, City of Liberal, P.O. Box 2199, Liberal, 67905-2199.

Debra Giskie  
City Clerk/Airport Manager

Doc. No. 039356

## State of Kansas

## Department of Transportation

## Notice to Contractors

Sealed proposals for the construction of road and bridge work in the following Kansas counties will be received at the Bureau of Construction and Maintenance, KDOT, Topeka, or at the Eisenhower State Office Building, fourth floor west wing, 700 S.W. Harrison, Topeka, until 1 p.m. May 18 and then publicly opened:

## District One — Northeast

**Atchison**—159-3 KA-1582-01 — U.S. 159 bridge 0.8 mile north of the west junction of K-9, bridge repair. (State Funds)

**Brown**—73-7 KA-1306-01 — U.S. 73 bridges 0.4 mile east of the junction of U.S. 159 and 4 miles north of the west junction of K-20, bridge repair, 0.1 mile. (State Funds)

**Jefferson**—59-44 KA-2343-01 — U.S. 59 beginning at the U.S. 24 junction north to the junction of K-4, milling and overlay, 24.9 miles. (State Funds)

**Johnson**—46-35 KA-2348-01 — I-35 beginning at the Johnson-Miami county line, mile marker 201.9 to mile marker 213; I-35 beginning at mile marker 213 to mile marker 216, pavement patching, 14.3 miles. (State Funds)

**Johnson**—69-46 K-8251-08 — U.S. 69 from 119th Street north to I-35 and I-35 north to 75th Street, grading, bridge and surfacing, 3 miles. (Federal Funds)

**Johnson**—35-46 KA-2317-01 — Spray patch and overlay on I-35 in Johnson County, 2.7 miles (State Funds)

**Marshall**—58 C-4369-01 — County road from 2 miles east of Marysville then north, surfacing. (State Funds)

**Shawnee**—470-89 KA-1627-01 — I-470 bridge at the junction of 10th Street, bridge repair. (State Funds)

**Shawnee**—75-89 KA-1628-01 — U.S. 75, 0.5 mile north of the east junction of I-70, bridge repair. (State Funds)

**Shawnee**—KA-2199-01 — Mudjacking at various locations in District One. (State Funds)

**Wyandotte**—105 C-4385-01 — Donahoo Road from K-7 to 131st Street, grade and surfacing, 1 mile. (State Funds)

**Wyandotte**—105 C-4589-01 — U.S. 73 and Donahoo Road intersection, grading and surfacing, 0.3 mile. (Federal Funds)

## District Two — Northcentral

**Cloud**—24-15 KA-1589-01 — Two U.S. 24 bridges located east of the Mitchell County line and east of U.S. 81, bridge repair. (State Funds)

**Dickinson-Geary**—18-106 KA-2333-01 — K-18 in Dickinson County beginning at the K-15 east junction east to the Dickinson-Geary county line; K-18 in Geary County beginning at the Dickinson-Geary county line east to the junction of U.S. 77, crack repair, 14.2 miles. (State Funds)

**Washington-Jewell**—106 KA-2330-01 — U.S. 36 in Jewell County beginning at the west junction of K-128 to 4.4 miles east of the K-128 east junction; U.S. 36 in Washington County beginning at the Republic-Washington county line east to the east city limits of Washington; K-22 in Washington County beginning at the junction of U.S. 36 north to Haddam, crack repair, 6.7 miles. (State Funds)

## District Three — Northwest

**Sherman**—91 C-4506-01 — County bridge 15 miles north and 5.4 miles west of Goodland, bridge repair, 0.2 mile. (Federal Funds)

**Rawlins**—36-106 KA-2340-01 — Pavement markings in Atwood, Goodland, Norton, Oakley and Oberlin, 3.2 miles. (Federal Funds)

## District Four — Southeast

**Anderson**—2 C-4126-01 — County road 0.5 mile south and 3.7 miles east of Garnett, grading, bridge and surfacing, 0.1 mile. (State Funds)

**Crawford**—19 U-2000-01 — Atkinson Road over Cow Creek in Pittsburg, grading and bridge, 0.1 mile. (Federal Funds)

**Montgomery**—63 KA-2179-01 — South Kansas Oklahoma Railroad Cherryvale-Tulsa, railroad improvement. (Federal Funds)

**Neosho**—67 KA-0840-01 — Elk Road from 49th Street north to 35th Street south of Chanute, grading and surfacing, 0.8 mile. (State Funds)

**Neosho-Wilson**—106 KA-2177-01 — South Kansas Oklahoma Railroad in Neodesha and Chanute, railroad improvements. (Federal Funds)

**District Five — Southcentral**

**Barber**—160-004 KA-1583-01 — Three U.S. 160 bridges located east of the east junction of U.S. 281, bridge repair. (State Funds)

**Butler**—8 N-0475-01 — 21st Street north from 159th Street to 1,000 feet east of Andover Road, grading and surfacing, 1.1 miles. (Federal Funds)

**Butler**—8 C-4548-01 — County road 3 miles east and 0.7 mile north of El Dorado, grading, bridge and surfacing, 0.2 mile. (State Funds)

**Rice**—56-80 KA-1618-01 — U.S. 56 bridge located 1.4 miles east of K-46, bridge repair. (State Funds)

**Rush**—96-83 KA-1319-01 — K-96 bridges 10.2 miles and 11.9 miles east of the Ness County line, bridge repair. (State Funds)

**Sedgwick**—96-87 KA-2284-01 — K-96 in Sedgwick County, slide repair. (State Funds)

**Sedgwick**—96-87 KA-2338-01 — K-96 in Sedgwick County, 6.5 miles, seal. (State Funds)

**Sedgwick**—235-87 KA-2345-01 — From the south end of I-235 north 15.6 miles to the Broadway Bridge, pavement patching. 15.6 miles. (State Funds)

**District Six — Southwest**

**Scott**—83-86 KA-2344-01 — U.S. 83 from Scott City north to the Scott-Logan county line, crack repair, 14.4 miles. (State Funds)

Proposals will be issued upon request to all prospective bidders who have been prequalified by the Kansas Department of Transportation on the basis of financial condition, available construction equipment and experience. Also, a statement of unearned contracts (Form No. 284) must be filed. There will be no discrimination against anyone because of race, age, religion, color, sex, handicap or national origin in the award of contracts.

Each bidder shall file a sworn statement executed by or on behalf of the person, firm, association or corporation submitting the bid, certifying that such person, firm, association or corporation has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with the submitted bid.

This sworn statement shall be in the form of an affidavit executed and sworn to by the bidder before a person who is authorized by the laws of the state to administer oaths. The required form of affidavit will be provided by the state to each prospective bidder. Failure to submit the sworn statement as part of the bid approval package will make the bid nonresponsive and not eligible for award consideration.

Plans and specifications for the projects may be examined at the office of the respective county clerk or at the KDOT district office responsible for the work.

Deb Miller  
Secretary of Transportation

Doc. No. 039336

**State of Kansas**

**Governmental Ethics Commission**

**Opinion No. 2011-3**

Written April 14, 2011, to Sen. Julia Lynn, Senate District 9, Olathe.

This opinion is in response to your letter received April 4, 2011, requesting an opinion from the Kansas Governmental Ethics Commission concerning state level conflict of interest laws, K.S.A. 46-215 *et seq.* We note at the outset that the Commission’s jurisdiction concerning your question is limited to the application of K.S.A. 46-215 *et seq.*, and whether some other statutory system, common law theory or agency rule or regulation applies to your inquiry is not covered by this opinion.

**Factual Statement:**

You request this opinion in your capacity as an elected State Senator and business owner. Your company, Lynn Communications is being considered for a contract to perform development functions for a 501(c) (3) organization, the Kansas Policy Institute.

The Kansas Policy Institute for whom you would potentially work is an independent think tank that advocates for free market economic solutions and the protection of personal freedom for all Kansans. This work centers on state and local economic policy with primary emphasis on education, fiscal policy and health care. The organization empowers citizens, legislators and other government officials with objective research and creative ideas to promote a low-tax, pro-growth environment that preserves the ability of governments to provide high quality services.

Your company’s role with the organization would be to:

- Develop and manage the fund-raising strategy including goal setting
- Work closely with the president of the think-tank to implement the fundraising strategy
- Cultivate donor relationships through in-person visits, phone calls and correspondence
- Plan and coordinate donor events and other special events
- Write, submit and manage grant proposals
- Maintain donor database with current information on all donors and prospects, including gifts
- Perform donor research, including identifying donor prospects
- Provide consulting on the possibility of a planned giving program
- Oversee the development and execution of solicitation campaigns, including direct mail

In a telephone conversation, you informed the Commission that the nonprofit organization does have a lobbying presence in Kansas and has a registered lobbyist. Your company’s role would be limited to development functions for the organization, not lobbying or appearing as an advocate before the legislature for the organization.

(continued)

**Question:**

As a state legislator is it possible for your company to contract with the Kansas Policy Institute to perform development functions?

**Opinion:**

K.S.A. 46-236 states in pertinent part:

No state officer . . . shall solicit any economic opportunity, gift, . . . or service from any person known to have a special interest, under circumstances where such officer . . . knows or should know that a major purpose of the donor in granting the same could be to influence the performance of the official duties . . . of such officer . . . . Except when a particular course of official action is to be followed as a condition thereon, this section shall not apply to: (1) Any contribution reported in compliance with the campaign finance act; (2) a commercially reasonable loan or other commercial transaction in the ordinary course of business; (3) any solicitation for the benefit of any charitable organization which is required to file a registration statement with the secretary of state pursuant to K.S.A. 17-1761, and amendments thereto, or which is exempted from filing such statement pursuant to K.S.A. 17-1762, and amendments thereto, or for the benefit of any educational institution or such institution's endowment association, if such association has qualified as a nonprofit organization under paragraph (3) of subsection (c) of section 501 of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended; (4) any solicitation for the benefit of any national nonprofit, nonpartisan organization established for the purpose of serving, informing, educating and strengthening state legislatures in all states of the nation; or (5) any solicitation for the benefit of any national, nonprofit organization established for the purpose of serving, informing and educating elected executive branch officials in all states of the nation.

K.A.R. 19-40-3a (b) defines "gift" in pertinent part as follows:

[T]he transfer of money or anything of value unless legal consideration of a reasonably equal or greater value is received in return.

K.S.A. 46-228 defines "special interest" as follows:

[A]n interest of any person as herein defined (1) concerning action or non-action by the legislature on any legislative matter affecting such person as distinct from affect upon the people of the state as a whole, or (2) in the action or non-action of any state agency or state officer or employee upon any matter affecting such person as distinct from affect upon the people of the state as a whole.

Your description of duties to be performed includes contacting people to make donations to the Kansas Policy Institute. A contribution would be considered a "gift" pursuant to K.A.R. 19-40-3a (b). Your solicitation of contributions to the Kansas Policy Institute does not appear to meet any of the exceptions listed in K.S.A. 46-236. Therefore, pursuant to K.S.A. 46-236, you would be prohibited from soliciting any contributions for the Kansas Policy Institute from any person known to have a special interest, under circumstances where you know or should know that a major purpose of the donor in making the contribution could be to influence your performance of your official duties as a State Senator.

K.S.A. 46-237 also applies and states in pertinent part:

(a) Except as provided by this section, no state officer . . . shall accept, or agree to accept any (1) economic oppor-

tunity, . . . or service having an aggregate value of \$40 or more in any calendar year . . . from any one person known to have a special interest, under circumstances where such person knows or should know that a major purpose of the donor is to influence such person in the performance of their official duties or prospective official duties.

. . .

(e) Except when a particular course of official action is to be followed as a condition thereon, this section shall not apply to . . . a . . . commercial transaction in the ordinary course of business.

K.S.A. 46-217 defines "economic opportunity" in pertinent part as follows:

[A]ny . . . contract . . . involving . . . services wherein a state officer . . . may gain a personal economic benefit, but not including any gift.

Therefore, pursuant to K.S.A. 46-237 (e), if the proposed contract would be considered as part of the ordinary course of business for Lynn Communications and the contract is not being awarded to Lynn Communications conditioned upon action to be taken by you as a State Senator, you would not be prohibited from entering into the contract with the Kansas Policy Institute. Alternatively, if the contract would not be considered to be in the ordinary course of business for Lynn Communications, pursuant to K.S.A. 46-237 (a) you would be prohibited from entering into a contract with the Kansas Policy Institute under circumstances where you know or should know that a major purpose of the Kansas Policy Institute in entering into the contract is to influence your performance of your official duties as a State Senator.

Finally, K.S.A. 46-241 would also apply which states:

No state officer or employee shall disclose or use confidential information acquired in the course of his or her official duties in order to further his or her own economic interest or those of any other person.

This section is self-explanatory. Confidential information obtained during your official duties with the State may not be used for your financial gain or the financial gain of another.

In summary, you would not be prohibited from contracting with the Kansas Policy Institute to perform development functions pursuant to K.S.A. 46-237 if (i) the proposed contract would be considered as part of the ordinary course of business for Lynn Communications and the contract is not being awarded to Lynn Communications conditioned upon action to be taken by you as a State Senator or (ii) a major purpose of the Kansas Policy Institute in entering into the contract is not to influence your performance of your official duties as a State Senator. In addition, pursuant to K.S.A. 46-236, you would be prohibited from soliciting any contributions for the Kansas Policy Institute from any person known to have a special interest, under circumstances where you know or should know that a major purpose of the donor in making the contribution could be to influence your performance of your official duties as a State Senator.

Sabrina K. Standifer  
Chairwoman

Doc. No. 039348

(Published in the Kansas Register April 28, 2011.)

**City of Atchison, Kansas**

**Notice of Intent to Seek Private Placement  
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011-A**

Notice is hereby given that the city of Atchison, Kansas (the issuer), proposes to seek a private placement of the above-referenced bonds. The maximum aggregate principal amount of the bonds shall not exceed \$1,890,000. The proposed sale of the bonds is in all respects subject to approval of a bond purchase agreement between the issuer and the purchaser of the bonds and the passage of an ordinance and adoption of a resolution by the governing body of the issuer authorizing the issuance of the bonds and the execution of various documents necessary to deliver the bonds.

Dated April 18, 2011.

Mandy Cawby  
Finance Director

Doc. No. 039357

**State of Kansas  
State Conservation Commission**

**Notice to Contractors**

**Name and Location of Project**

Wet Walnut Creek WJD No. 58 Site 128, 2 miles south and 1.5 miles west of Bazine, Kansas.

**Bid Opening Date and Location**

Sealed bids will be received by the Wet Walnut Creek Watershed Joint District No. 58, 300 W. Highway 4, P.O. Box 207, La Crosse, KS 67548, until 7:15 p.m. June 21. Any bids received after the specified time will not be considered. The bids will then be publicly opened and read for furnishing labor, equipment and materials for performing all work.

**Description**

Principal spillway rehabilitation including installation of pipe liner using one of three options:

- (a) Fold and form PVC alloy
- (b) Cast in place plastic
- (c) HDPE slipliner pipe

Excavation 220 cubic yards of earth work

Each bidder shall file with his/her bid a cashier's check or certified check on an acceptable bank or a bid bond in the amount of 5 percent of the total amount of the bid.

Bids received after the stipulated closing time will be returned unopened. The bidder to whom the contract is awarded shall be required to furnish a performance bond and payment bond acceptable to the owner, each in the amount of 100 percent of the contract. The Wet Walnut Creek WJD No. 58 has the right to reject any and all bids and to waive informalities or irregularities therein, and to reject any bid where there is doubt as to the bidder having acquainted himself/herself thoroughly with the materials and conditions relative to the job.

**Contract Documents**

Copies of the contract documents are on file at the watershed office and may be obtained by contacting Ben

Rogers, Manager, Wet Walnut Creek WJD No. 58, at the address above or by calling (785) 222-2812 (O) or (785) 222-6180 (C).

**Site Visit**

A site visit will be at 1:30 p.m. June 6.

Greg A. Foley  
Executive Director

Doc. No. 039360

**State of Kansas  
Department of Administration  
Division of Purchases**

**Notice to Bidders**

Sealed bids for items listed will be received by the Director of Purchases until 2 p.m. on the date indicated. For more information, call (785) 296-2376:

- 05/10/2011 EVT0000576 Campground Improvements
- 05/11/2011 EVT0000594 Scissor-Lift, Rough Terrain
- 05/11/2011 EVT0000595 Blades for Graders and Plows
- 05/12/2011 EVT0000592 Abandoned Well Plugging — Vaughn (Worrell) Lease, Wilson County
- 05/12/2011 EVT0000591 Abandoned Well Plugging — Willis (M.G. Kepley) Lease — Neosho County
- 05/12/2011 EVT0000597 Aluminum Windows
- 05/13/2011 EVT0000132 Credit Card Acceptance Program
- 05/16/2011 EVT0000138 Rest Area Maintenance — Solomon/Ellsworth
- 05/17/2011 EVT0000607 Abandoned Well Plugging — Milford Hall Lease — Neosho County
- 05/23/2011 EVT0000586 Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly
- 05/24/2011 EVT0000137 LIDAR Data Imagery Quality Assurance Service

The above-referenced bid documents can be downloaded at the following Web site:

<http://www.da.ks.gov/purch/>

Additional files may be located at the following Web site (please monitor this Web site on a regular basis for any changes/addenda):

<http://da.state.ks.us/purch/adds/default.htm>

Contractors wishing to bid on the projects below must be prequalified. Information regarding prequalification, projects and bid documents can be obtained by calling (785) 296-8899 or by visiting [www.da.ks.gov/fp/](http://www.da.ks.gov/fp/).

- 05/17/2011 A-011553 Reroof — Johnson Building, Kansas School for the Blind, Kansas City, Kansas
- 05/24/2011 A-011680 Tunnel "Q" Top Slab Replacement, Dept of Corrections, Hutchinson Correctional Facility, Hutchinson
- 05/24/2011 A-011681 Mechanical Room Upgrades, Kansas Juvenile Justice Authority, Larned Juvenile Correctional Facility, Larned

Chris Howe  
Director of Purchases

Doc. No. 039361

State of Kansas

Board of Regents Universities

Notice to Bidders

The universities of the Kansas Board of Regents encourage interested vendors to visit the various universities' purchasing offices' Web sites for a listing of all transactions, including construction projects, for which the universities' purchasing offices, or one of the consortia commonly utilized by the universities, are seeking information, competitive bids or proposals. The referenced construction projects may include project delivery construction procurement act projects pursuant to K.S.A. 76-7,125 et seq.

**Emporia State University** – Bid postings: [www.emporia.edu/busaff/purchasing/vendor-procedures.htm](http://www.emporia.edu/busaff/purchasing/vendor-procedures.htm). Additional contact info: phone: 620-341-5145, fax: 620-341-5073, e-mail: [thouse@emporia.edu](mailto:thouse@emporia.edu). Mailing address: Emporia State University, Controller's Office/Purchasing, Campus Box 4021, 1200 Commercial, Emporia, KS 66801.

**Fort Hays State University** – Bid postings: [www.fhsu.edu/bids](http://www.fhsu.edu/bids). Additional contact info: phone: 785-628-4251, fax: 785-628-4046, e-mail: [purchasing@fhsu.edu](mailto:purchasing@fhsu.edu). Mailing address: Fort Hays State Purchasing Office, 601 Park St., 318 Sheridan Hall, Hays, KS 67601.

**Kansas State University** – Bid postings: [www.k-state.edu/purchasing/rfq](http://www.k-state.edu/purchasing/rfq). Additional contact info: phone: 785-532-6214, fax: 785-532-5577, e-mail: [kspurch@k-state.edu](mailto:kspurch@k-state.edu). Mailing address: Controller's Office/Purchasing, 21 Anderson Hall, Kansas State University, Manhattan, KS 66506.

**Pittsburg State University** – Bid postings: [www.pittstate.edu/office/purchasing](http://www.pittstate.edu/office/purchasing). Additional contact info: phone: 620-235-4169, fax: 620-235-4166, e-mail: [jensch@pittstate.edu](mailto:jensch@pittstate.edu). Mailing address: Pittsburg State University, Purchasing Office, 1701 S. Broadway, Pittsburg, KS 66762-7549.

**University of Kansas** – Electronic bid postings: <http://www.purchasing.ku.edu/>. Paper bid postings and mailing address: KU Purchasing Services, 1246 W. Campus Road, Room 30, Lawrence, KS 66045. Additional contact info: phone: 785-864-5800, fax: 785-864-3454, e-mail: [purchasing@ku.edu](mailto:purchasing@ku.edu).

**University of Kansas Medical Center** – Bid postings: <http://www2.kumc.edu/finance/purchasing/bids.html>. Additional contact info: phone: 913-588-1100, fax: 913-588-1102. Mailing address: University of Kansas Medical Center, Purchasing Department, Mail Stop 2034, 3901 Rainbow Blvd., Kansas City, KS 66160.

**Wichita State University** – Bid postings: [www.wichita.edu/purchasing](http://www.wichita.edu/purchasing). Additional contact info: phone: 316-978-3080, fax: 316-978-3528. Mailing address: Wichita State University, Office of Purchasing, 1845 Fairmount Ave., Campus Box 12, Wichita, KS 67260-0012.

Barry Swanson  
Chair of Regents Purchasing Group  
Chief Procurement Officer  
University of Kansas

Doc. No. 038494

State of Kansas

Department of Health and Environment

Notice Concerning Kansas/Federal Water Pollution Control Permits and Applications

In accordance with Kansas Administrative Regulations 28-16-57 through 63, 28-18-1 through 15, 28-18a-1 through 32, 28-16-150 through 154, 28-46-7, and the authority vested with the state by the administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, various draft water pollution control documents (permits, notices to revoke and reissue, notices to terminate) have been prepared and/or permit applications have been received for discharges to waters of the United States and the state of Kansas for the class of discharges described below.

The proposed actions concerning the draft documents are based on staff review, applying the appropriate standards, regulations and effluent limitations of the state of Kansas and the Environmental Protection Agency. The final action will result in a Federal National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Authorization and/or a Kansas Water Pollution Control permit being issued, subject to certain conditions, revocation and reissuance of the designated permit or termination of the designated permit.

Public Notice No. KS-AG-11-068/074  
Pending Permits for Confined Feeding Facilities

Name and Address of Applicant	Legal Description	Receiving Water
Livingston Enterprises - Hillside View 803 5th St. Fairbury, NE 68352 Kansas Permit No. A-BBWS-S059	SW/4 of Section 03, T01S, R01E, Washington County	Big Blue River Basin

This is a new permit for a new facility for 4,800 head (480 animal units) of swine weighing 55 pounds or less. A new enclosed swine building with a pull plug wastewater system will drain process wastes to an outdoor concrete wastewater retention structure. A dead animal compost facility will also drain to the concrete wastewater retention structure.

Name and Address of Applicant	Legal Description	Receiving Water
Maple Creek Farms - Wasinger 1 - #644 P.O. Box 1598 Leoti, KS 67861 Kansas Permit No. A-UAASC-H006	NW/4 of Section 28, T20S, R32W, Scott County	Upper Arkansas River Basin

Federal Permit No. KS0094862  
This is a permit renewal for an existing facility with a maximum capacity of 10,800 head (4,320 animal units) of swine weighing greater than 55 pounds. Wastewater is collected in pits under the buildings and is conveyed to an anaerobic lagoon and an evaporation pond. This facility has an approved nutrient management plan on file with KDHE.

Name and Address of Applicant	Legal Description	Receiving Water
Maple Creek Farms - Roberts 2 - #656 P.O. Box 1598 Leoti, KS 67861 Kansas Permit No. A-UAWH-H002	SE/4 of Section 32, T20S, R38W, Wichita County	Upper Arkansas River Basin

Federal Permit No. KS0095079  
This is a permit renewal for an existing facility with a maximum capacity of 21,600 head (8,640 animal units) of swine weighing greater than 55 pounds. Wastewater is collected in pits under the buildings



and is conveyed to an anaerobic lagoon and an evaporation pond. This facility has an approved nutrient management plan on file with KDHE.

Name and Address of Applicant	Legal Description	Receiving Water
Hayhook Cattle Company, LLC Ran P. Smith 1289 State Hwy. 27 Tribune, KS 67879	SE/4 of Section 05, T18S, R40W, Greeley County	Upper Arkansas River Basin

Kansas Permit No. A-UAGL-C001 Federal Permit No. KS0037311  
This permit is being reissued for an existing facility for 9,500 head (9,500 animal units) of cattle weighing more than 700 pounds. There is no change in the permitted animal units from the previous permit. An approved nutrient management plan for the facility is on file with KDHE.

Name and Address of Applicant	Legal Description	Receiving Water
Nicholas Holthaus 239 U.S. Hwy. 36 Baileyville, KS 66404	SW/4 of Section 29, T02S, R11E, Nemaha County	Big Blue River Basin

Kansas Permit No. A-BBNM-S046  
This permit is being reissued for an existing facility with a maximum capacity of 1,086 head (434.4 animal units) of swine more than 55 pounds, 720 head (72 animal units) of swine 55 pounds or less, 125 head (125 animal units) of cattle more than 700 pounds and 100 head (50 animal units) of cattle 700 pounds or less, for a total of 681.4 animal units. There is no change in the permitted animal units from the previous permit.

Name and Address of Applicant	Legal Description	Receiving Water
Farwell Farms #2 Terry Farwell 2980 State Hwy. 63 Seneca, KS 66538	NW/4 of Section 11, T01S, R12E, Nemaha County	Missouri River Basin

Kansas Permit No. A-MONM-S047  
This permit is being reissued for an existing facility with a maximum capacity of 990 head (396 animal units) of swine more than 55 pounds. There is no change in the permitted animal units from the previous permit.

Name and Address of Applicant	Legal Description	Receiving Water
Greene Farms Inc. P.O. Box 24 Jewell, KS 66949	SE/4 of Section 30, T04S, R07W, Jewell County	Lower Republican River Basin

Kansas Permit No. A-LRJW-B005  
A permit is being reissued to an existing facility with a maximum capacity for 400 head (400 animal units) of cattle weighing more than 700 pounds. The animal unit capacity has not changed since the previous permit.

Persons wishing to comment on the draft documents and/or permit applications must submit their comments in writing to the Kansas Department of Health and Environment if they wish to have the comments considered in the decision-making process. Comments should be submitted to the attention of the Livestock Waste Management Section for agricultural-related draft documents or applications, or to the Technical Services Section for all other permits, at the Kansas Department of Health and Environment, Division of Environment, Bureau of Water, 1000 S.W. Jackson, Suite 420, Topeka, 66612-1367.

All comments regarding the draft documents or application notices received on or before May 28 will be considered in the formulation of the final determinations regarding this public notice. Please refer to the appropriate

Kansas document number (KS-AG-11-068/074) and name of the applicant/permittee when preparing comments.

After review of any comments received during the public notice period, the Secretary of Health and Environment will issue a determination regarding final agency action on each draft document/application. If response to any draft document/application indicates significant public interest, a public hearing may be held in conformance with K.A.R. 28-16-61 (28-46-21 for UIC).

All draft documents/applications and the supporting information including any comments received are on file and may be inspected at the offices of the Kansas Department of Health and Environment, Bureau of Water. These documents are available upon request at the copying cost assessed by KDHE. Application information and components of plans and specifications for all new and expanding swine facilities are available on the Internet at <http://www.kdheks.gov/feedlots>. Division of Environment offices are open from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Monday through Friday, excluding holidays.

Robert Moser, M.D.  
Secretary of Health and Environment

Doc. No. 039358

State of Kansas

Secretary of State

Certification of New State Laws

I, Kris W. Kobach, Secretary of State of the State of Kansas, do hereby certify that each of the following bills is a correct copy of the original enrolled bill now on file in my office.

Kris W. Kobach  
Secretary of State

(Published in the Kansas Register April 28, 2011.)

SENATE BILL No. 210

AN ACT providing for assessments on providers of home and community-based services developmental disability waiver program; prescribing powers, duties and functions for the Kansas health policy authority; creating the quality based community assessment fund; providing for implementation and administration.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. (a) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1) "Authority" means the Kansas health policy authority.
- (2) "Developmental disability" is as defined in K.S.A. 39-1803, and amendments thereto, under the Kansas developmental disabilities reform act.
- (3) "Entity" means individual, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture or other legal entity.
- (4) "Gross revenues" means the revenues received by waiver providers for furnishing services to individuals with developmental disabilities who qualify for the waiver program with eligibility criteria and scope of services not less than those in effect as of January 1, 2011; the revenues received by waiver providers from or on behalf of individuals with developmental disabilities who qualify for the waiver program but for whom the services defined under the waiver program are not reimbursed through such

(continued)

waiver; and, the revenues received by waiver providers from or on behalf of individuals with developmental disabilities who do not qualify for the waiver program but for whom receive the same services offered under such waiver. Gross revenues does not include revenues received for services to individuals with developmental disabilities funded exclusively by state or local governments, or any revenues received for furnishing services to individuals who are not developmentally disabled, or charitable donations.

(5) "Quality based community fee fund" means a segregated account within the state treasury for which moneys are collected in accordance with the provisions of this act from developmental disability home and community-based waiver service providers.

(6) "Waiver program" means a developmental disability home and community-based services waiver program authorized under the social security act, 42 U.S.C. § 1915, for persons with a developmental disability.

(7) "Waiver provider" means an entity that participates in the Kansas developmental disability home and community-based waiver program and that provides services to a person with a developmental disability, regardless of whether such person qualifies under the waiver program.

(8) "Waiver provider assessment" means an assessment imposed on all waiver providers at the maximum rate allowable by federal law on the gross revenues applicable to services provided to persons with developmental disabilities.

(b) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the authority shall impose an annual assessment, hereinafter called a waiver provider assessment, on each waiver provider at the maximum rate allowable by federal law, on the gross revenues the waiver provider received from providing services to individuals with developmental disabilities during the fiscal year beginning with the effective date of the assessment. The waiver provider assessment shall be imposed as follows:

(A) Withheld on a claim-by-claim basis from each waiver provider's uniform percentage increased HCBS MR/DD medicaid waiver payment rates beginning with the effective date of this section; and,

(B) paid on a quarterly basis by waiver providers based on the preceding fiscal revenues received by waiver providers from or on behalf of individuals with developmental disabilities who qualify for the waiver program but for whom the services defined under the waiver program are not reimbursed through such waiver; and, the revenues received by waiver providers from or on behalf of individuals with developmental disabilities who do not qualify for the waiver program but for whom receive the same services offered under such waiver.

(2) The waiver provider assessment will become effective beginning with the first full month after:

(A) The federal centers for medicare and medicaid services (CMS) authorizes developmental disability home and community-based services as a permissible class of health care services on which states may impose a health care-related assessment without penalty; and,

(B) the CMS has approved any and all amendments necessary to authorize the uniform percentage rate increases to the medicaid payment rates under Kansas developmental disability home and community-based waiver program.

(3) The duration of the waiver provider assessment shall be all or a portion of the first state fiscal year in which the waiver provider assessment is effective and the subsequent four full state fiscal years.

(4) The moneys collected under the provisions of this section shall be used solely as the nonfederal share of uniform percentage increases to the medicaid payment rates for developmental disability home and community-based services waiver providers.

(5) The waiver provider assessment will be offset on a per claim basis against each waiver provider's home and community-based services MR/DD medicaid waiver payments in an amount equal to the maximum rate allowable by federal law beginning with the effective date of this section. For gross revenues received by waiver providers from or on behalf of individuals with developmental disabilities who qualify for the waiver program but for whom the services defined under the waiver program are not reimbursed through such waiver, and the revenues received by waiver provid-

ers from or on behalf of individuals with developmental disabilities who do not qualify for the waiver program but for whom receive the same services offered under such waiver, the maximum rate allowable by federal law will be applied to the annual revenues received for such services for the waiver providers' preceding fiscal year.

(6) The authority shall collect any and all assessment pursuant to the provisions of this section. The authority shall adopt administrative rules and regulations necessary to implement and enforce the provisions of this section within 30 days of the CMS authorization. No rules and regulations of the authority shall grant any exception to or exemption from the waiver provider assessment.

(7) If a waiver provider fails to pay the full amount of the waiver provider assessment imposed pursuant to this subsection when due and payable, including any extensions of time granted, the authority shall impose a penalty in the amount of the lesser of \$500 per day or 2% of the assessment owed for the current fiscal year.

(c) (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury the quality based community assessment fund, which shall be administered by the authority. All moneys received or withheld for the assessment imposed pursuant to subsection (b) shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the quality based community assessment fund. All expenditures from the quality based community assessment fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the authority or the authority's designee. (2) The quality based community assessment fund shall be a no limit fund and shall consist of:

(A) The assessments collected by the authority under this section;

(B) any interest and penalties levied with the administration of this section; and,

(C) any other funds received as donations for the quality based community assessment fund and appropriations from other sources.

All moneys in the quality based community assessment fund shall be used solely as the nonfederal share of uniform percentage increases to the medicaid payment rates for waiver providers in order to maintain the quality of services provided to individuals qualifying under Kansas developmental disability waiver program. The fund will reimburse administrative expenses incurred by the authority or its agent in performing the activities authorized by this section, except that such expenses shall not exceed a total of .5% of the aggregate assessment fees collected during the first fiscal year in which the assessment becomes effective for purposes of start-up costs. The fund shall reimburse the authority or its agent in the amount of \$100,000 each year thereafter to administer the assessment program.

(3) No moneys credited to the fund shall be transferred to or otherwise revert to the state general fund at any time. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, if any moneys credited to the quality based community assessment fund are transferred or otherwise revert to the state general fund, 30 days following the transfer or reversion, the waiver provider assessment shall terminate and the authority shall discontinue the imposition, assessment and collection of the assessment. Upon termination of the assessment, any collected assessment revenues, including any moneys transferred or otherwise reverting to the state general fund which resulted in the termination of the assessment, less any administrative expenses incurred by the authority under paragraph (2), shall be returned on a pro rata basis to waiver providers who paid the assessment.

(4) On or before the 10th day of each month, beginning with the first full month following the effective date of the waiver provider assessment, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer from the state general fund to the quality based community assessment fund, interest earnings based on:

(A) the average daily balance of moneys in the fund for the preceding month; and

(B) the net earnings rate of the pooled money investment portfolio for the preceding month.

(Published in the Kansas Register April 28, 2011.)

## HOUSE BILL No. 2118

AN ACT concerning crimes, criminal procedure and punishment; relating to supervision fees for appearance bonds; amending K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-4603d and 22-2802 and section 244 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas and repealing the existing sections.

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:*

Section 1. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-4603d is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-4603d. (a) Whenever any person has been found guilty of a crime, the court may adjudge any of the following:

(1) Commit the defendant to the custody of the secretary of corrections if the current crime of conviction is a felony and the sentence presumes imprisonment, or the sentence imposed is a dispositional departure to imprisonment; or, if confinement is for a misdemeanor, to jail for the term provided by law;

(2) impose the fine applicable to the offense;

(3) release the defendant on probation if the current crime of conviction and criminal history fall within a presumptive nonprison category or through a departure for substantial and compelling reasons subject to such conditions as the court may deem appropriate. In felony cases except for violations of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, the court may include confinement in a county jail not to exceed 60 days, which need not be served consecutively, as a condition of an original probation sentence and up to 60 days in a county jail upon each revocation of the probation sentence, or community corrections placement;

(4) assign the defendant to a community correctional services program as provided in K.S.A. 75-5291, and amendments thereto, or through a departure for substantial and compelling reasons subject to such conditions as the court may deem appropriate, including orders requiring full or partial restitution;

(5) assign the defendant to a conservation camp for a period not to exceed six months as a condition of probation followed by a six-month period of follow-up through adult intensive supervision by a community correctional services program, if the offender successfully completes the conservation camp program;

(6) assign the defendant to a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4603b and amendments thereto;

(7) order the defendant to attend and satisfactorily complete an alcohol or drug education or training program as provided by subsection (3) of K.S.A. 21-4502, and amendments thereto;

(8) order the defendant to repay the amount of any reward paid by any crime stoppers chapter, individual, corporation or public entity which materially aided in the apprehension or conviction of the defendant; repay the amount of any costs and expenses incurred by any law enforcement agency in the apprehension of the defendant, if one of the current crimes of conviction of the defendant includes escape, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3809, and amendments thereto, or aggravated escape, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3810, and amendments thereto; repay expenses incurred by a fire district, fire department or fire company responding to a fire which has been determined to be arson under K.S.A. 21-3718 or 21-3719, and amendments thereto, if the defendant is convicted of such crime; repay the amount of any public funds utilized by a law enforcement agency to purchase controlled substances from the defendant during the investigation which leads to the defendant's conviction; or repay the amount of any medical costs and expenses incurred by any law enforcement agency or county. Such repayment of the amount of any such costs and expenses incurred by a county, law enforcement agency, fire district, fire department or fire company or any public funds utilized by a law enforcement agency shall be deposited and credited to the same fund from which the public funds were credited to prior to use by the county, law enforcement agency, fire district, fire department or fire company;

(9) order the defendant to pay the administrative fee authorized by K.S.A. 22-4529, and amendments thereto, unless waived by the court;

(10) order the defendant to pay a domestic violence special program fee authorized by K.S.A. 20-369, and amendments thereto;

*(continued)*

(d) Any moneys received by the state of Kansas from the federal government as a result of federal financial participation in the state's developmental disability waiver program that are derived from the waiver provider assessment shall be used to maintain the quality of services provided by the waiver program.

(e) No moneys collected under the provisions of this section shall be used directly or indirectly to replace or supplant existing state expenditures for payments to waiver providers for services furnished to individuals with developmental disabilities.

(f) (1) The waiver provider assessment and associated uniform percentage increases for all waiver provider medicaid payment rates shall become effective on the first day of the first full month after which the CMS has adopted rules that recognize the waiver provider assessment as a permissible class of health care services on which states may impose such an assessment:

(A) Upon the approval from the CMS of any and all amendments to the medicaid state plan, medicaid developmental disability waiver program, or both, necessary to increase the rates of payments made to the waiver providers for providing services pursuant to the waiver program; and,

(B) the waiver providers have been compensated at the uniform percentage increased medicaid payment rates for services provided pursuant to the developmental disability waiver program for the period commencing on and after the authorization of the waiver provider assessment by the CMS.

(2) The authority shall implement and administer the provisions of subsections (a) through (e) in a manner consistent with applicable federal laws and regulations. The authority shall seek any necessary approvals of the federal government that are required for the implementation of subsections (a) through (e).

(3) The provisions of subsections (a) through (e) shall be null and void and shall have no force and effect if either of the following occurs:

(A) The medicaid state plan amendment or an amendment to the medicaid waiver program, or both, as applicable, that would otherwise authorize the uniform percentage increases to the medicaid rates of payment made to waiver providers for providing services pursuant to the developmental disability waiver programs and which is proposed for approval for purposes of subsections (a) through (e) is not approved by the CMS;

(B) the medicaid payment rates made to waiver providers for providing services pursuant to the developmental disability waiver program are reduced below the rates calculated on the day immediately preceding the effective date of this section, increased by revenues in the quality based community assessment fund and matched by federal financial participation. Nothing in this provision should be construed to preclude additional increases to the medicaid payment rates to waiver providers funded through state general fund appropriation;

(C) the medicaid eligibility criteria applicable to individuals qualifying under the Kansas developmental disability waiver program are reduced below the criteria in effect on the day immediately preceding the effective date of this section; or

(D) the medicaid services available to individuals qualifying under the Kansas developmental disability waiver program are reduced below the services available on the day immediately preceding the effective date of this section.

(g) If the provisions of subsections (a) through (e) are repealed, expire or become null and void and have no further force and effect, all moneys in the quality based community assessment fund which were paid under the provisions of subsections (a) through (e) shall be returned to the waiver provider which paid such moneys on the basis on which such payments were assessed and paid pursuant to subsections (a) through (e).

(h) The provisions of this section shall expire five years subsequent to the implementation of this section.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Kansas register.

(11) if the defendant is convicted of a misdemeanor or *convicted of a felony provision of specified in* subsection (i) of K.S.A. 21-4704, and amendments thereto, assign the defendant to a work release program, other than a program at a correctional institution under the control of the secretary of corrections as defined in K.S.A. 75-5202, and amendments thereto, provided such work release program requires such defendant to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release program;

(12) *pay the full amount of unpaid costs associated with the conditions of release of the appearance bond under K.S.A. 22-2802, and amendments thereto;*

~~(12)~~ (13) impose any appropriate combination of (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), ~~and~~ (11) and (12); or

~~(13)~~ (14) suspend imposition of sentence in misdemeanor cases.

(b) (1) In addition to or in lieu of any of the above, the court shall order the defendant to pay restitution, which shall include, but not be limited to, damage or loss caused by the defendant's crime, unless the court finds compelling circumstances which would render a plan of restitution unworkable. In regard to a violation of K.S.A. 21-4018, and amendments thereto, such damage or loss shall include, but not be limited to, attorney fees and costs incurred to repair the credit history or rating of the person whose personal identification documents were obtained and used in violation of such section, and to satisfy a debt, lien or other obligation incurred by the person whose personal identification documents were obtained and used in violation of such section. If the court finds a plan of restitution unworkable, the court shall state on the record in detail the reasons therefor.

(2) If the court orders restitution, the restitution shall be a judgment against the defendant which may be collected by the court by garnishment or other execution as on judgments in civil cases. If, after 60 days from the date restitution is ordered by the court, a defendant is found to be in noncompliance with the plan established by the court for payment of restitution, and the victim to whom restitution is ordered paid has not initiated proceedings in accordance with K.S.A. 60-4301 et seq., and amendments thereto, the court shall assign an agent procured by the attorney general pursuant to K.S.A. 75-719, and amendments thereto, to collect the restitution on behalf of the victim. The administrative judge of each judicial district may assign such cases to an appropriate division of the court for the conduct of civil collection proceedings.

(c) In addition to or in lieu of any of the above, the court shall order the defendant to submit to and complete an alcohol and drug evaluation, and pay a fee therefor, when required by subsection (4) of K.S.A. 21-4502, and amendments thereto.

(d) In addition to any of the above, the court shall order the defendant to reimburse the county general fund for all or a part of the expenditures by the county to provide counsel and other defense services to the defendant. Any such reimbursement to the county shall be paid only after any order for restitution has been paid in full. In determining the amount and method of payment of such sum, the court shall take account of the financial resources of the defendant and the nature of the burden that payment of such sum will impose. A defendant who has been required to pay such sum and who is not willfully in default in the payment thereof may at any time petition the court which sentenced the defendant to waive payment of such sum or any unpaid portion thereof. If it appears to the satisfaction of the court that payment of the amount due will impose manifest hardship on the defendant or the defendant's immediate family, the court may waive payment of all or part of the amount due or modify the method of payment.

(e) In imposing a fine the court may authorize the payment thereof in installments. In releasing a defendant on probation, the court shall direct that the defendant be under the supervision of a court services officer. If the court commits the defendant to the custody of the secretary of corrections or to jail, the court may specify in its order the amount of restitution to be paid and the person to whom it shall be paid if restitution is later ordered as a condition of parole, conditional release or postrelease supervision.

(f) (1) When a new felony is committed while the offender is incarcerated and serving a sentence for a felony, or while the offender is on probation, assignment to a community correctional services program, parole, conditional release, or postrelease supervision for a felony, a new sentence shall be imposed pursuant to the consecutive sentencing requirements of K.S.A. 21-4608, and

amendments thereto, and the court may sentence the offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new crime of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this event, imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not constitute a departure.

(2) When a new felony is committed while the offender is incarcerated in a juvenile correctional facility pursuant to K.S.A. 38-1671, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 38-2373, and amendments thereto, for an offense, which if committed by an adult would constitute the commission of a felony, upon conviction, the court shall sentence the offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new crime of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this event, imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not constitute a departure. The conviction shall operate as a full and complete discharge from any obligations, except for an order of restitution, imposed on the offender arising from the offense for which the offender was committed to a juvenile correctional facility.

(3) When a new felony is committed while the offender is on release for a felony pursuant to the provisions of article 28 of chapter 22 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, or similar provisions of the laws of another jurisdiction, a new sentence may be imposed pursuant to the consecutive sentencing requirements of K.S.A. 21-4608, and amendments thereto, and the court may sentence the offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new crime of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this event, imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not constitute a departure.

(g) Prior to imposing a dispositional departure for a defendant whose offense is classified in the presumptive nonprison grid block of either sentencing guideline grid, prior to sentencing a defendant to incarceration whose offense is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G of the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes or in grid blocks 3-E, 3-F, 3-G, 3-H or 3-I of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes, prior to sentencing a defendant to incarceration whose offense is classified in grid blocks 4-E or 4-F of the sentencing guideline grid for drug crimes and whose offense does not meet the requirements of K.S.A. 21-4729, and amendments thereto, prior to revocation of a nonprison sanction of a defendant whose offense is classified in grid blocks 4-E or 4-F of the sentencing guideline grid for drug crimes and whose offense does not meet the requirements of K.S.A. 21-4729, and amendments thereto, or prior to revocation of a nonprison sanction of a defendant whose offense is classified in the presumptive nonprison grid block of either sentencing guideline grid or grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G of the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes or in grid blocks 3-E, 3-F, 3-G, 3-H or 3-I of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes, the court shall consider placement of the defendant in the Labette correctional conservation camp, conservation camps established by the secretary of corrections pursuant to K.S.A. 75-52,127, and amendment thereto or a community intermediate sanction center. Pursuant to this paragraph the defendant shall not be sentenced to imprisonment if space is available in a conservation camp or a community intermediate sanction center and the defendant meets all of the conservation camp's or a community intermediate sanction center's placement criteria unless the court states on the record the reasons for not placing the defendant in a conservation camp or a community intermediate sanction center.

(h) The court in committing a defendant to the custody of the secretary of corrections shall fix a term of confinement within the limits provided by law. In those cases where the law does not fix a term of confinement for the crime for which the defendant was convicted, the court shall fix the term of such confinement.

(i) In addition to any of the above, the court shall order the defendant to reimburse the state general fund for all or a part of the expenditures by the state board of indigents' defense services to provide counsel and other defense services to the defendant. In determining the amount and method of payment of such sum, the court shall take account of the financial resources of the defendant and the nature of the burden that payment of such sum will impose. A defendant who has been required to pay such sum and who is not willfully in default in the payment thereof may at any time petition the court which sentenced the defendant to waive payment of such sum or any unpaid portion thereof. If it appears to the satisfaction of the court that payment of the amount due will

impose manifest hardship on the defendant or the defendant's immediate family, the court may waive payment of all or part of the amount due or modify the method of payment. The amount of attorney fees to be included in the court order for reimbursement shall be the amount claimed by appointed counsel on the payment voucher for indigents' defense services or the amount prescribed by the board of indigents' defense services reimbursement tables as provided in K.S.A. 22-4522, and amendments thereto, whichever is less.

(j) This section shall not deprive the court of any authority conferred by any other Kansas statute to decree a forfeiture of property, suspend or cancel a license, remove a person from office, or impose any other civil penalty as a result of conviction of crime.

(k) An application for or acceptance of probation or assignment to a community correctional services program shall not constitute an acquiescence in the judgment for purpose of appeal, and any convicted person may appeal from such conviction, as provided by law, without regard to whether such person has applied for probation, suspended sentence or assignment to a community correctional services program.

(l) The secretary of corrections is authorized to make direct placement to the Labette correctional conservation camp or a conservation camp established by the secretary pursuant to K.S.A. 75-52,127, and amendments thereto, of an inmate sentenced to the secretary's custody if the inmate: (1) Has been sentenced to the secretary for a probation revocation, as a departure from the presumptive nonimprisonment grid block of either sentencing grid, for an offense which is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I, or 6-G of the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes or in grid blocks 3-E, 3-F, 3-G, 3-H or 3-I of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes, or for an offense which is classified in gridblocks 4-E or 4-F of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes and such offense does not meet the requirements of K.S.A. 21-4729, and amendments thereto, and (2) otherwise meets admission criteria of the camp. If the inmate successfully completes a conservation camp program, the secretary of corrections shall report such completion to the sentencing court and the county or district attorney. The inmate shall then be assigned by the court to six months of follow-up supervision conducted by the appropriate community corrections services program. The court may also order that supervision continue thereafter for the length of time authorized by K.S.A. 21-4611, and amendments thereto.

(m) When it is provided by law that a person shall be sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 1993 Supp. 21-4628, prior to its repeal, the provisions of this section shall not apply.

(n) Except as provided by subsection (f) of K.S.A. 21-4705, and amendments thereto, in addition to any of the above, for felony violations of K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a06, and amendments thereto, the court shall require the defendant who meets the requirements established in K.S.A. 21-4729, and amendments thereto, to participate in a certified drug abuse treatment program, as provided in K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 75-52,144, and amendments thereto, including but not limited to, an approved after-care plan. If the defendant fails to participate in or has a pattern of intentional conduct that demonstrates the offender's refusal to comply with or participate in the treatment program, as established by judicial finding, the defendant shall be subject to revocation of probation and the defendant shall serve the underlying prison sentence as established in K.S.A. 21-4705, and amendments thereto. For those offenders who are convicted on or after the effective date of this act, upon completion of the underlying prison sentence, the defendant shall not be subject to a period of postrelease supervision. The amount of time spent participating in such program shall not be credited as service on the underlying prison sentence.

(o) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (3), in addition to any other penalty or disposition imposed by law, upon a conviction for unlawful possession of a controlled substance or controlled substance analog in violation of K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a06, and amendments thereto, in which the trier of fact makes a finding that the unlawful possession occurred while transporting the controlled substance or controlled substance analog in any vehicle upon a highway or street, the offender's driver's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the streets and highways of this state shall be suspended for one year.

(2) Upon suspension of a license pursuant to this subsection, the court shall require the person to surrender the license to the

court, which shall transmit the license to the division of motor vehicles of the department of revenue, to be retained until the period of suspension expires. At that time, the licensee may apply to the division for return of the license. If the license has expired, the person may apply for a new license, which shall be issued promptly upon payment of the proper fee and satisfaction of other conditions established by law for obtaining a license unless another suspension or revocation of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle is in effect.

(3) (A) In lieu of suspending the driver's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the highways of this state of any person as provided in paragraph (1), the judge of the court in which such person was convicted may enter an order which places conditions on such person's privilege of operating a motor vehicle on the highways of this state, a certified copy of which such person shall be required to carry any time such person is operating a motor vehicle on the highways of this state. Any such order shall prescribe the duration of the conditions imposed, which in no event shall be for a period of more than one year.

(B) Upon entering an order restricting a person's license hereunder, the judge shall require such person to surrender such person's driver's license to the judge who shall cause it to be transmitted to the division of vehicles, together with a copy of the order. Upon receipt thereof, the division of vehicles shall issue without charge a driver's license which shall indicate on its face that conditions have been imposed on such person's privilege of operating a motor vehicle and that a certified copy of the order imposing such conditions is required to be carried by the person for whom the license was issued any time such person is operating a motor vehicle on the highways of this state. If the person convicted is a nonresident, the judge shall cause a copy of the order to be transmitted to the division and the division shall forward a copy of it to the motor vehicle administrator, of such person's state of residence. Such judge shall furnish to any person whose driver's license has had conditions imposed on it under this paragraph a copy of the order, which shall be recognized as a valid Kansas driver's license until such time as the division shall issue the restricted license provided for in this paragraph.

(C) Upon expiration of the period of time for which conditions are imposed pursuant to this subsection, the licensee may apply to the division for the return of the license previously surrendered by such licensee. In the event such license has expired, such person may apply to the division for a new license, which shall be issued immediately by the division upon payment of the proper fee and satisfaction of the other conditions established by law, unless such person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the highways of this state has been suspended or revoked prior thereto. If any person shall violate any of the conditions imposed under this paragraph, such person's driver's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the highways of this state shall be revoked for a period of not less than 60 days nor more than one year by the judge of the court in which such person is convicted of violating such conditions.

(4) As used in this subsection, "highway" and "street" have the meanings provided by K.S.A. 8-1424 and 8-1473, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 22-2802 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-2802. (1) Any person charged with a crime shall, at the person's first appearance before a magistrate, be ordered released pending preliminary examination or trial upon the execution of an appearance bond in an amount specified by the magistrate and sufficient to assure the appearance of such person before the magistrate when ordered and to assure the public safety. If the person is being bound over for a felony, the bond shall also be conditioned on the person's appearance in the district court or by way of a two-way electronic audio-video communication as provided in subsection (14) at the time required by the court to answer the charge against such person and at any time thereafter that the court requires. Unless the magistrate makes a specific finding otherwise, if the person is being bonded out for a person felony or a person misdemeanor, the bond shall be conditioned on the person being prohibited from having any contact with the alleged victim of such offense for a period of at least 72 hours. The magistrate may impose such of the following additional conditions of release

(continued)

as will reasonably assure the appearance of the person for preliminary examination or trial:

(a) Place the person in the custody of a designated person or organization agreeing to supervise such person;

(b) place restrictions on the travel, association or place of abode of the person during the period of release;

(c) impose any other condition deemed reasonably necessary to assure appearance as required, including a condition requiring that the person return to custody during specified hours;

(d) place the person under a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4603b, and amendments thereto; or

(e) place the person under the supervision of a court services officer responsible for monitoring the person's compliance with any conditions of release ordered by the magistrate. *The magistrate may order the person to pay for any costs associated with the supervision provided by the court services department in an amount not to exceed \$15 per week of such supervision. The magistrate may also order the person to pay for all other costs associated with the supervision and conditions for compliance in addition to the \$15 per week.*

(2) In addition to any conditions of release provided in subsection (1), for any person charged with a felony, the magistrate may order such person to submit to a drug and alcohol abuse examination and evaluation in a public or private treatment facility or state institution and, if determined by the head of such facility or institution that such person is a drug or alcohol abuser or is incapacitated by drugs or alcohol, to submit to treatment for such drug or alcohol abuse, as a condition of release.

(3) The appearance bond shall be executed with sufficient solvent sureties who are residents of the state of Kansas, unless the magistrate determines, in the exercise of such magistrate's discretion, that requiring sureties is not necessary to assure the appearance of the person at the time ordered.

(4) A deposit of cash in the amount of the bond may be made in lieu of the execution of the bond pursuant to paragraph (3). Except as provided in paragraph (5), such deposit shall be in the full amount of the bond and in no event shall a deposit of cash in less than the full amount of bond be permitted. Any person charged with a crime who is released on a cash bond shall be entitled to a refund of all moneys paid for the cash bond, after deduction of any outstanding restitution, costs, fines and fees, after the final disposition of the criminal case if the person complies with all requirements to appear in court. The court may not exclude the option of posting bond pursuant to paragraph (3).

(5) Except as provided further, the amount of the appearance bond shall be the same whether executed as described in subsection (3) or posted with a deposit of cash as described in subsection (4). When the appearance bond has been set at \$2,500 or less and the most serious charge against the person is a misdemeanor, a severity level 8, 9 or 10 nonperson felony, a drug severity level 4 felony or a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, the magistrate may allow the person to deposit cash with the clerk in the amount of 10% of the bond, provided the person meets at least the following qualifications:

(A) Is a resident of the state of Kansas;

(B) has a criminal history score category of G, H or I;

(C) has no prior history of failure to appear for any court appearances;

(D) has no detainer or hold from any other jurisdiction;

(E) has not been extradited from, and is not awaiting extradition to, another state; and

(F) has not been detained for an alleged violation of probation.

(6) In the discretion of the court, a person charged with a crime may be released upon the person's own recognizance by guaranteeing payment of the amount of the bond for the person's failure to comply with all requirements to appear in court. The release of a person charged with a crime upon the person's own recognizance shall not require the deposit of any cash by the person.

(7) The court shall not impose any administrative fee.

(8) In determining which conditions of release will reasonably assure appearance and the public safety, the magistrate shall, on the basis of available information, take into account the nature and circumstances of the crime charged; the weight of the evidence against the defendant; the defendant's family ties, employment, financial resources, character, mental condition, length of residence in the community, record of convictions, record of appearance or

failure to appear at court proceedings or of flight to avoid prosecution; the likelihood or propensity of the defendant to commit crimes while on release, including whether the defendant will be likely to threaten, harass or cause injury to the victim of the crime or any witnesses thereto; and whether the defendant is on probation or parole from a previous offense at the time of the alleged commission of the subsequent offense.

(9) The appearance bond shall set forth all of the conditions of release.

(10) A person for whom conditions of release are imposed and who continues to be detained as a result of the person's inability to meet the conditions of release shall be entitled, upon application, to have the conditions reviewed without unnecessary delay by the magistrate who imposed them. If the magistrate who imposed conditions of release is not available, any other magistrate in the county may review such conditions.

(11) A magistrate ordering the release of a person on any conditions specified in this section may at any time amend the order to impose additional or different conditions of release. If the imposition of additional or different conditions results in the detention of the person, the provisions of subsection (10) shall apply.

(12) Statements or information offered in determining the conditions of release need not conform to the rules of evidence. No statement or admission of the defendant made at such a proceeding shall be received as evidence in any subsequent proceeding against the defendant.

(13) The appearance bond and any security required as a condition of the defendant's release shall be deposited in the office of the magistrate or the clerk of the court where the release is ordered. If the defendant is bound to appear before a magistrate or court other than the one ordering the release, the order of release, together with the bond and security shall be transmitted to the magistrate or clerk of the court before whom the defendant is bound to appear.

(14) Proceedings before a magistrate as provided in this section to determine the release conditions of a person charged with a crime including release upon execution of an appearance bond may be conducted by two-way electronic audio-video communication between the defendant and the judge in lieu of personal presence of the defendant or defendant's counsel in the courtroom in the discretion of the court. The defendant may be accompanied by the defendant's counsel. The defendant shall be informed of the defendant's right to be personally present in the courtroom during such proceeding if the defendant so requests. Exercising the right to be present shall in no way prejudice the defendant.

(15) The magistrate may order the person to pay for any costs associated with the supervision of the conditions of release of the appearance bond in an amount not to exceed \$15 per week of such supervision. *As a condition of sentencing under section 244 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, the court may impose the full amount of any such costs in addition to the \$15 per week, including, but not limited to, costs for treatment and evaluation under subsection (2).*

Sec. 3. On and after July 1, 2011, section 244 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas is hereby amended to read as follows: Sec. 244. (a) Whenever any person has been found guilty of a crime, the court may adjudge any of the following:

(1) Commit the defendant to the custody of the secretary of corrections if the current crime of conviction is a felony and the sentence presumes imprisonment, or the sentence imposed is a dispositional departure to imprisonment; or, if confinement is for a misdemeanor, to jail for the term provided by law;

(2) impose the fine applicable to the offense;

(3) release the defendant on probation if the current crime of conviction and criminal history fall within a presumptive nonprison category or through a departure for substantial and compelling reasons subject to such conditions as the court may deem appropriate. In felony cases except for violations of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, the court may include confinement in a county jail not to exceed 60 days, which need not be served consecutively, as a condition of an original probation sentence and up to 60 days in a county jail upon each revocation of the probation sentence, or community corrections placement;

(4) assign the defendant to a community correctional services program as provided in K.S.A. 75-5291, and amendments thereto,

or through a departure for substantial and compelling reasons subject to such conditions as the court may deem appropriate, including orders requiring full or partial restitution;

(5) assign the defendant to a conservation camp for a period not to exceed six months as a condition of probation followed by a six-month period of follow-up through adult intensive supervision by a community correctional services program, if the offender successfully completes the conservation camp program;

(6) assign the defendant to a house arrest program pursuant to section 249 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto;

(7) order the defendant to attend and satisfactorily complete an alcohol or drug education or training program as provided by subsection (c) of section 242 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto;

(8) order the defendant to repay the amount of any reward paid by any crime stoppers chapter, individual, corporation or public entity which materially aided in the apprehension or conviction of the defendant; repay the amount of any costs and expenses incurred by any law enforcement agency in the apprehension of the defendant, if one of the current crimes of conviction of the defendant includes escape or aggravated escape, as defined in section 136 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto; repay expenses incurred by a fire district, fire department or fire company responding to a fire which has been determined to be arson under section 98 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, if the defendant is convicted of such crime; repay the amount of any public funds utilized by a law enforcement agency to purchase controlled substances from the defendant during the investigation which leads to the defendant's conviction; or repay the amount of any medical costs and expenses incurred by any law enforcement agency or county. Such repayment of the amount of any such costs and expenses incurred by a county, law enforcement agency, fire district, fire department or fire company or any public funds utilized by a law enforcement agency shall be deposited and credited to the same fund from which the public funds were credited to prior to use by the county, law enforcement agency, fire district, fire department or fire company;

(9) order the defendant to pay the administrative fee authorized by K.S.A. 22-4529, and amendments thereto, unless waived by the court;

(10) order the defendant to pay a domestic violence special program fee authorized by K.S.A. 20-369, and amendments thereto;

(11) pay the full amount of unpaid costs associated with the conditions of release of the appearance bond under K.S.A. 22-2802, and amendments thereto;

~~(11)~~ (12) impose any appropriate combination of (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), ~~and~~ (10) and (11); or

~~(12)~~ (13) suspend imposition of sentence in misdemeanor cases.

(b) (1) In addition to or in lieu of any of the above, the court shall order the defendant to pay restitution, which shall include, but not be limited to, damage or loss caused by the defendant's crime, unless the court finds compelling circumstances which would render a plan of restitution unworkable. In regard to a violation of section 177 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, such damage or loss shall include, but not be limited to, attorney fees and costs incurred to repair the credit history or rating of the person whose personal identification documents were obtained and used in violation of such section, and to satisfy a debt, lien or other obligation incurred by the person whose personal identification documents were obtained and used in violation of such section. If the court finds a plan of restitution unworkable, the court shall state on the record in detail the reasons therefor.

(2) If the court orders restitution, the restitution shall be a judgment against the defendant which may be collected by the court by garnishment or other execution as on judgments in civil cases. If, after 60 days from the date restitution is ordered by the court, a defendant is found to be in noncompliance with the plan established by the court for payment of restitution, and the victim to whom restitution is ordered paid has not initiated proceedings in accordance with K.S.A. 60-4301 et seq., and amendments thereto, the court shall assign an agent procured by the attorney general pursuant to K.S.A. 75-719, and amendments thereto, to collect the

restitution on behalf of the victim. The administrative judge of each judicial district may assign such cases to an appropriate division of the court for the conduct of civil collection proceedings.

(c) In addition to or in lieu of any of the above, the court shall order the defendant to submit to and complete an alcohol and drug evaluation, and pay a fee therefor, when required by subsection (d) of section 242 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto.

(d) In addition to any of the above, the court shall order the defendant to reimburse the county general fund for all or a part of the expenditures by the county to provide counsel and other defense services to the defendant. Any such reimbursement to the county shall be paid only after any order for restitution has been paid in full. In determining the amount and method of payment of such sum, the court shall take account of the financial resources of the defendant and the nature of the burden that payment of such sum will impose. A defendant who has been required to pay such sum and who is not willfully in default in the payment thereof may at any time petition the court which sentenced the defendant to waive payment of such sum or any unpaid portion thereof. If it appears to the satisfaction of the court that payment of the amount due will impose manifest hardship on the defendant or the defendant's immediate family, the court may waive payment of all or part of the amount due or modify the method of payment.

(e) In imposing a fine the court may authorize the payment thereof in installments. In releasing a defendant on probation, the court shall direct that the defendant be under the supervision of a court services officer. If the court commits the defendant to the custody of the secretary of corrections or to jail, the court may specify in its order the amount of restitution to be paid and the person to whom it shall be paid if restitution is later ordered as a condition of parole, conditional release or postrelease supervision.

(f) (1) When a new felony is committed while the offender is incarcerated and serving a sentence for a felony, or while the offender is on probation, assignment to a community correctional services program, parole, conditional release or postrelease supervision for a felony, a new sentence shall be imposed pursuant to the consecutive sentencing requirements of section 246 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, and the court may sentence the offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new crime of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this event, imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not constitute a departure.

(2) When a new felony is committed while the offender is incarcerated in a juvenile correctional facility pursuant to K.S.A. 38-1671 prior to its repeal or K.S.A. ~~2009~~ 2010 Supp. 38-2373, and amendments thereto, for an offense, which if committed by an adult would constitute the commission of a felony, upon conviction, the court shall sentence the offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new crime of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this event, imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not constitute a departure. The conviction shall operate as a full and complete discharge from any obligations, except for an order of restitution, imposed on the offender arising from the offense for which the offender was committed to a juvenile correctional facility.

(3) When a new felony is committed while the offender is on release for a felony pursuant to the provisions of article 28 of chapter 22 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, or similar provisions of the laws of another jurisdiction, a new sentence may be imposed pursuant to the consecutive sentencing requirements of section 246 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, and the court may sentence the offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new crime of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this event, imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not constitute a departure.

(g) Prior to imposing a dispositional departure for a defendant whose offense is classified in the presumptive nonprison grid block of either sentencing guideline grid, prior to sentencing a defendant to incarceration whose offense is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G of the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes or in grid blocks 3-E, 3-F, 3-G, 3-H or 3-I of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes, prior to sentencing a defendant to incarcer-

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ation whose offense is classified in grid blocks 4-E or 4-F of the sentencing guideline grid for drug crimes and whose offense does not meet the requirements of section 305 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, prior to revocation of a nonprison sanction of a defendant whose offense is classified in grid blocks 4-E or 4-F of the sentencing guideline grid for drug crimes and whose offense does not meet the requirements of section 305 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, or prior to revocation of a nonprison sanction of a defendant whose offense is classified in the presumptive nonprison grid block of either sentencing guideline grid or grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G of the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes or in grid blocks 3-E, 3-F, 3-G, 3-H or 3-I of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes, the court shall consider placement of the defendant in the Labette correctional conservation camp, conservation camps established by the secretary of corrections pursuant to K.S.A. 75-52,127, and amendment thereto, or a community intermediate sanction center. Pursuant to this paragraph the defendant shall not be sentenced to imprisonment if space is available in a conservation camp or a community intermediate sanction center and the defendant meets all of the conservation camp's or a community intermediate sanction center's placement criteria unless the court states on the record the reasons for not placing the defendant in a conservation camp or a community intermediate sanction center.

(h) The court in committing a defendant to the custody of the secretary of corrections shall fix a term of confinement within the limits provided by law. In those cases where the law does not fix a term of confinement for the crime for which the defendant was convicted, the court shall fix the term of such confinement.

(i) In addition to any of the above, the court shall order the defendant to reimburse the state general fund for all or a part of the expenditures by the state board of indigents' defense services to provide counsel and other defense services to the defendant. In determining the amount and method of payment of such sum, the court shall take account of the financial resources of the defendant and the nature of the burden that payment of such sum will impose. A defendant who has been required to pay such sum and who is not willfully in default in the payment thereof may at any time petition the court which sentenced the defendant to waive payment of such sum or any unpaid portion thereof. If it appears to the satisfaction of the court that payment of the amount due will impose manifest hardship on the defendant or the defendant's immediate family, the court may waive payment of all or part of the amount due or modify the method of payment. The amount of attorney fees to be included in the court order for reimbursement shall be the amount claimed by appointed counsel on the payment voucher for indigents' defense services or the amount prescribed by the board of indigents' defense services reimbursement tables as provided in K.S.A. 22-4522, and amendments thereto, whichever is less.

(j) This section shall not deprive the court of any authority conferred by any other Kansas statute to decree a forfeiture of property, suspend or cancel a license, remove a person from office or impose any other civil penalty as a result of conviction of crime.

(k) An application for or acceptance of probation or assignment to a community correctional services program shall not constitute an acquiescence in the judgment for purpose of appeal, and any convicted person may appeal from such conviction, as provided by law, without regard to whether such person has applied for probation, suspended sentence or assignment to a community correctional services program.

(l) The secretary of corrections is authorized to make direct placement to the Labette correctional conservation camp or a conservation camp established by the secretary pursuant to K.S.A. 75-52,127, and amendments thereto, of an inmate sentenced to the secretary's custody if the inmate: (1) Has been sentenced to the secretary for a probation revocation, as a departure from the presumptive nonimprisonment grid block of either sentencing grid, for an offense which is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I, or 6-G of the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes or in grid blocks 3-E, 3-F, 3-G, 3-H or 3-I of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes, or for an offense which is classified in grid blocks 4-E or 4-F of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes and such offense does not meet the requirements of section 305 of chapter 136

of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, and (2) otherwise meets admission criteria of the camp. If the inmate successfully completes a conservation camp program, the secretary of corrections shall report such completion to the sentencing court and the county or district attorney. The inmate shall then be assigned by the court to six months of follow-up supervision conducted by the appropriate community corrections services program. The court may also order that supervision continue thereafter for the length of time authorized by section 305 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto.

(m) When it is provided by law that a person shall be sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 1993 Supp. 21-4628, prior to its repeal, the provisions of this section shall not apply.

(n) Except as provided by subsection (f) of section 286 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, in addition to any of the above, for felony violations of K.S.A. 2009 2010 Supp. 21-36a06, and amendments thereto, the court shall require the defendant who meets the requirements established in section 305 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, to participate in a certified drug abuse treatment program, as provided in K.S.A. 2009 2010 Supp. 75-52,144, and amendments thereto, including, but not limited to, an approved after-care plan. If the defendant fails to participate in or has a pattern of intentional conduct that demonstrates the offender's refusal to comply with or participate in the treatment program, as established by judicial finding, the defendant shall be subject to revocation of probation and the defendant shall serve the underlying prison sentence as established in section 305 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto. For those offenders who are convicted on or after the effective date of this act, upon completion of the underlying prison sentence, the defendant shall not be subject to a period of postrelease supervision. The amount of time spent participating in such program shall not be credited as service on the underlying prison sentence.

(o) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (3), in addition to any other penalty or disposition imposed by law, upon a conviction for unlawful possession of a controlled substance or controlled substance analog in violation of K.S.A. 2009 2010 Supp. 21-36a06, and amendments thereto, in which the trier of fact makes a finding that the unlawful possession occurred while transporting the controlled substance or controlled substance analog in any vehicle upon a highway or street, the offender's driver's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the streets and highways of this state shall be suspended for one year.

(2) Upon suspension of a license pursuant to this subsection, the court shall require the person to surrender the license to the court, which shall transmit the license to the division of motor vehicles of the department of revenue, to be retained until the period of suspension expires. At that time, the licensee may apply to the division for return of the license. If the license has expired, the person may apply for a new license, which shall be issued promptly upon payment of the proper fee and satisfaction of other conditions established by law for obtaining a license unless another suspension or revocation of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle is in effect.

(3) (A) In lieu of suspending the driver's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the highways of this state of any person as provided in paragraph (1), the judge of the court in which such person was convicted may enter an order which places conditions on such person's privilege of operating a motor vehicle on the highways of this state, a certified copy of which such person shall be required to carry any time such person is operating a motor vehicle on the highways of this state. Any such order shall prescribe the duration of the conditions imposed, which in no event shall be for a period of more than one year.

(B) Upon entering an order restricting a person's license hereunder, the judge shall require such person to surrender such person's driver's license to the judge who shall cause it to be transmitted to the division of vehicles, together with a copy of the order. Upon receipt thereof, the division of vehicles shall issue without charge a driver's license which shall indicate on its face that conditions have been imposed on such person's privilege of operating a motor vehicle and that a certified copy of the order imposing such conditions is required to be carried by the person for whom the license was issued any time such person is operating a motor



vehicle on the highways of this state. If the person convicted is a nonresident, the judge shall cause a copy of the order to be transmitted to the division and the division shall forward a copy of it to the motor vehicle administrator, of such person's state of residence. Such judge shall furnish to any person whose driver's license has had conditions imposed on it under this paragraph a copy of the order, which shall be recognized as a valid Kansas driver's license until such time as the division shall issue the restricted license provided for in this paragraph.

(C) Upon expiration of the period of time for which conditions are imposed pursuant to this subsection, the licensee may apply to the division for the return of the license previously surrendered by such licensee. In the event such license has expired, such person may apply to the division for a new license, which shall be issued immediately by the division upon payment of the proper fee and satisfaction of the other conditions established by law, unless such person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the highways of this state has been suspended or revoked prior thereto. If any person shall violate any of the conditions imposed under this paragraph, such person's driver's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the highways of this state shall be revoked for a period of not less than 60 days nor more than one year by the judge of the court in which such person is convicted of violating such conditions.

(4) As used in this subsection, "highway" and "street" have the meanings provided by K.S.A. 8-1424 and 8-1473, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-4603d and 22-2802 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. On and after July 1, 2011, section 244 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas is hereby repealed.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Kansas Register.

(Published in the Kansas Register April 28, 2011.)

### SENATE BILL No. 80

AN ACT concerning alcoholic beverages; amending K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 41-102, 41-308b and 41-2703 and repealing the existing sections.

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:*

Section 1. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 41-102 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-102. As used in this act, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

(a) "Alcohol" means the product of distillation of any fermented liquid, whether rectified or diluted, whatever its origin, and includes synthetic ethyl alcohol but does not include denatured alcohol or wood alcohol.

(b) "Alcoholic liquor" means alcohol, spirits, wine, beer and every liquid or solid, patented or not, containing alcohol, spirits, wine or beer and capable of being consumed as a beverage by a human being, but shall not include any cereal malt beverage.

(c) "Beer" means a beverage, containing more than 3.2% alcohol by weight, obtained by alcoholic fermentation of an infusion or concoction of barley, or other grain, malt and hops in water and includes beer, ale, stout, lager beer, porter and similar beverages having such alcoholic content.

(d) "Caterer" has the meaning provided by K.S.A. 41-2601, and amendments thereto.

(e) "Cereal malt beverage" has the meaning provided by K.S.A. 41-2701, and amendments thereto.

(f) "Club" has the meaning provided by K.S.A. 41-2601, and amendments thereto.

(g) "Director" means the director of alcoholic beverage control of the department of revenue.

(h) "Distributor" means the person importing or causing to be imported into the state, or purchasing or causing to be purchased within the state, alcoholic liquor for sale or resale to retailers licensed under this act or cereal malt beverage for sale or resale to retailers licensed under K.S.A. 41-2702, and amendments thereto.

(i) "Domestic beer" means beer which contains not more than 8% 10% alcohol by weight and which is manufactured in this state.

(j) "Domestic fortified wine" means wine which contains more than 14%, but not more than 20% alcohol by volume and which is manufactured in this state.

(k) "Domestic table wine" means wine which contains not more than 14% alcohol by volume and which is manufactured without rectification or fortification in this state.

(l) "Drinking establishment" has the meaning provided by K.S.A. 41-2601, and amendments thereto.

(m) "Farm winery" means a winery licensed by the director to manufacture, store and sell domestic table wine and domestic fortified wine.

(n) "Manufacture" means to distill, rectify, ferment, brew, make, mix, concoct, process, blend, bottle or fill an original package with any alcoholic liquor, beer or cereal malt beverage.

(o) (1) "Manufacturer" means every brewer, fermenter, distiller, rectifier, wine maker, blender, processor, bottler or person who fills or refills an original package and others engaged in brewing, fermenting, distilling, rectifying or bottling alcoholic liquor, beer or cereal malt beverage.

(2) "Manufacturer" does not include a microbrewery or a farm winery.

(p) "Microbrewery" means a brewery licensed by the director to manufacture, store and sell domestic beer.

(q) "Minor" means any person under 21 years of age.

(r) "Nonbeverage user" means any manufacturer of any of the products set forth and described in K.S.A. 41-501, and amendments thereto, when the products contain alcohol or wine, and all laboratories using alcohol for nonbeverage purposes.

(s) "Original package" means any bottle, flask, jug, can, cask, barrel, keg, hogshead or other receptacle or container whatsoever, used, corked or capped, sealed and labeled by the manufacturer of alcoholic liquor, to contain and to convey any alcoholic liquor. Original container does not include a sleeve.

(t) "Person" means any natural person, corporation, partnership, trust or association.

(u) "Primary American source of supply" means the manufacturer, the owner of alcoholic liquor at the time it becomes a marketable product or the manufacturer's or owner's exclusive agent who, if the alcoholic liquor cannot be secured directly from such manufacturer or owner by American wholesalers, is the source closest to such manufacturer or owner in the channel of commerce from which the product can be secured by American wholesalers.

(v) (1) "Retailer" means a person who sells at retail, or offers for sale at retail, alcoholic liquors.

(2) "Retailer" does not include a microbrewery or a farm winery.

(w) "Sale" means any transfer, exchange or barter in any manner or by any means whatsoever for a consideration and includes all sales made by any person, whether principal, proprietor, agent, servant or employee.

(x) "Salesperson" means any natural person who:

(1) Procures or seeks to procure an order, bargain, contract or agreement for the sale of alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage; or

(2) is engaged in promoting the sale of alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage, or in promoting the business of any person, firm or corporation engaged in the manufacturing and selling of alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage, whether the seller resides within the state of Kansas and sells to licensed buyers within the state of Kansas, or whether the seller resides without the state of Kansas and sells to licensed buyers within the state of Kansas.

(y) "Secretary" means the secretary of revenue.

(z) (1) "Sell at retail" and "sale at retail" refer to and mean sales for use or consumption and not for resale in any form and sales to clubs, licensed drinking establishments, licensed caterers or holders of temporary permits.

(2) "Sell at retail" and "sale at retail" do not refer to or mean sales by a distributor, a microbrewery, a farm winery, a licensed club, a licensed drinking establishment, a licensed caterer or a holder of a temporary permit.

(aa) "To sell" includes to solicit or receive an order for, to keep or expose for sale and to keep with intent to sell.

(bb) "Sleeve" means a package of two or more 50-milliliter (3.2-fluid-ounce) containers of spirits.

(continued)

(cc) "Spirits" means any beverage which contains alcohol obtained by distillation, mixed with water or other substance in solution, and includes brandy, rum, whiskey, gin or other spirituous liquors, and such liquors when rectified, blended or otherwise mixed with alcohol or other substances.

(dd) "Supplier" means a manufacturer of alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage or an agent of such manufacturer, other than a salesperson.

(ee) "Temporary permit" has the meaning provided by K.S.A. 41-2601, and amendments thereto.

(ff) "Wine" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by the normal alcoholic fermentation of the juice of sound, ripe grapes, fruits, berries or other agricultural products, including such beverages containing added alcohol or spirits or containing sugar added for the purpose of correcting natural deficiencies.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 41-308b is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-308b. (a) A microbrewery license shall allow:

(1) The manufacture of not less than 100 nor more than 15,000 barrels of domestic beer during the license year and the storage thereof;

(2) the sale to beer distributors of beer, manufactured by the licensee;

(3) the sale, on the licensed premises in the original unopened container to consumers for consumption off the licensed premises, of beer manufactured by the licensee;

(4) the serving free of charge on the licensed premises *and at special events, monitored and regulated by the division of alcoholic beverage control*, of samples of beer manufactured by the licensee, if the premises are located in a county where the sale of alcoholic liquor is permitted by law in licensed drinking establishments;

(5) if the licensee is also licensed as a club or drinking establishment, the sale of domestic beer and other alcoholic liquor for consumption on the licensed premises as authorized by the club and drinking establishment act; and

(6) if the licensee is also licensed as a caterer, the sale of domestic beer and other alcoholic liquor for consumption on unlicensed premises as authorized by the club and drinking establishment act.

(b) Upon application and payment of the fee prescribed by K.S.A. 41-310, and amendments thereto, by a microbrewery licensee, the director may issue not to exceed one microbrewery packaging and warehousing facility license to the microbrewery licensee. A microbrewery packaging and warehousing facility license shall allow:

(1) The transfer, from the licensed premises of the microbrewery to the licensed premises of the microbrewery packaging and warehousing facility, of beer manufactured by the licensee, for the purpose of packaging or storage, or both; and

(2) the transfer, from the licensed premises of the microbrewery packaging and warehousing facility to the licensed premises of the microbrewery, of beer manufactured by the licensee; or

(3) the removal from the licensed premises of the microbrewery packaging and warehousing facility of beer manufactured by the licensee for the purpose of delivery to a licensed beer wholesaler.

(c) A microbrewery may sell domestic beer in the original unopened container to consumers for consumption off the licensed premises at any time between 6 a.m. and 12 midnight on any day except Sunday and between 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. on Sunday. If authorized by subsection (a), a microbrewery may serve samples of domestic beer and serve and sell domestic beer and other alcoholic liquor for consumption on the licensed premises at any time when a club or drinking establishment is authorized to serve and sell alcoholic liquor.

(d) The director may issue to the Kansas state fair or any bona fide group of brewers a permit to import into this state small quantities of beer. Such beer shall be used only for bona fide educational and scientific tasting programs and shall not be resold. Such beer shall not be subject to the tax imposed by K.S.A. 41-501, and amendments thereto. The permit shall identify specifically the brand and type of beer to be imported, the quantity to be imported, the tasting programs for which the beer is to be used and the times and locations of such programs. The secretary shall adopt rules and regulations governing the importation of beer pursuant to this subsection and the conduct of tasting programs for which such beer is imported.

(e) A microbrewery license or microbrewery packaging and warehousing facility license shall apply only to the premises described in the application and in the license issued and only one location shall be described in the license.

(f) No microbrewery shall:

(1) Employ any person under the age of 18 years in connection with the manufacture, sale or serving of any alcoholic liquor;

(2) permit any employee of the licensee who is under the age of 21 years to work on the licensed premises at any time when not under the on-premises supervision of either the licensee or an employee of the licensee who is 21 years of age or over;

(3) employ any person under 21 years of age in connection with mixing or dispensing alcoholic liquor; or

(4) employ any person in connection with the manufacture or sale of alcoholic liquor if the person has been convicted of a felony.

(g) Whenever a microbrewery licensee is convicted of a violation of the Kansas liquor control act, the director may revoke the licensee's license and all fees paid for the license in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 41-2703 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-2703. (a) After examination of an application for a retailer's license, the board of county commissioners or the director shall, if they approve the same, issue a license to the applicant. The governing body of the city shall, if the applicant is qualified as provided by law, issue a license to such applicant.

(b) No retailer's license shall be issued to:

(1) A person who is not a resident of the county in which the place of business covered by the license is located, has not been a resident of such county for at least six months or has not been a resident in good faith of the state of Kansas.

(2) A person who has not been a resident of this state for at least one year immediately preceding application for a retailer's license.

(3) A person who is not of good character and reputation in the community in which the person resides.

(4) A person who is not a citizen of the United States.

(5) A person who, within two years immediately preceding the date of application approval, has been convicted of, released from incarceration for or released from probation or parole for a felony or any crime involving moral turpitude, drunkenness, driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or violation of any other intoxicating liquor law of any state or of the United States.

(6) A partnership, unless all the members of the partnership are otherwise qualified to obtain a license.

(7) A corporation, if any manager, officer or director thereof, or any stockholder owning in the aggregate more than 25% of the stock of such corporation, would be ineligible to receive a license hereunder for any reason other than the citizenship and residency requirements.

(8) A person whose place of business is conducted by a manager or agent unless the manager or agent possesses all the qualifications of a licensee.

(9) A person whose spouse would be ineligible to receive a retailer's license for any reason other than citizenship, residence requirements or age, except that this subsection (b)(9) shall not apply in determining eligibility for a renewal license.

(10) A person whose spouse has been convicted of a felony or other crime which would disqualify a person from licensure under this section and such felony or other crime was committed during the time that the spouse held a license under this act.

(c) After examination of an application for a retailer's license, the board of county commissioners or the governing body of a city may deny a license to a person, partnership or corporation if any manager, officer or director thereof, or any stockholder owning in the aggregate more than 25% of the stock of such corporation, has been an officer, manager, director or a stockholder owning in the aggregate more than 25% of the stock, of a corporation which has:

(1) Had a retailer's license revoked under K.S.A. 41-2708, and amendments thereto; or

(2) been convicted of a violation of the club and drinking establishment act or the cereal malt beverage laws of this state.

(d) Retailers' licenses shall be issued either on an annual basis or for the calendar year. If such licenses are issued on an annual basis, the board of county commissioners or the governing body

of the city shall notify the distributors supplying the county or city on or before April 1 of the year if a retailer's license is not renewed.

(e) In addition to, and consistent with the requirements of K.S.A. 41-2701 et seq., and amendments thereto, the board of county commissioners of any county or the governing body of any city may provide by resolution or ordinance for the issuance of a special event retailers' permit which shall allow the permit holder to offer for sale, sell and serve cereal malt beverage for consumption on unpermitted premises, which may be open to the public, subject to the following:

- (1) A special event retailers' permit shall specify the premises for which the permit is issued;
  - (2) a special event retailers' permit shall be issued for the duration of the special event, the dates and hours of which shall be specified in the permit;
  - (3) no more than four special event retailers' permits may be issued to any one applicant in a calendar year; and
  - (4) a special event retailers' permit shall not be transferable or assignable.
- (f) A special event retailers' permit holder shall not be subject to the provisions of the beer and cereal malt beverage keg registration act, K.S.A. 41-2901 et seq., and amendments thereto.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 41-102, 41-308b and 41-2703 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Kansas register.

(Published in the Kansas Register April 28, 2011.)

SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL No. 2134

AN ACT concerning workers compensation; amending K.S.A. 44-503a, 44-510c, 44-510d, 44-510e, 44-510f, 44-515, 44-516, 44-520, 44-525, 44-528, 44-531, 44-532a, 44-534a, 44-536, 44-549 and 44-5a01 and K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 44-501, 44-508, 44-510b, 44-510h, 44-510k, 44-511, 44-523, and 44-552 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 44-510a and 44-520a and K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 44-596.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. (a) It is the intent of the legislature that the workers compensation act shall be liberally construed only for the purpose of bringing employers and employees within the provisions of the act. The provisions of the workers compensation act shall be applied impartially to both employers and employees in cases arising thereunder.

(b) If in any employment to which the workers compensation act applies, an employee suffers personal injury by accident, repetitive trauma or occupational disease arising out of and in the course of employment, the employer shall be liable to pay compensation to the employee in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the workers compensation act.

(c) The burden of proof shall be on the claimant to establish the claimant's right to an award of compensation and to prove the various conditions on which the claimant's right depends. In determining whether the claimant has satisfied this burden of proof, the trier of fact shall consider the whole record.

(d) Except as provided in the workers compensation act, no employer, or other employee of such employer, shall be liable for any injury, whether by accident, repetitive trauma, or occupational disease, for which compensation is recoverable under the workers compensation act nor shall an employer be liable to any third party for any injury or death of an employee which was caused under circumstances creating a legal liability against a third party and for which workers compensation is payable by such employer.

New Sec. 2. (a) An insurer or self-insured employer shall provide the following notice to an insured worker on or with the first check for temporary disability benefits:

Warning: Acceptance of employment with a different employer that requires the performance of activities you have stated you cannot perform because of the injury for which you are receiving temporary disability benefits could constitute fraud and could result in loss of future benefits and restitution of prior workers compensation awards and benefits paid.

(b) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the workers compensation act.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 44-501 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-501. (a) If in any employment to which the workers compensation act applies, personal injury by accident arising out of and in the course of employment is caused to an employee, the employer shall be liable to pay compensation to the employee in accordance with the provisions of the workers compensation act. In proceedings under the workers compensation act, the burden of proof shall be on the claimant to establish the claimant's right to an award of compensation and to prove the various conditions on which the claimant's right depends. In determining whether the claimant has satisfied this burden of proof, the trier of fact shall consider the whole record.

(b) Except as provided in the workers compensation act, no employer, or other employee of such employer, shall be liable for any injury for which compensation is recoverable under the workers compensation act nor shall an employer be liable to any third party for any injury or death of an employee which was caused under circumstances creating a legal liability against a third party and for which workers compensation is payable by such employer.

(c) The employee shall not be entitled to recover for the aggravation of a preexisting condition, except to the extent that the work-related injury causes increased disability. Any award of compensation shall be reduced by the amount of functional impairment determined to be preexisting.

(d)(1) If the injury to the employee results from the employee's deliberate intention to cause such injury; or from the employee's willful failure to use a guard or protection against accident required pursuant to any statute and provided for the employee, or a reasonable and proper guard and protection voluntarily furnished the employee by the employer, any compensation in respect to that injury shall be disallowed:

- (2) (a) (1) Compensation for an injury shall be disallowed if such injury to the employee results from:
  - (A) The employee's deliberate intention to cause such injury;
  - (B) The employee's willful failure to use a guard or protection against accident or injury which is required pursuant to any statute and provided for the employee;
  - (C) the employee's willful failure to use a reasonable and proper guard and protection voluntarily furnished the employee by the employer;
  - (D) the employee's reckless violation of their employer's workplace safety rules or regulations; or
  - (E) the employee's voluntary participation in fighting or horseplay with a co-employee for any reason, work related or otherwise.

(2) Subparagraphs (B) and (C) of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) shall not apply when it was reasonable under the totality of the circumstances to not use such equipment, or if the employer approved the work engaged in at the time of an accident or injury to be performed without such equipment.

(b)(1) (A) The employer shall not be liable under the workers compensation act where the injury, disability or death was contributed to by the employee's use or consumption of alcohol or any drugs, chemicals or any other compounds or substances, including, but not limited to, any drugs or medications which are available to the public without a prescription from a health care provider, prescription drugs or medications, any form or type of narcotic drugs, marijuana, stimulants, depressants or hallucinogens.

(B) In the case of drugs or medications which are available to the public without a prescription from a health care provider and prescription drugs or medications, compensation shall not be denied if the employee can show that such drugs or medications were being taken or used in therapeutic doses and there have been no prior incidences of the employee's impairment on the job as the result of the use of such drugs or medications within the previous 24 months.

(C) It shall be conclusively presumed that the employee was impaired due to alcohol or drugs if it is shown that, at the time of the injury, that the employee had an alcohol concentration of .04 or more, or a GCMS confirmatory test by quantitative analysis showing a concentration at or above the levels shown on the following chart for the drugs of abuse listed:

Confirmatory test cutoff levels (ng/ml)	
Marijuana metabolite <sup>1</sup> .....	15

*(continued)*

Cocaine metabolite <sup>2</sup> .....	150
Opiates:	
Morphine .....	2000
Codeine .....	2000
6-Acetylmorphine <sup>4</sup> .....	10 ng/ml
Phencyclidine .....	25
Amphetamines:	
Amphetamine .....	500
Methamphetamine <sup>3</sup> .....	500

<sup>1</sup> Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol-9-carboxylic acid.

<sup>2</sup> Benzoylcegonine.

<sup>3</sup> Specimen must also contain amphetamine at a concentration greater than or equal to 200 ng/ml.

<sup>4</sup> Test for 6-AM when morphine concentration exceeds 2,000 ng/ml.

(D) If it is shown that the employee was impaired pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(C) at the time of the injury, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the accident, injury, disability or death was contributed to by such impairment. The employee may overcome the presumption of contribution by clear and convincing evidence.

(E) An employee's refusal to submit to a chemical test shall not be admissible evidence to prove impairment unless there was probable cause to believe that the employee used, possessed or was impaired by a drug or alcohol while working; at the request of the employer shall result in the forfeiture of benefits under the workers compensation act if the employer had sufficient cause to suspect the use of alcohol or drugs by the claimant or if the employer's policy clearly authorizes post-injury testing.

(2) The results of a chemical test shall not be admissible evidence to prove impairment unless the following conditions were met if the employer establishes that the testing was done under any of the following circumstances:

(A) As a result of an employer mandated drug testing policy, in place in writing prior to the date of accident or injury, requiring any worker to submit to testing for drugs or alcohol;

(B) during an autopsy or in the normal course of medical treatment for reasons related to the health and welfare of the injured worker and not at the direction of the employer;

(C) the worker, prior to the date and time of the accident or injury, gave written consent to the employer that the worker would voluntarily submit to a chemical test for drugs or alcohol following any accident or injury;

(D) the worker voluntarily agrees to submit to a chemical test for drugs or alcohol following any accident or injury; or

(E) as a result of federal or state law or a federal or state rule or regulation having the force and effect of law requiring a post-injury testing program and such required program was properly implemented at the time of testing.

(3) Notwithstanding subsection (b)(2), the results of a chemical test performed on a sample collected by an employer shall not be admissible evidence to prove impairment unless the following conditions are met:

(A) There was probable cause to believe that the employee used, had possession of, or was impaired by the drug or alcohol while working;

(B) The test sample was collected at a time contemporaneous with the events establishing probable cause within a reasonable time following the accident or injury;

(C) the collecting and labeling of the test sample was performed by or under the supervision of a licensed health care professional;

(D) the test was performed by a laboratory approved by the United States department of health and human services or licensed by the department of health and environment, except that a blood sample may be tested for alcohol content by a laboratory commonly used for that purpose by state law enforcement agencies;

(E) the test was confirmed by gas chromatography-mass spectroscopy or other comparably reliable analytical method, except that no such confirmation is required for a blood alcohol sample; and

(F) the foundation evidence must establish, beyond a reasonable doubt, that the test results were from the sample taken from the employee; and

(G) a split sample sufficient for testing shall be retained and made available to the employee within 48 hours of a positive test.

(3) For purposes of satisfying the probable cause requirement of subsection (d)(2)(A) of this section, the employer shall be deemed to have met their burden of proof on this issue by establishing any of the following circumstances:

(A) The testing was done as a result of an employer mandated drug testing policy, in place in writing prior to the date of accident, requiring any worker to submit to testing for drugs or alcohol if they are involved in an accident which requires medical attention;

(B) the testing was done in the normal course of medical treatment for reasons related to the health and welfare of the injured worker and was not at the direction of the employer; however, the request for GCMS testing for purposes of confirmation, required by subsection (d)(2)(E) of this section, may have been at the employer's request;

(C) the worker, prior to the date and time of the accident, gave written consent to the employer that the worker would voluntarily submit to a chemical test for drugs or alcohol following any accident requiring the worker to obtain medical treatment for the injuries suffered. If after suffering an accident requiring medical treatment, the worker refuses to submit to a chemical test for drugs or alcohol, this refusal shall be considered evidence of impairment; however, there must be evidence that the presumed impairment contributed to the accident as required by this section; or

(D) the testing was done as a result of federal or state law or a federal or state rule or regulation having the force and effect of law requiring a post accident testing program and such required program was properly implemented at the time of testing;

(E) Compensation shall not be paid in case of coronary or coronary artery disease or cerebrovascular injury unless it is shown that the exertion of the work necessary to precipitate the disability was more than the employee's usual work in the course of the employee's regular employment.

(F) Except as provided in the workers compensation act, no construction design professional who is retained to perform professional services on a construction project or any employee of a construction design professional who is assisting or representing the construction design professional in the performance of professional services on the site of the construction project, shall be liable for any injury resulting from the employer's failure to comply with safety standards on the construction project for which compensation is recoverable under the workers compensation act, unless responsibility for safety practices is specifically assumed by contract. The immunity provided by this subsection to any construction design professional shall not apply to the negligent preparation of design plans or specifications.

(G) It is the intent of the legislature that the workers compensation act shall be liberally construed for the purpose of bringing employers and employees within the provisions of the act to provide the protections of the workers compensation act to both. The provisions of the workers compensation act shall be applied impartially to both employers and employees in cases arising thereunder.

(H) An award of compensation for permanent partial impairment, work disability, or permanent total disability shall be reduced by the amount of functional impairment determined to be preexisting. Any such reduction shall not apply to temporary total disability, nor shall it apply to compensation for medical treatment.

(1) Where workers compensation benefits have previously been awarded through settlement or judicial or administrative determination in Kansas, the percentage basis of the prior settlement or award shall conclusively establish the amount of functional impairment determined to be preexisting. Where workers compensation benefits have not previously been awarded through settlement or judicial or administrative determination in Kansas, the amount of preexisting functional impairment shall be established by competent evidence.

(2) In all cases, the applicable reduction shall be calculated as follows:

(A) If the preexisting impairment is the result of injury sustained while working for the employer against whom workers compensation benefits are currently being sought, any award of compensation shall be reduced by the current dollar value attributable under the workers compensation act to the percentage of functional impairment determined to be preexisting. The "current dollar value" shall be calculated by multiplying the percentage of preexisting impairment by the compensation rate in effect on the date of the accident or injury against which the reduction will be applied.

(B) In all other cases, the employer against whom benefits are currently being sought shall be entitled to a credit for the percentage of pre-existing impairment.

(f) If the employee is receiving receives, whether periodically or by lump sum, retirement benefits under the federal social security act or retirement benefits from any other retirement system, program, policy or plan which is provided by the employer against which the claim is being made, any compensation benefit payments which the employee is eligible to receive under the workers compensation act for such claim shall be reduced by the weekly equivalent amount of the total amount of all such retirement benefits, less any portion of any such retirement benefit, other than retirement benefits under the federal social security act, that is attributable to payments or contributions made by the employee, but in no event shall the workers compensation benefit be less than the workers compensation benefit payable for the employee's percentage of functional impairment. Where the employee elects to take retirement benefits in a lump sum, the lump sum payment shall be amortized at the rate of 4% per year over the employee's life expectancy to determine the weekly equivalent value of the benefits.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 44-503a is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-503a. Whenever an employee is engaged in multiple employment, in which such employee performs the same or a very similar type of work on a part-time basis for each of two (2) or more employers, and such employee sustains an injury by accident which arose out of and in the course of the multiple employment with all such employers, and which did not clearly arise out of and in the course of employment with any particular employer, all such employers shall be liable to pay a proportionate amount of the compensation payable under the workmen's compensation act as follows: Each such employer shall be liable for such proportion of the total amount of compensation which is required to be paid by all such employers, as the average gross weekly wages paid to the employee by such employer, bears to the total average gross weekly wages paid to the employee by all such employers, determined as provided in subsection (b) (7) (3) of K.S.A. 44-511, as amended and amendments thereto.

Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 44-508 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-508. As used in the workers compensation act:

(a) "Employer" includes: (1) Any person or body of persons, corporate or unincorporate unincorporated, and the legal representative of a deceased employer or the receiver or trustee of a person, corporation, association or partnership; (2) the state or any department, agency or authority of the state, any city, county, school district or other political subdivision or municipality or public corporation and any instrumentality thereof; and (3) for the purposes of community service work, the entity for which the community service work is being performed and the governmental agency which assigned the community service work, if any, if either such entity or such governmental agency has filed a written statement of election with the director to accept the provisions under the workers compensation act for persons performing community service work and in such case such entity and such governmental agency shall be deemed to be the joint employer of the person performing the community service work and both shall have the rights, liabilities and immunities provided under the workers compensation act for an employer with regard to the community service work, except that the liability for providing benefits shall be imposed only on the party which filed such election with the director, or on both if both parties have filed such election with the director; for purposes of community service work, "governmental agency" shall not include any court or any officer or employee thereof and any case where there is deemed to be a "joint employer" shall not be construed to be a case of dual or multiple employment.

(b) "Workman" or "employee" or "worker" means any person who has entered into the employment of or works under any contract of service or apprenticeship with an employer. Such terms shall include but not be limited to: Executive officers of corporations; professional athletes; persons serving on a volunteer basis as duly authorized law enforcement officers, attendants, as defined in subsection (d) of K.S.A. 65-6112, and amendments thereto, drivers of ambulances as defined in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 65-6112, and amendments thereto, firefighters, but only to the extent and during such periods as they are so serving in such capacities; per-

sons employed by educational, religious and charitable organizations, but only to the extent and during the periods that they are paid wages by such organizations; persons in the service of the state, or any department, agency or authority of the state, any city, school district, or other political subdivision or municipality or public corporation and any instrumentality thereof, under any contract of service, express or implied, and every official or officer thereof, whether elected or appointed, while performing official duties; persons in the service of the state as volunteer members of the Kansas department of civil air patrol, but only to the extent and during such periods as they are officially engaged in the performance of functions specified in K.S.A. 48-3302, and amendments thereto; volunteers in any employment, if the employer has filed an election to extend coverage to such volunteers; minors, whether such minors are legally or illegally employed; and persons performing community service work, but only to the extent and during such periods as they are performing community service work and if an election has been filed an election to extend coverage to such persons. Any reference to an employee who has been injured shall, where the employee is dead, include a reference to the employee's dependents, to the employee's legal representatives, or, if the employee is a minor or an incapacitated person, to the employee's guardian or conservator. Unless there is a valid election in effect which has been filed as provided in K.S.A. 44-542a, and amendments thereto, such terms shall not include individual employers, limited liability company members, partners or self-employed persons.

(c) (1) "Dependents" means such members of the employee's family as were wholly or in part dependent upon the employee at the time of the accident or injury.

(2) "Members of a family" means only surviving legal spouse and children; or if no surviving legal spouse or children, then parents or grandparents; or if no parents or grandparents, then grandchildren; or if no grandchildren, then brothers and sisters. In the meaning of this section, parents include stepparents, children include stepchildren, grandchildren include stepgrandchildren, brothers and sisters include stepbrothers and stepsisters, and children and parents include that relation by legal adoption. In the meaning of this section, a surviving spouse shall not be regarded as a dependent of a deceased employee or as a member of the family, if the surviving spouse shall have for more than six months willfully or voluntarily deserted or abandoned the employee prior to the date of the employee's death.

(3) "Wholly dependent child or children" means:

(A) A birth child or adopted child of the employee except such a child whose relationship to the employee has been severed by adoption;

(B) A stepchild of the employee who lives in the employee's household;

(C) Any other child who is actually dependent in whole or in part on the employee and who is related to the employee by marriage or consanguinity; or

(D) any child as defined in subsections subsection (c)(3)(A), (3)(B) or (3)(C) who is less than 23 years of age and who is not physically or mentally capable of earning wages in any type of substantial and gainful employment or who is a full-time student attending an accredited institution of higher education or vocational education.

(d) "Accident" means an undesigned, sudden and unexpected traumatic event or events, usually of an afflictive or unfortunate nature and often, but not necessarily, accompanied by a manifestation of force. The elements of an accident, as stated herein, are not to be construed in a strict and literal sense, but in a manner designed to effectuate the purpose of the workers compensation act that the employer bear the expense of accidental injury to a worker caused by the employment. In cases where the accident occurs as a result of a series of events, repetitive use, cumulative traumas or microtraumas, the date of accident shall be the date the authorized physician takes the employee off work due to the condition or restricts the employee from performing the work which is the cause of the condition. In the event the worker is not taken off work or restricted as above described, then the date of injury shall be the earliest of the following dates: (1) The date upon which the employee gives written notice to the employer of the injury; or

(continued)

(2) the date the condition is diagnosed as work related, provided such fact is communicated in writing to the injured worker. In cases where none of the above criteria are met, then the date of accident shall be determined by the administrative law judge based on all the evidence and circumstances; and in no event shall the date of accident be the date of, or the day before the regular hearing. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to preclude a worker's right to make a claim for aggravation of injuries under the workers compensation act. An accident shall be identifiable by time and place of occurrence, produce at the time symptoms of an injury, and occur during a single work shift. The accident must be the prevailing factor in causing the injury. "Accident" shall in no case be construed to include repetitive trauma in any form.

(e) "Repetitive trauma" refers to cases where an injury occurs as a result of repetitive use, cumulative traumas or microtraumas. The repetitive nature of the injury must be demonstrated by diagnostic or clinical tests. The repetitive trauma must be the prevailing factor in causing the injury. "Repetitive trauma" shall in no case be construed to include occupational disease, as defined in K.S.A. 44-5a01, and amendments thereto.

In the case of injury by repetitive trauma, the date of injury shall be the earliest of:

(1) The date the employee, while employed for the employer against whom benefits are sought, is taken off work by a physician due to the diagnosed repetitive trauma;

(2) the date the employee, while employed for the employer against whom benefits are sought, is placed on modified or restricted duty by a physician due to the diagnosed repetitive trauma;

(3) the date the employee, while employed for the employer against whom benefits are sought, is advised by a physician that the condition is work-related; or

(4) the last day worked, if the employee no longer works for the employer against whom benefits are sought.

In no case shall the date of accident be later than the last date worked.

~~(e)(f)~~ (1) "Personal injury" and "injury" mean any lesion or change in the physical structure of the body, causing damage or harm thereto, so that it gives way under the stress of the worker's usual labor. It is not essential that such lesion or change be of such character as to present external or visible signs of its existence. An injury shall not be deemed to have been directly caused by the employment where it is shown that the employee suffers disability as a result of the natural aging process or by the normal activities of day-to-day living. Personal injury or injury may occur only by accident, repetitive trauma or occupational disease as those terms are defined.

(2) An injury is compensable only if it arises out of and in the course of employment. An injury is not compensable because work was a triggering or precipitating factor. An injury is not compensable solely because it aggravates, accelerates or exacerbates a preexisting condition or renders a preexisting condition symptomatic.

(A) An injury by repetitive trauma shall be deemed to arise out of employment only if:

(i) The employment exposed the worker to an increased risk or hazard which the worker would not have been exposed in normal non-employment life;

(ii) the increased risk or hazard to which the employment exposed the worker is the prevailing factor in causing the repetitive trauma; and

(iii) the repetitive trauma is the prevailing factor in causing both the medical condition and resulting disability or impairment.

(B) An injury by accident shall be deemed to arise out of employment only if:

(i) There is a causal connection between the conditions under which the work is required to be performed and the resulting accident; and

(ii) the accident is the prevailing factor causing the injury, medical condition, and resulting disability or impairment.

(3) (A) The words "arising out of and in the course of employment" as used in the workers compensation act shall not be construed to include:

(i) Injury which occurred as a result of the natural aging process or by the normal activities of day-to-day living;

(ii) accident or injury which arose out of a neutral risk with no particular employment or personal character;

(iii) accident or injury which arose out of a risk personal to the worker; or

(iv) accident or injury which arose either directly or indirectly from idiopathic causes.

~~(f)(B)~~ The words "arising out of and in the course of employment" as used in the workers compensation act shall not be construed to include injuries to the employee occurring while the employee is on the way to assume the duties of employment or after leaving such duties, the proximate cause of which injury is not the employer's negligence. An employee shall not be construed as being on the way to assume the duties of employment or having left such duties at a time when the worker is on the premises owned or under the exclusive control of the employer or on the only available route to or from work which is a route involving a special risk or hazard connected with the nature of the employment that is not a risk or hazard to which the general public is exposed and which is a route not used by the public except in dealings with the employer. An employee shall not be construed as being on the way to assume the duties of employment, if the employee is a provider of emergency services responding to an emergency.

(C) The words, "arising out of and in the course of employment" as used in the workers compensation act shall not be construed to include injuries to employees while engaged in recreational or social events under circumstances where the employee was under no duty to attend and where the injury did not result from the performance of tasks related to the employee's normal job duties or as specifically instructed to be performed by the employer. ~~the employee was under no duty to attend and where the injury did not result from the performance of tasks related to the employee's normal job duties or as specifically instructed to be performed by the employer.~~

(g) "Prevailing" as it relates to the term "factor" means the primary factor, in relation to any other factor. In determining what constitutes the "prevailing factor" in a given case, the administrative law judge shall consider all relevant evidence submitted by the parties.

~~(g)(h)~~ "Burden of proof" means the burden of a party to persuade the trier of facts by a preponderance of the credible evidence that such party's position on an issue is more probably true than not true on the basis of the whole record unless a higher burden of proof is specifically required by this act.

~~(h)(i)~~ "Director" means the director of workers compensation as provided for in K.S.A. 75-5708, and amendments thereto.

~~(h)(j)~~ "Health care provider" means any person licensed, by the proper licensing authority of this state, another state or the District of Columbia, to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathy, chiropractic, dentistry, optometry, podiatry, audiology or psychology.

~~(h)(k)~~ "Secretary" means the secretary of labor.

~~(h)(l)~~ "Construction design professional" means any person who is an architect, professional engineer, landscape architect or land surveyor who has been issued a license by the state board of technical professions to practice such technical profession in Kansas or any corporation organized to render professional services through the practice of one or more of such technical professions in Kansas under the professional corporation law of Kansas or any corporation issued a certificate of authorization under K.S.A. 74-7036, and amendments thereto, to practice one or more of such technical professions in Kansas.

~~(h)(m)~~ "Community service work" means: (1) Public or community service performed as a result of a contract of diversion or of assignment to a community corrections program or conservation camp or suspension of sentence or as a condition of probation or in lieu of a fine imposed by court order; or (2) public or community service or other work performed as a requirement for receipt of any kind of public assistance in accordance with any program administered by the secretary of social and rehabilitation services.

~~(h)(n)~~ "Utilization review" means the initial evaluation of appropriateness in terms of both the level and the quality of health care and health services provided a patient, based on accepted standards of the health care profession involved. Such evaluation is accomplished by means of a system which identifies the utilization of health care services above the usual range of utilization for such services, which is based on accepted standards of the health care profession involved, and which refers instances of possible inappropriate utilization to the director for referral to a peer review committee.

~~(h)(o)~~ "Peer review" means an evaluation by a peer review committee of the appropriateness, quality and cost of health care and health services provided a patient, which is based on accepted

standards of the health care profession involved and which is conducted in conjunction with utilization review.

(p) "Peer review committee" means a committee composed of health care providers licensed to practice the same health care profession as the health care provider who rendered the health care services being reviewed.

(q) "Group-funded self-insurance plan" includes each group-funded workers compensation pool, which is authorized to operate in this state under K.S.A. 44-581 through 44-592, and amendments thereto, each municipal group-funded pool under the Kansas municipal group-funded pool act which is covering liabilities under the workers compensation act, and any other similar group-funded or pooled plan or arrangement that provides coverage for employer liabilities under the workers compensation act and is authorized by law.

(r) On and after the effective date of this act, "workers compensation board" or "board" means the workers compensation board established under K.S.A. 44-555c, and amendments thereto.

(s) "Usual charge" means the amount most commonly charged by health care providers for the same or similar services.

(t) "Customary charge" means the usual rates or range of fees charged by health care providers in a given locale or area.

(u) "Functional impairment" means the extent, expressed as a percentage, of the loss of a portion of the total physiological capabilities of the human body as established by competent medical evidence and based on the fourth edition of the American medical association guides to the evaluation of impairment, if the impairment is contained therein.

(v) "Authorized treating physician" means a licensed physician or other health care provider authorized by the employer or insurance carrier or both, or appointed pursuant to court-order to provide those medical services deemed necessary to diagnose and treat an injury arising out of and in the course of employment.

(w) "Mail" means the use of the United States postal service or other land based delivery service or transmission by electronic means, including delivery by fax, e-mail or other electronic delivery method designated by the director of workers compensation.

Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 44-510b is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-510b. Where death results from injury, compensation shall be paid as provided in K.S.A. 44-510h and 44-510i, and amendments thereto, and as follows:

(a) If an employee leaves any dependents wholly dependent upon the employee's earnings at the time of the accident or injury, all compensation benefits under this section shall be paid to such dependent persons. There shall be an initial payment of \$40,000 to the surviving legal spouse or a wholly dependent child or children or both. The initial payment shall not be subject to the 8% discount as provided in K.S.A. 44-531, and amendments thereto. The initial payment shall be immediately due and payable and apportioned 50% to the surviving legal spouse and 50% to the dependent children. Thereafter, such dependents shall be paid weekly compensation, except as otherwise provided in this section, in a total sum to all such dependents, equal to 66% of the average gross weekly wage of the employee at the time of the accident or injury, computed as provided in K.S.A. 44-511, and amendments thereto, but in no event shall such weekly benefits exceed the maximum weekly benefits provided in K.S.A. 44-510c, and amendments thereto, nor be less than a minimum weekly benefit of the dollar amount nearest to 50% of the state's average weekly wage as determined pursuant to K.S.A. 44-511, and amendments thereto subject to the following:

(1) If the employee leaves a surviving legal spouse or a wholly dependent child or children, or both, who are eligible for benefits under this section, then all death benefits shall be paid to such surviving spouse or children, or both, and no benefits shall be paid to any other wholly or partially dependent persons.

(2) A surviving legal spouse shall be paid compensation benefits for life, except as otherwise provided in this section.

(3) Any wholly dependent child of the employee shall be paid compensation, except as otherwise provided in this section, until such dependent child becomes 18 years of age. A wholly dependent child of the employee shall be paid compensation, except as otherwise provided in this section, until such dependent child becomes 23 years of age during any period of time that one of the following conditions is met:

(A) The wholly dependent child is not physically or mentally capable of earning wages in any type of substantial and gainful employment; or

(B) the wholly dependent child is a student enrolled full-time in an accredited institution of higher education or vocational education.

(4) If the employee leaves no legal spouse or dependent children eligible for benefits under this section but leaves other dependents wholly dependent upon the employee's earnings, such other dependents shall receive weekly compensation benefits as provided in this subsection until death, remarriage or so long as such other dependents do not receive more than 50% of their support from any other earnings or income or from any other source, except that the maximum benefits payable to all such other dependents, regardless of the number of such other dependents, shall not exceed a maximum amount of \$18,500.

(b) Where the employee leaves a surviving legal spouse and dependent children who were wholly dependent upon the employee's earnings and are eligible for benefits under this section 50% of the maximum weekly benefits payable shall be apportioned to such spouse and 50% to such dependent children.

(c) If an employee does not leave any dependents who were wholly dependent upon the employee's earnings at the time of the accident injury but leaves dependents, other than a spouse or children, in part dependent on the employee's earnings, such percentage of a sum equal to three times the employee's average yearly earnings but not exceeding \$18,500 but not less than \$2,500, as such employee's average annual contributions which the employee made to the support of such dependents during the two years preceding the date of the accident injury, bears to the employee's average yearly earnings during the contemporaneous two-year period, shall be paid in compensation to such dependents, in weekly payments as provided in subsection (a), not to exceed \$18,500 to all such dependents.

(d) If an employee does not leave any dependents, either wholly or partially dependent upon the employee, a lump-sum payment of \$25,000 shall be made to the legal heirs of such employee in accordance with Kansas law. However under no circumstances shall such payment escheat to the state. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, no such payment shall be required if the employer has procured a life insurance policy, with beneficiaries designated by the employee, providing coverage in an amount not less than \$18,500.

(e) The administrative law judge, except as otherwise provided in this section, shall have the power and authority to apportion and reapportion the compensation allowed under this section, either to wholly dependent persons or partially dependent persons, in accordance with the degree of dependency as of the date of the accident injury, except that the weekly payment of compensation to any and all dependents shall not exceed the maximum nor be less than the minimum weekly benefits provided in subsection (a).

(f) In all cases of death compensable under this section, the employer shall pay the reasonable expense of burial not exceeding \$5,000. Where required, the employer shall pay the costs of a court-appointed conservator not to exceed \$1,000.

(g) The marriage or death of any dependent shall terminate all compensation, under this section, to such dependent except the marriage of the surviving legal spouse shall not terminate benefits to such spouse. Upon the death of the surviving legal spouse or the marriage or death of a dependent child, the compensation payable to such spouse or child shall be reapportioned to those, among the surviving legal spouse and dependent children, who remain eligible to receive compensation under this section.

(h) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section to the contrary, the maximum amount of compensation benefits payable under this section, including the initial payment in subsection (a) to any and all dependents by the employer shall not exceed a total amount of ~~\$250,000~~ \$300,000 and when such total amount has been paid the liability of the employer for any further compensation under this section to dependents, other than minor children of the employee, shall cease except that the payment of compensation under this section to any minor child of the employee shall continue for the period of the child's minority at the weekly rate in effect when the employer's liability is otherwise terminated under

(continued)

this subsection and shall not be subject to termination under this subsection until such child becomes 18 years of age.

(i) Persons receiving benefits under this section shall submit an annual statement to the insurance carrier, self-insured employer or group-funded workers compensation pool paying the benefits, in such form and containing such information relating to eligibility for compensation under this section as may be required by rules and regulations of the director. If the person receiving benefits under this section is a surviving spouse or a dependent child who has reached the age of majority, such person shall personally submit an annual statement. If the person receiving benefits under this section is a dependent child subject to a conservator, the conservator of such child shall submit the annual statement. If such person fails to submit an annual statement, the payer of benefits may notify the director of such failure and the director shall notify the person of the failure by certified mail with return receipt. If such person fails to submit the annual statement or fails to reasonably provide the required information within 30 days after receipt of the notice from the director, all compensation benefits paid under this section to such person shall be suspended until the annual statement is submitted in proper form to the payer of benefits.

Sec. 7. K.S.A. 44-510c is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-510c. Where death does not result from the injury, compensation shall be paid as provided in K.S.A. 44-510h and 44-510i, and amendments thereto and as follows:

(a) (1) Where permanent total disability results from the injury, weekly payments shall be made during the period of permanent total disability in a sum equal to 66 $\frac{2}{3}$ % of the average gross weekly wage of the injured employee, computed as provided in K.S.A. 44-511, and amendments thereto, but in no case less than \$25 per week nor more than the dollar amount nearest to 75% of the state's average weekly wage, determined as provided in K.S.A. 44-511, and amendments thereto, per week. The payment of compensation for permanent total disability shall continue for the duration of such disability, subject to review and modification as provided in K.S.A. 44-528, and amendments thereto.

(2) Permanent total disability exists when the employee, on account of the injury, has been rendered completely and permanently incapable of engaging in any type of substantial and gainful employment. ~~Loss of both eyes, both hands, both arms, both feet, or both legs, or any combination thereof, in the absence of proof to the contrary, shall constitute a permanent total disability. Substantially total paralysis, or incurable imbecility or insanity, resulting from injury independent of all other causes, shall constitute permanent total disability. In all other cases permanent total disability shall be determined in accordance with the facts. Expert evidence shall be required to prove permanent total disability.~~

(3) ~~An injured worker shall not be eligible to receive more than one award of workers compensation permanent total disability in such worker's lifetime.~~

(b) (1) Where temporary total disability results from the injury, no compensation shall be paid during the first week of disability, except that provided in K.S.A. 44-510h and 44-510i, and amendments thereto, unless the temporary total disability exists for three consecutive weeks, in which case compensation shall be paid for the first week of such disability. Thereafter weekly payments shall be made during such temporary total disability, in a sum equal to 66 $\frac{2}{3}$ % of the average gross weekly wage of the injured employee, computed as provided in K.S.A. 44-511, and amendments thereto, but in no case less than \$25 per week nor more than the dollar amount nearest to 75% of the state's average weekly wage, determined as provided in K.S.A. 44-511, and amendments thereto, per week.

(2) (A) Temporary total disability exists when the employee, on account of the injury, has been rendered completely and temporarily incapable of engaging in any type of substantial and gainful employment. ~~A release issued by a health care provider with temporary medical limitations restrictions for an employee may or may not be determinative of the employee's actual ability to be engaged in any type of substantial and gainful employment, except provided that temporary total disability compensation shall not be awarded unless the opinion of the authorized treating health care provider is shown to be based on an assessment of the employee's actual job duties with the employer, with or without accommodation, if there is an authorized treating physician, such physician's opin-~~

~~ion regarding the employee's work status shall be presumed to be determinative.~~

(B) ~~Where the employee remains employed with the employer against whom benefits are sought, an employee shall be entitled to temporary total disability benefits if the authorized treating physician imposed temporary restrictions as a result of the work injury which the employer cannot accommodate. A refusal by the employee of accommodated work within the temporary restrictions imposed by the authorized treating physician shall result in a rebuttable presumption that the employee is ineligible to receive temporary total disability benefits.~~

(C) ~~If the employee has been terminated for cause or voluntarily resigns following a compensable injury, the employer shall not be liable for temporary total disability benefits if the employer could have accommodated the temporary restrictions imposed by the authorized treating physician but for the employee's separation from employment.~~

(3) ~~Where no award has been entered, a return by the employee to any type of substantial and gainful employment or, subject to the provisions of subsection (b)(2), a release by a treating health care provider or examining health care provider, who is not regularly employed or retained by the employer, to return to any type of substantial and gainful employment, shall suspend the employee's right to the payment of temporary total disability compensation, but shall not affect any right the employee may have to compensation for partial disability in accordance with K.S.A. 44-510d and 44-510e, and amendments thereto.~~

(4) ~~An employee shall not be entitled to receive temporary total disability benefits for those weeks during which the employee is also receiving unemployment benefits.~~

(c) When any permanent total disability or temporary total disability is followed by partial disability, compensation shall be paid as provided in K.S.A. 44-510d and 44-510e, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 8. K.S.A. 44-510d is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-510d. (a) Where disability, partial in character but permanent in quality, results from the injury, the injured employee shall be entitled to the compensation provided in K.S.A. 44-510h and 44-510i, and amendments thereto, ~~but the injured employee may be entitled to payment of temporary total disability as defined in K.S.A. 44-510c, and amendments thereto, or temporary partial disability as defined in subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 44-510e, and amendments thereto, provided that the injured employee shall not be entitled to any other or further compensation for or during the first week following the injury unless such disability exists for three consecutive weeks, in which event compensation shall be paid for the first week. Thereafter compensation shall be paid for temporary total loss of use and or temporary partial disability as provided in the following schedule, 66 $\frac{2}{3}$ % of the average gross weekly wages to be computed as provided in K.S.A. 44-511, and amendments thereto, except that in no case shall the weekly compensation be more than the maximum as provided for in K.S.A. 44-510c, and amendments thereto.~~

(b) If there is an award of permanent disability as a result of the injury there shall be a presumption that disability existed immediately after the injury and compensation is to be paid for not to exceed the number of weeks allowed in the following schedule:

- (1) For loss of a thumb, 60 weeks.
- (2) For the loss of a first finger, commonly called the index finger, 37 weeks.
- (3) For the loss of a second finger, 30 weeks.
- (4) For the loss of a third finger, 20 weeks.
- (5) For the loss of a fourth finger, commonly called the little finger, 15 weeks.
- (6) Loss of the first phalange of the thumb or of any finger shall be considered to be equal to the loss of  $\frac{1}{2}$  of such thumb or finger, and the compensation shall be  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the amount specified above. The loss of the first phalange and any part of the second phalange of any finger, which includes the loss of any part of the bone of such second phalange, shall be considered to be equal to the loss of  $\frac{2}{3}$  of such finger and the compensation shall be  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the amount specified above. The loss of the first phalange and any part of the second phalange of a thumb which includes the loss of any part of the bone of such second phalange, shall be considered to be equal to the loss of the entire thumb. The loss of the first and second phalanges and any part of the third proximal phalange of any finger, shall be considered as the loss of the entire finger. Amputation



through the joint shall be considered a loss to the next higher schedule.

- (7) For the loss of a great toe, 30 weeks.
  - (8) For the loss of any toe other than the great toe, 10 weeks.
  - (9) The loss of the first phalange of any toe shall be considered to be equal to the loss of ½ of such toe and the compensation shall be ½ of the amount above specified.
  - (10) The loss of more than one phalange of a toe shall be considered to be equal to the loss of the entire toe.
  - (11) For the loss of a hand, 150 weeks.
  - (12) For the loss of a forearm, 200 weeks.
  - (13) For the loss of an arm, excluding the shoulder joint, shoulder girdle, shoulder musculature or any other shoulder structures, 210 weeks, and for the loss of an arm, including the shoulder joint, shoulder girdle, shoulder musculature or any other shoulder structures, 225 weeks.
  - (14) For the loss of a foot, 125 weeks.
  - (15) For the loss of a lower leg, 190 weeks.
  - (16) For the loss of a leg, 200 weeks.
  - (17) For the loss of an eye, or the complete loss of the sight thereof, 120 weeks.
  - (18) Amputation or severance below the wrist shall be considered as the loss of a hand. Amputation at the wrist and below the elbow shall be considered as the loss of the forearm. Amputation at or above the elbow shall be considered loss of the arm. Amputation below the ankle shall be considered loss of the foot. Amputation at the ankle and below the knee shall be considered as loss of the lower leg. Amputation at or above the knee shall be considered as loss of the leg.
  - (19) For the complete loss of hearing of both ears, 110 weeks.
  - (20) For the complete loss of hearing of one ear, 30 weeks.
  - (21) Permanent loss of the use of a finger, thumb, hand, shoulder, arm, forearm, toe, foot, leg or lower leg or the permanent loss of the sight of an eye or the hearing of an ear, shall be equivalent to the loss thereof. For the permanent partial loss of the use of a finger, thumb, hand, shoulder, arm, toe, foot or leg, or the sight of an eye or the hearing of an ear, compensation shall be paid as provided for in K.S.A. 44-510c, and amendments thereto, per week during that proportion of the number of weeks in the foregoing schedule provided for the loss of such finger, thumb, hand, shoulder, arm, toe, foot or leg; or the sight of an eye or the hearing of an ear, which partial loss thereof bears to the total loss of a finger, thumb, hand, shoulder, arm, toe, foot or leg, or the sight of an eye or the hearing of an ear; but in no event shall the compensation payable hereunder for such partial loss exceed the compensation payable under the schedule for the total loss of such finger, thumb, hand, arm, toe, foot or leg, or the sight of an eye or the hearing of an ear, exclusive of the healing period. As used in this paragraph (21), "shoulder" means the shoulder joint, shoulder girdle, shoulder musculature or any other shoulder structures.
  - (22) For traumatic hernia, compensation shall be limited to the compensation under K.S.A. 44-510h and 44-510i, and amendments thereto, compensation for temporary total disability during such period of time as such employee is actually unable to work on account of such hernia, and, in the event such hernia is inoperable, weekly compensation during 12 weeks, except that, in the event that such hernia is operable, the unreasonable refusal of the employee to submit to an operation for surgical repair of such hernia shall deprive such employee of any benefits under the workers compensation act.
  - (23) Loss of or loss of use of a scheduled member shall be based upon permanent impairment of function to the scheduled member as determined using the fourth edition of the American medical association guides to the evaluation of permanent impairment, if the impairment is contained therein.
  - (24) *Where an injury results in the loss of or loss of use of more than one scheduled member within a single extremity, the functional impairment attributable to each scheduled member shall be combined pursuant to the fourth edition of the American medical association guides for evaluation of permanent impairment and compensation awarded shall be calculated to the highest scheduled member actually impaired.*
- (b)(c) Whenever the employee is entitled to compensation for a specific injury under the foregoing schedule, the same shall be exclusive of all other compensation except the benefits provided in K.S.A. 44-510h and 44-510i, and amendments thereto, and no ad-

ditional compensation shall be allowable or payable for any temporary or permanent, partial or total disability, except that the director, in proper cases, may allow additional compensation during the actual healing period, following amputation. The healing period shall not be more than 10% of the total period allowed for the scheduled injury in question nor in any event for longer than 15 weeks. The return of the employee to the employee's usual occupation shall terminate the healing period.

(d) *The amount of compensation for permanent partial disability under this section shall be determined by multiplying the payment rate by the weeks payable. As used in this section:*

(1) *Payment rate shall be the lesser of (A) the amount determined by multiplying the average weekly wage of the worker prior to such injury by 66⅔% or (B) the maximum provided in K.S.A. 44-510c, and amendments thereto;*

(2) *weeks payable shall be determined as follows: (A) Determine the weeks of benefits provided for the injury on schedule; (B) determine the weeks of temporary compensation paid by adding the amounts of temporary total and temporary partial disability compensation paid and dividing the sum by the payment rate above; (C) subtract the weeks of temporary compensation calculated in (d)(2)(B) from the weeks of benefits provided for the injury as determined in (d)(2)(A); (D) multiply the weeks as determined in (d)(2)(C) by the percentage of permanent partial impairment of function as determined under subsection (b)(23).*

*The resulting award shall be paid for the number of weeks at the payment rate until fully paid or modified. Under no circumstances shall the period of permanent partial disability run concurrently with the period of temporary total or temporary partial disability.*

Sec. 9. K.S.A. 44-510e is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-510e. (a) ~~If the employer and the employee are unable to agree upon the amount of compensation to be paid in the case of injury not covered by the schedule in K.S.A. 44-510d and amendments thereto, the amount of compensation shall be settled according to the provisions of the workers compensation act as in other cases of disagreement, except that~~ In case of whole body injury resulting in temporary or permanent partial general disability not covered by ~~such~~ the schedule in K.S.A. 44-510d, and amendments thereto, the employee shall receive weekly compensation as determined in this subsection during ~~such~~ the period of temporary or permanent partial general disability not exceeding a maximum of 415 weeks.

(1) Weekly compensation for temporary partial general disability shall be 66⅔% of the difference between the average gross weekly wage that the employee was earning prior to ~~such~~ the date of injury as provided in the workers compensation act and the amount the employee is actually earning after such injury in any type of employment, ~~except that~~. In no case shall such weekly compensation exceed the maximum as provided for in K.S.A. 44-510c, and amendments thereto.

(2) (A) Permanent partial general disability exists when the employee is disabled in a manner which is partial in character and permanent in quality and which is not covered by the schedule in K.S.A. 44-510d, and amendments thereto. ~~The extent of permanent partial general disability shall be the extent, expressed as a percentage, to which the employee, in the opinion of the physician, has lost the ability to perform the work tasks that the employee performed in any substantial gainful employment during the fifteen-year period preceding the accident, averaged together with the difference between the average weekly wage the worker was earning at the time of the injury and the average weekly wage the worker is earning after the injury. In any event, the extent of permanent partial general disability shall not be less than the percentage of functional impairment. Functional impairment means the extent, expressed as a percentage, of the loss of a portion of the total physiological capabilities of the human body as established by competent medical evidence and based on the fourth edition of the American Medical Association Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment, if the impairment is contained therein. An employee shall not be entitled to receive permanent partial general disability compensation in excess of the percentage of functional impairment as long as the employee is engaging in any work for wages equal to 90% or more of the average gross weekly wage that the employee was earning at the time of the injury. If the employer and the employee are unable to agree upon the employee's functional impairment and if at least two medical opinions based on~~

(continued)

competent medical evidence disagree as to the percentage of functional impairment, such matter may be referred by the administrative law judge to an independent health care provider who shall be selected by the administrative law judge from a list of health care providers maintained by the director. The health care provider selected by the director pursuant to this section shall issue an opinion regarding the employee's functional impairment which shall be considered by the administrative law judge in making the final determination. Compensation for permanent partial general disability shall also be paid as provided in this section where an injury results in:

(i) The loss of or loss of use of a shoulder, arm, forearm or hand of one upper extremity, combined with the loss of or loss of use of a shoulder, arm, forearm or hand of the other upper extremity;

(ii) the loss of or loss of use of a leg, lower leg or foot of one lower extremity, combined with the loss of or loss of use of a leg, lower leg or foot of the other lower extremity; or

(iii) the loss of or loss of use of both eyes.

(B) The extent of permanent partial general disability shall be the percentage of functional impairment the employee sustained on account of the injury as established by competent medical evidence and based on the fourth edition of the American medical association guides to the evaluation of permanent impairment, if the impairment is contained therein.

(C) An employee may be eligible to receive permanent partial general disability compensation in excess of the percentage of functional impairment ("work disability") if:

(i) The percentage of functional impairment determined to be caused solely by the injury exceeds 7½% to the body as a whole or the overall functional impairment is equal to or exceeds 10% to the body as a whole in cases where there is preexisting functional impairment; and

(ii) the employee sustained a post-injury wage loss, as defined in subsection (a)(2)(E) of K.S.A. 44-510e, and amendments thereto, of at least 10% which is directly attributable to the work injury and not to other causes or factors.

In such cases, the extent of work disability is determined by averaging together the percentage of post-injury task loss demonstrated by the employee to be caused by the injury and the percentage of post-injury wage loss demonstrated by the employee to be caused by the injury.

(D) "Task loss" shall mean the percentage to which the employee, in the opinion of a licensed physician, has lost the ability to perform the work tasks that the employee performed in any substantial gainful employment during the five-year period preceding the injury. The permanent restrictions imposed by a licensed physician as a result of the work injury shall be used to determine those work tasks which the employee has lost the ability to perform. If the employee has preexisting permanent restrictions, any work tasks which the employee would have been deemed to have lost the ability to perform, had a task loss analysis been completed prior to the injury at issue, shall be excluded for the purposes of calculating the task loss which is directly attributable to the current injury.

(E) "Wage loss" shall mean the difference between the average weekly wage the employee was earning at the time of the injury and the average weekly wage the employee is capable of earning after the injury. The capability of a worker to earn post-injury wages shall be established based upon a consideration of all factors, including, but not limited to, the injured worker's age, physical capabilities, education and training, prior experience, and availability of jobs in the open labor market. The administrative law judge shall impute an appropriate post-injury average weekly wage based on such factors. Where the employee is engaged in post-injury employment for wages, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the average weekly wage an injured worker is actually earning constitutes the post-injury average weekly wage that the employee is capable of earning. The presumption may be overcome by competent evidence.

(i) To establish post-injury wage loss, the employee must have the legal capacity to enter into a valid contract of employment. Wage loss caused by voluntary resignation or termination for cause shall in no way be construed to be caused by the injury.

(ii) The actual or projected weekly value of any employer-paid fringe benefits are to be included as part of the worker's post-injury average weekly wage and shall be added to the wage imputed by the administrative law judge pursuant to K.S.A. 44-510e(a)(2)(E), and amendments thereto.

(iii) The injured worker's refusal of accommodated employment within the worker's medical restrictions as established by the authorized treating physician and at a wage equal to 90% or more of the pre-injury average weekly wage shall result in a rebuttable presumption of no wage loss.

(F) The amount of weekly compensation for permanent partial general disability shall be determined as follows:

(1) Find the payment rate which shall be the lesser of (A) the amount determined by multiplying the average gross weekly wage of the worker prior to such injury by 66⅔% or (B) the maximum provided in K.S.A. 44-510e, and amendments thereto;

(2) find the number of disability weeks payable by subtracting from 415 weeks the total number of weeks of temporary total disability compensation was paid, excluding the first 15 weeks of temporary total disability compensation that was paid, and multiplying the remainder by the percentage of permanent partial general disability as determined under this subsection (a); and

(3) multiply the number of disability weeks determined in paragraph (2) of this subsection (a) by the payment rate determined in paragraph (1) of this subsection (a).

The amount of compensation for whole body injury under this section shall be determined by multiplying the payment rate by the weeks payable.

As used in this section: (1) The payment rate shall be the lesser of: (A) The amount determined by multiplying the average weekly wage of the worker prior to such injury by 66⅔%; or (B) the maximum provided in K.S.A. 44-510e, and amendments thereto; (2) weeks payable shall be determined as follows: (A) Determine the weeks of temporary compensation paid by adding the amounts of temporary total and temporary partial disability compensation paid and dividing the sum by the payment rate above; (B) subtract from 415 weeks the total number of weeks of temporary compensation paid as determined in (F)(2)(A), excluding the first 15 such weeks; (3) multiply the number of weeks as determined in (F)(2)(B) by the percentage of functional impairment pursuant to subsection (a)(2)(B) or the percentage of work disability pursuant to subsection (a)(2)(C), whichever is applicable.

(3) When an injured worker is eligible to receive an award of work disability, compensation is limited to the value of the work disability as calculated above. In no case shall functional impairment and work disability be awarded together.

The resulting award shall be paid for the number of disability weeks at the full payment rate until fully paid or modified. ~~If there is an award of permanent disability as a result of the compensable injury, there shall be a presumption that disability existed immediately after such injury.~~ In any case of permanent partial disability under this section, the employee shall be paid compensation for not to exceed 415 weeks following the date of such injury, ~~subject to review and modification as provided in K.S.A. 44-528 and amendments thereto.~~ If there is an award of permanent disability as a result of the compensable injury, there shall be a presumption that disability existed immediately after such injury. Under no circumstances shall the period of permanent partial disability run concurrently with the period of temporary total or temporary partial disability.

(b) If an employee has ~~received~~ sustained an injury for which compensation is being paid, and the employee's death is caused by other and independent causes, any payment of compensation already due the employee at the time of death and then unpaid shall be paid to the employee's dependents directly or to the employee's legal representatives if the employee left no dependent, but the liability of the employer for the payments of compensation not yet due at the time of the death of such employee shall cease and be abrogated by the employee's death.

(c) The total amount of compensation that may be allowed or awarded an injured employee for all injuries received in any one accident shall in no event exceed the compensation which would be payable under the workers compensation act for 100% permanent total disability resulting from such accident.

(d) Where a minor employee or a minor employee's dependents are entitled to compensation under the workers compensation act, such compensation shall be exclusive of all other remedies or causes of action for such injury or death, and no claim or cause of action against the employer shall inure or accrue to or exist in favor of the parent or parents of such minor employee on account of any damage resulting to such parent or parents on account of the loss of earnings or loss of service of such minor employee.

(e) In any case of injury to or death of an employee, where the employee or the employee's dependents are entitled to compensation under the workers compensation act, such compensation shall be exclusive of all other remedies or causes of action for such injury or death, and no claim or action shall inure, accrue to or exist in favor of the surviving spouse or any relative or next of kin

of such employee against such employer on account of any damage resulting to such surviving spouse or any relative or next of kin on account of the loss of earnings, services, or society of such employee or on any other account resulting from or growing out of the injury or death of such employee.

Sec. 10. K.S.A. 44-510f is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-510f. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of the workers compensation act to the contrary, the maximum compensation benefits payable by an employer shall not exceed the following:

(1) For permanent total disability, including temporary total, temporary partial, permanent partial and temporary partial disability payments paid or due, ~~\$125,000~~ \$155,000 for an injury ~~or any aggravation thereof~~;

(2) for temporary total disability, including any prior permanent total, permanent partial or temporary partial disability payments paid or due, ~~\$100,000~~ \$130,000 for an injury ~~or any aggravation thereof~~;

(3) subject to the provisions of subsection (a)(4), for permanent or temporary partial disability, including any prior temporary total, permanent total, temporary partial, or permanent partial disability payments paid or due, ~~\$100,000~~ \$130,000 for an injury ~~or any aggravation thereof~~; and

(4) for permanent partial disability, where functional impairment only is awarded, ~~\$50,000~~ \$75,000 for an injury ~~or aggravation thereof~~. *The \$75,000 cap contained in this subsection shall apply whether or not temporary total disability or temporary partial disability benefits were paid.*

(b) If an employer shall voluntarily pay unearned wages to an employee in addition to and in excess of any amount of disability benefits to which the employee is entitled under the workers compensation act, the excess amount paid shall:

(1) Shall be allowed as a credit to the employer in any final lump-sum settlement, or

(2) may be withheld from the employee's wages in weekly amounts ~~the same as equal to~~ the weekly amount or amounts paid in excess of compensation due, ~~but not until and unless~~ *The excess amount paid may only be withheld from the employee's wages if the employee's average gross weekly wage for the calendar year exceeds 125% of the state's average weekly wage, determined as provided in K.S.A. 44-511, and amendments thereto. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any employer who pays any such unearned wages to an employee pursuant to an agreement between the employer and employee or labor organization to which the employee belongs.*

Sec. 11. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 44-510h is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-510h. (a) It shall be the duty of the employer to provide the services of a health care provider, and such medical, surgical and hospital treatment, including nursing, medicines, medical and surgical supplies, ambulance, crutches, apparatus and transportation to and from the home of the injured employee to a place outside the community in which such employee resides, and within such community if the director, in the director's discretion, so orders, including transportation expenses computed in accordance with subsection (a) of K.S.A. 44-515, and amendments thereto, as may be reasonably necessary to cure and relieve the employee from the effects of the injury.

(b) (1) If the director finds, upon application of an injured employee, that the services of the health care provider furnished as provided in subsection (a) and rendered on behalf of the injured employee are not satisfactory, the director may authorize the appointment of some other health care provider. In any such case, the employer shall submit the names of ~~three~~ two health care providers who, if possible given the availability of local health care providers, are not associated in practice together. The injured employee may select one from the list who shall be the authorized treating health care provider. If the injured employee is unable to obtain satisfactory services from any of the health care providers submitted by the employer under this paragraph, either party or both parties may request the director to select a treating health care provider.

(2) Without application or approval, an employee may consult a health care provider of the employee's choice for the purpose of examination, diagnosis or treatment, but the employer shall only be liable for the fees and charges of such health care provider up to a total amount of \$500. The amount allowed for such examina-

tion, diagnosis or treatment shall not be used to obtain a functional impairment rating. Any medical opinion obtained in violation of this prohibition shall not be admissible in any claim proceedings under the workers compensation act.

(c) An injured employee whose injury or disability has been established under the workers compensation act may rely, if done in good faith, solely or partially on treatment by prayer or spiritual means in accordance with the tenets of practice of a church or religious denomination without suffering a loss of benefits subject to the following conditions:

(1) The employer or the employer's insurance carrier agrees thereto in writing either before or after the injury;

(2) the employee submits to all physical examinations required by the workers compensation act;

(3) the cost of such treatment shall be paid by the employee unless the employer or insurance carrier agrees to make such payment;

(4) the injured employee shall be entitled only to benefits that would reasonably have been expected had such employee undergone medical or surgical treatment; and

(5) the employer or insurance carrier that made an agreement under paragraph (1) or (3) of this subsection may withdraw from the agreement on 10 days' written notice.

(d) In any employment to which the workers compensation act applies, the employer shall be liable to each employee who is employed as a duly authorized law enforcement officer, firefighter, driver of an ambulance as defined in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 65-6112, and amendments thereto, an ambulance attendant as defined in subsection (d) of K.S.A. 65-6112, and amendments thereto, or a member of a regional emergency medical response team as provided in K.S.A. 48-928, and amendments thereto, including any person who is serving on a volunteer basis in such capacity, for all reasonable and necessary preventive medical care and treatment for hepatitis to which such employee is exposed under circumstances arising out of and in the course of employment.

(e) *It is presumed that the employer's obligation to provide the services of a health care provider, and such medical, surgical and hospital treatment, including nursing, medicines, medical and surgical supplies, ambulance, crutches, apparatus and transportation to and from the home of the injured employee to a place outside the community in which such employee resides, and within such community if the director, in the director's discretion, so orders, including transportation expenses computed in accordance with subsection (a) of K.S.A. 44-515, and amendments thereto, shall terminate upon the employee reaching maximum medical improvement. Such presumption may be overcome with medical evidence that it is more probably true than not that additional medical treatment will be necessary after such time as the employee reaches maximum medical improvement. The term "medical treatment" as used in this subsection (e) means only that treatment provided or prescribed by a licensed health care provider and shall not include home exercise programs or over-the-counter medications.*

Sec. 12. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 44-510k is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-510k. (a) (1) At any time after the entry of an award for compensation *wherein future medical benefits were awarded*, the employee, employer or insurance carrier may make application for a hearing, in such form as the director may require for the furnishing termination or modification of medical treatment. Such post-award hearing shall be held by the assigned administrative law judge, in any county designated by the administrative law judge, and the judge shall conduct the hearing as provided in K.S.A. 44-523, and amendments thereto.

(2) The administrative law judge can (A) make an award for further medical care if the administrative law judge finds *that it is more probably true than not that the injury which was the subject of the underlying award is the prevailing factor in the need for further medical care and that the care requested is necessary to cure or relieve the effects of the accidental injury which was the subject of the underlying award* such injury, or (B) terminate or modify an award of current or future medical care if the administrative law judge finds *that no further medical care is required, the injury which was the subject of the underlying award is not the prevailing factor in the need for further medical care, or that the care requested is not necessary to cure or relieve the effects of such injury.*

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(3) If the claimant has not received medical treatment, as defined in subsection (e) of K.S.A. 44-510h, and amendments thereto, from an authorized health care provider within two years from the date of the award or two years from the date the claimant last received medical treatment from an authorized health care provider, the employer shall be permitted to make application under this section for permanent termination of future medical benefits. In such case, there shall be a presumption that no further medical care is needed as a result of the underlying injury. The presumption may be overcome by competent medical evidence.

(4) No post-award benefits shall be ordered, modified or terminated without giving all parties to the award the opportunity to present evidence, including taking testimony on any disputed matters. A finding with regard to a disputed issue shall be subject to a full review by the board under subsection (b) of K.S.A. 44-551, and amendments thereto. Any action of the board pursuant to post-award orders shall be subject to review under K.S.A. 44-556, and amendments thereto.

(b) Any application for hearing made pursuant to this section shall receive priority setting by the administrative law judge, only superseded by preliminary hearings pursuant to K.S.A. 44-534a, and amendments thereto. The parties shall meet and confer prior to the hearing pursuant to this section, but a prehearing settlement conference shall not be necessary. The administrative law judge shall have authority to award medical treatment relating back to the entry of the underlying award, but in no event shall such medical treatment relate back more than six months following the filing of such application for post-award medical treatment. Reviews taken under this section shall receive priority settings before the board, only superseded by reviews for preliminary hearings. A decision shall be rendered by the board within 30 days from the time the review hereunder is submitted.

(c) The administrative law judge may award attorney fees and costs on the claimant's behalf consistent with subsection (g) of K.S.A. 44-536, and amendments thereto. As used in this subsection, "costs" include, but are not limited to, witness fees, mileage allowances, any costs associated with reproduction of documents that become a part of the hearing record, the expense of making a record of the hearing and such other charges as are by statute authorized to be taxed as costs.

Sec. 13. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 44-511 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-511. (a) As used in this section:

(1) The term "money" shall be construed to mean the gross remuneration, on an hourly, output, salary, commission or other basis, at which the service rendered is recompensed in money by the employer, but it earned while employed by the employer, including bonuses and gratuities. Money shall not include any additional compensation, as defined in this section, any remuneration in any medium other than cash, or any other compensation or benefits received by the employee from the employer or any other source paragraph 2.

(2) (A) The term "additional compensation" shall include and mean only the following: (A) Gratuities in cash received by the employee from persons other than the employer for services rendered in the course of the employee's employment; (B) any cash bonuses paid by the employer within one year prior to the date of the accident, for which the average weekly value shall be determined by averaging all such bonuses over the period of time employed prior to the date of the accident, not to exceed 52 weeks; (C) (i) Board and lodging when furnished by the employer as part of the wages, which shall be valued at a maximum of \$25 per week for board and lodging combined, unless the value has been fixed otherwise by the employer and employee prior to the date of the accident or injury, or unless a higher weekly value is proved; (D) the average weekly cash value of remuneration for services in any medium other than cash where such remuneration is in lieu of money, which shall be valued in terms of the average weekly cost to the employer of such remuneration for the employee; and (E) and (ii) employer-paid life insurance, disability insurance, health and accident insurance and employer contributions to pension and profit sharing plans.

(B) In no case shall additional compensation include any amounts of employer taxes paid by the employer under the old-age and survivors insurance system embodied in the federal social security system.

(C) Additional compensation shall not include the value of such remuneration until and unless such remuneration is discontinued be included in the calculation of average wage until and unless such additional compensation is discontinued. If such remuneration additional compensation is discontinued subsequent to a computation of average gross weekly wages under this section, there shall be a recomputation to include such discontinued remuneration additional compensation.

(3) The term "wage" shall be construed to mean the total of the money and any additional compensation which the employee receives for services rendered for the employer in whose employment the employee sustains an injury by accident arising out of and in the course of such employment.

(4) The term "part-time hourly employee" shall mean and include any employee paid on an hourly basis: (A) Who by custom and practice or under the verbal or written employment contract in force at the time of the accident is employed to work, agrees to work, or is expected to work on a regular basis less than 40 hours per week; and (B) who at the time of the accident is working in any type of trade or employment where there is no customary number of hours constituting an ordinary day in the character of the work involved or performed by the employee.

(5) The term "full-time hourly employee" shall mean and include only those employees paid on an hourly basis who are not part-time hourly employees, as defined in this section, and who are employed in any trade or employment where the customary number of hours constituting an ordinary working week is 40 or more hours per week, or those employees who are employed in any trade or employment where such employees are considered to be full-time employees by the industrial customs of such trade or employment, regardless of the number of hours worked per day or per week.

(b) (1) Unless otherwise provided, the employee's average gross weekly wage for the purpose of computing any compensation benefits provided by the workers compensation act shall be determined as follows: the wages the employee earned during the calendar weeks employed by the employer, up to 26 calendar weeks immediately preceding the date of the injury, divided by the number of calendar weeks the employee actually worked, or by 26 as the case may be.

(1) If at the time of the accident the money rate is fixed by the year, the average gross weekly wage shall be the yearly rate so fixed divided by 52, plus the average weekly value of any additional compensation and the value of the employee's average weekly overtime as computed in paragraph (4) of this subsection.

(2) If at the time of the accident the money rate is fixed by the month, the average gross weekly wage shall be the monthly rate so fixed multiplied by 12 and divided by 52, plus the average weekly value of any additional compensation and the value of the employee's average weekly overtime computed as provided in paragraph (4) of this subsection.

(3) If at the time of the accident, the money rate is fixed by the week, the amount so fixed, plus the average weekly value of any additional compensation and the value of the employee's average weekly overtime as computed in paragraph (4) of this subsection, shall be the average gross weekly wage.

(4) If at the time of the accident the employee's money rate was fixed by the hour, the employee's average gross weekly wage shall be determined as follows: (A) If the employee was a part-time hourly employee, as defined in this section, the average gross weekly wage shall be determined in the same manner as provided in paragraph (5) of this subsection; (B) if the employee is a full-time hourly employee, as defined in this section, the average gross weekly wage shall be determined as follows: (i) A daily money rate shall first be found by multiplying the straight-time hourly rate applicable at the time of the accident, by the customary number of working hours constituting an ordinary day in the character of work involved; (ii) the straight-time weekly rate shall be found by multiplying the daily money rate by the number of days and half days that the employee usually and regularly worked, or was expected to work, but 40 hours shall constitute the minimum hours for computing the wage of a full-time hourly employee, unless the employer's regular and customary workweek is less than 40 hours, in which case, the number of hours in such employer's regular and customary workweek shall govern; (iii) the average weekly overtime of the employee shall be the total amount earned by the em-

ployee in excess of the amount of straight time money earned by the employee during the 26 calendar weeks immediately preceding the date of the accident, or during the actual number of such weeks the employee was employed if less than 26 weeks, divided by the number of such weeks; and (iv) the average gross weekly wage of a full-time hourly employee shall be the total of the straight-time weekly rate, the average weekly overtime and the weekly average of any additional compensation.

(5) If at the time of the accident the money rate is fixed by the output of the employee, on a commission or percentage basis, on a flat rate basis for performance of a specified job, or on any other basis where the money rate is not fixed by the week, month, year or hour, and if the employee has been employed by the employer at least one calendar week immediately preceding the date of the accident, the average gross weekly wage shall be the gross amount of money earned during the number of calendar weeks so employed, up to a maximum of 26 calendar weeks immediately preceding the date of the accident, divided by the number of weeks employed, or by 26 as the case may be, plus the average weekly value of any additional compensation and the value of the employee's average weekly overtime computed as provided in paragraph (4) of this subsection.

(2) If the employee had been in the employment of *actually employed* by the employer for less than one calendar week immediately preceding the accident or *injury*, the average gross weekly wage shall be determined by the administrative law judge based upon all of the evidence and circumstances, including the usual wage for similar services paid by the same employer, or if the employer has no employees performing similar services, the usual wage paid for similar services by other employers. The average gross weekly wage so determined shall not exceed the actual average gross weekly wage the employee was reasonably expected to earn in the employee's specific employment, including the average weekly value of any additional compensation and the value of the employee's average weekly overtime computed as provided in paragraph (4) of this subsection. In making any computations under this paragraph (5), workweeks during which the employee was on vacation, leave of absence, sick leave or was absent the entire workweek because of illness or injury shall not be considered.

(6) (A) The average gross weekly wage of a person serving on a volunteer basis as a duly authorized law enforcement officer, ambulance attendants and drivers as provided in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 44-508, and amendments thereto, firefighter or members of regional emergency medical response teams as provided in K.S.A. 48-928, and amendments thereto, who receives no wages for such services, or who receives wages which are substantially less than the usual wages paid for such services by comparable employers to employees who are not volunteers, shall be computed on the basis of the dollar amount closest to, but not exceeding, 112.5% of the state average weekly wage.

(B) The average gross weekly wage of any person performing community service work shall be deemed to be \$37.50.

(C) The average gross weekly wage of a volunteer member of the Kansas department of civil air patrol officially engaged in the performance of functions specified in K.S.A. 48-3302, and amendments thereto, shall be deemed to be \$476.38. Whenever the rates of compensation of the pay plan for persons in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act are increased for payroll periods chargeable to fiscal years commencing after June 30, 1988, the average gross weekly wage which is deemed to be the average gross weekly wage under the provisions of this subsection for a volunteer member of the Kansas department of civil air patrol shall be increased by an amount, adjusted to the nearest dollar, computed by multiplying the average of the percentage increases in all monthly steps of such pay plan by the average gross weekly wage deemed to be the average gross weekly wage of such volunteer member under the provisions of this subsection prior to the effective date of such increase in the rates of compensation of the pay plan for persons in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act.

(D) The average weekly wage of any other volunteer under the workers compensation act, who receives no wages for such services, or who receives wages which are substantially less than the usual wages paid for such services by comparable employers to employees who are not volunteers, shall be computed on the basis

of the usual wages paid by the employer for such services to employees who are not volunteers, or, if the employer has no employees performing such services for wages who are not volunteers, the average gross weekly wage shall be computed on the basis of the usual wages paid for such services by comparable employers to employees who are not volunteers. Volunteer employment is not presumed to be full-time employment.

(7)(3) The average gross weekly wage of an employee who sustains an injury by accident arising out of and in the course of multiple employment, in which such employee *who* performs the same or a very similar type of work on a part-time basis for each of two or more employers, shall be the total average gross weekly wage of such employee paid by all the employers in such multiple employment. The total average gross weekly wage of such employee shall be the total amount of the individual average gross weekly wage determinations under this section for each individual employment of such multiple employment *sum of the average weekly wages of such employee paid by each of the employers.*

(8)(4) In determining an employee's average gross weekly wage with respect to the employer against whom claim for compensation is made, no money or additional compensation paid to or received by the employee from such employer, or from any source other than from such employer, shall be included as wages, except as provided in this section. No wages, other compensation or benefits of any type, except as provided in this section, shall be considered or included in determining the employee's average gross weekly wage.

(5) (A) *The average weekly wage of a person serving on a volunteer basis as a duly authorized law enforcement officer, ambulance attendants and drivers as provided in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 44-508, and amendments thereto, firefighter or members of regional emergency medical response teams as provided in K.S.A. 48-928, and amendments thereto, who receives no wages for such services, or who receives wages which are substantially less than the usual wages paid for such services by comparable employers to employees who are not volunteers, shall be computed on the basis of the dollar amount closest to, but not exceeding, 112½% of the state average weekly wage.*

(B) *The average weekly wage of any person performing community service work shall be deemed to be \$37.50.*

(C) *The average weekly wage of a volunteer member of the Kansas department of civil air patrol officially engaged in the performance of functions specified in K.S.A. 48-3302, and amendments thereto, shall be deemed to be \$476.38. Whenever the rates of compensation of the pay plan for persons in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act are increased for payroll periods chargeable to fiscal years commencing after June 30, 1988, the average weekly wage which is deemed to be the average gross weekly wage under the provisions of this subsection for a volunteer member of the Kansas department of civil air patrol shall be increased by an amount, adjusted to the nearest dollar, computed by multiplying the average of the percentage increases in all monthly steps of such pay plan by the average weekly wage deemed to be the average gross weekly wage of such volunteer member under the provisions of this subsection prior to the effective date of such increase in the rates of compensation of the pay plan for persons in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act.*

(D) *The average weekly wage of any other volunteer under the workers compensation act, who receives no wages for such services, or who receives wages which are substantially less than the usual wages paid for such services by comparable employers to employees who are not volunteers, shall be computed on the basis of the usual wages paid by the employer for such services to employees who are not volunteers, or, if the employer has no employees performing such services for wages who are not volunteers, the average weekly wage shall be computed on the basis of the usual wages paid for such services by comparable employers to employees who are not volunteers. Volunteer employment is not presumed to be full-time employment.*

(c) *In any case, the average yearly wage shall be found by multiplying the average gross weekly wage, as determined in subsection (b), by 52.*

(d) The state's average weekly wage for any year shall be the average weekly wage paid to employees in insured work subject to Kansas employment security law as determined annually by the secretary of labor as provided in K.S.A. 44-704, and amendments thereto.

(continued)

(e)(d) Members of a labor union or other association who perform services in behalf of the labor union or other association and who are not paid as full-time employees of the labor union or other association and who are injured or suffer occupational disease in the course of the performance of duties in behalf of the labor union or other association shall recover compensation benefits under the workers compensation act from the labor union or other association if the labor union or other association files an election with the director to bring its members who perform such services under the coverage of the workers compensation act. The average weekly wage for the purpose of this subsection shall be based on what the employee would earn in the employee's general occupation if at the time of the injury the employee had been performing work in the employee's general occupation. The insurance coverage shall be furnished by the labor union or other association.

Sec. 14. K.S.A. 44-515 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-515. (a) After an employee sustains an injury, the employee shall, upon request of the employer, submit to an examination at any reasonable time and place by any one or more reputable health care providers, selected by the employer, and shall so submit to an examination thereafter at intervals during the pendency of such employee's claim for compensation, upon the request of the employer, but the employee shall not be required to submit to an examination oftener than twice in any one month, unless required to do so in accordance with such orders as may be made by the director. *All benefits shall be suspended to an employee who refuses to submit to such examination or examinations until such time as the employee complies with the employer's request. The suspension of benefits shall occur even if the employer is under preliminary order to provide such benefits.* Any employee so submitting to an examination or such employee's authorized representative shall upon written request be entitled to receive and shall have delivered to such employee a copy of the health care provider's report of such examination within ~~15 days~~ a reasonable amount of time after such examination, which report shall be identical to the report submitted to the employer. If the employee is notified to submit to an examination before any health care provider in any town or city other than the residence of the employee at the time that the employee received an injury, the employee shall not be required to submit to an examination until such employee has been furnished with sufficient funds to pay for transportation to and from the place of examination at the rate prescribed for compensation of state officers and employees under K.S.A. 75-3203a, and amendments thereto, for each mile actually and necessarily traveled to and from the place of examination, any turnpike or other tolls and any parking fees actually and necessarily incurred, and in addition the sum of \$15 per day for each full day or a part thereof that the employee was required to be away from such employee's residence to defray such employee's board and lodging and living expenses. The employee shall not be liable for any fees or charge of any health care provider selected by the employer for making any examination of the employee. The employer or the insurance carrier of the employer of any employee making claim for compensation under the workers compensation act shall be entitled to a copy of the report of any health care provider who has examined or treated the employee in regard to such claim upon written request to the employer or the employee's attorney within ~~15 days~~ a reasonable amount of time after such examination or treatment, which report shall be identical to the report submitted to the employee or the employee's attorney.

(b) If the employee requests, such employee shall be entitled to have health care providers of such employee's own selection present at the time to participate in such examination.

(c) Unless a report is furnished as provided in subsection (a) and unless there is a reasonable opportunity thereafter for the health care providers selected by the employee to participate in the examination in the presence of the health care providers selected by the employer, the health care providers selected by the employer or employee shall not be permitted afterwards to give evidence of the condition of the employee at the time such examination was made.

(d) Except as provided in this section, there shall be no disqualification or privilege preventing the furnishing of reports by or the testimony of any health care provider who actually makes

an examination or treats an injured employee, prior to or after an injury.

(e) Any health care provider's opinion, whether the provider is a treating health care provider or is an examining health care provider, regarding a claimant's need for medical treatment, inability to work, prognosis, diagnosis and disability rating shall be considered and given appropriate weight by the trier of fact together with consideration of all other evidence.

Sec. 15. K.S.A. 44-516 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-516. (a) In case of a dispute as to the injury, the director, in the director's discretion, or upon request of either party, may employ one or more neutral health care providers, not exceeding three in number, who shall be of good standing and ability. The health care providers shall make such examinations of the injured employee as the director may direct. The report of any such health care provider shall be considered by the administrative law judge in making the final determination.

(b) *If at least two medical opinions based on competent medical evidence disagree as to the percentage of functional impairment, such matter may be referred by the administrative law judge to an independent health care provider who shall be agreed upon by the parties. Where the parties cannot agree, an independent healthcare provider shall be selected by the administrative law judge. The health care provider agreed to by the parties or selected by the administrative law judge pursuant to this section shall issue an opinion regarding the employee's functional impairment which shall be considered by the administrative law judge in making the final determination.*

Sec. 16. K.S.A. 44-520 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-520. ~~Except as otherwise provided in this section, (a) (1) Proceedings for compensation under the workers compensation act shall not be maintainable unless notice of the accident, stating the time and place and particulars thereof, and the name and address of the person injured, is given to the employer within 10 days after the date of the accident, except that actual knowledge of the accident by the employer or the employer's duly authorized agent shall render the giving of such notice unnecessary. The ten-day notice provided in this section shall not bar any proceeding for compensation under the workers compensation act if the claimant shows that a failure to notify under this section was due to just cause, except that in no event shall such a proceeding for compensation be maintained unless the notice required by this section is given to the employer within 75 days after the date of the accident unless (a) actual knowledge of the accident by the employer or the employer's duly authorized agent renders the giving of such notice unnecessary as provided in this section, (b) the employer was unavailable to receive such notice as provided in this section, or (c) the employee was physically unable to give such notice injury by accident or repetitive trauma is given to the employer by the earliest of the following dates:~~

(A) 30 calendar days from the date of accident or the date of injury by repetitive trauma;

(B) if the employee is working for the employer against whom benefits are being sought and such employee seeks medical treatment for any injury by accident or repetitive trauma, 20 calendar days from the date such medical treatment is sought; or

(C) if the employee no longer works for the employer against whom benefits are being sought, 20 calendar days after the employee's last day of actual work for the employer.

Notice may be given orally or in writing.

(2) Where notice is provided orally, if the employer has designated an individual or department to whom notice must be given and such designation has been communicated in writing to the employee, notice to any other individual or department shall be insufficient under this section. If the employer has not designated an individual or department to whom notice must be given, notice must be provided to a supervisor or manager.

(3) Where notice is provided in writing, notice must be sent to a supervisor or manager at the employee's principal location of employment. The burden shall be on the employee to prove that such notice was actually received by the employer.

(4) The notice, whether provided orally or in writing, shall include the time, date, place, person injured and particulars of such injury. It must be apparent from the content of the notice that the employee is claiming benefits under the workers compensation act or has suffered a work-related injury.

(b) *The notice required by subsection (a) shall be waived if the employee proves that (1) the employer or the employer's duly authorized agent had actual knowledge of the injury; (2) the employer or the employer's duly authorized agent was unavailable to receive such notice within the applicable period as provided in paragraph (1) of subsection (a); or (3) the employee was physically unable to give such notice.*

(c) *For the purposes of calculating the notice period proscribed in subsection (a), weekends shall be included.*

Sec. 17. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 44-523 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-523. (a) The director, administrative law judge or board shall not be bound by technical rules of procedure, but shall give the parties reasonable opportunity to be heard and to present evidence, insure the employee and the employer an expeditious hearing and act reasonably without partiality.

(b) Whenever a party files an application for hearing pursuant to K.S.A. 44-534, and amendments thereto, the matter shall be assigned to an administrative law judge for hearing and the administrative law judge shall set a terminal date to require the claimant to submit all evidence in support of the claimant's claim no later than 30 days after the first full hearing before the administrative law judge and to require the respondent to submit all evidence in support of the respondent's position no later than 30 days thereafter. An extension of the foregoing time limits shall be granted if all parties agree. An extension of the foregoing time limits may also be granted:

(1) If the employee is being paid temporary or permanent total disability compensation;

(2) for medical examination of the claimant if the party requesting the extension explains in writing to the administrative law judge facts showing that the party made a diligent effort but was unable to have a medical examination conducted prior to the submission of the case by the claimant but then only if the examination appointment was set and notice of the appointment sent prior to submission by the claimant; or

(3) on application for good cause shown.

(c) When all parties have submitted the case to an administrative law judge for an award, the administrative law judge shall issue an award within 30 days. The administrative law judge shall not stay a decision due to the absence of a submission letter. When the award is not entered in 30 days, any party to the action may notify the director that an award is not entered and the director shall assign the matter to an assistant director or to a special administrative law judge who shall enter an award forthwith based on the evidence in the record, or the director, on the director's own motion, may remove the case from the administrative law judge who has not entered an award within 30 days following submission by the party and assign it to an assistant director or to a special administrative law judge for immediate decision based on the evidence in the record.

(d) Not less than 10 days prior to the first full hearing before an administrative law judge, the administrative law judge shall conduct a prehearing settlement conference for the purpose of obtaining stipulations from the parties, determining the issues and exploring the possibility that the parties may resolve those issues and reach a settlement prior to the first full hearing.

(e) (1) If a party or a party's attorney believes that the administrative law judge to whom a case is assigned cannot afford that party a fair hearing in the case, the party or attorney may file a motion for change of administrative law judge. A party or a party's attorney shall not file more than one motion for change of administrative law judge in a case. The administrative law judge shall promptly hear the motion informally upon reasonable notice to all parties who have appeared in the case. Notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 44-552, and amendments thereto, the administrative law judge shall decide, in the administrative law judge's discretion, whether or not the hearing of such motion shall be taken down by a certified shorthand reporter. If the administrative law judge disqualifies the administrative law judge's self, the case shall be assigned to another administrative law judge by the director. If the administrative law judge refuses to disqualify the administrative law judge's self, the party seeking a change of administrative law judge may file in the district court of the county in which the accident or injury occurred the affidavit provided in subsection (e)(2). If an affidavit is to be filed in the district court, it shall be filed within 10 days.

(2) If a party or a party's attorney files an affidavit alleging any of the grounds specified in subsection (e)(3), the chief judge shall at once determine, or refer the affidavit to another district court judge for prompt determination of, the legal sufficiency of the affidavit. If the affidavit is filed in a district court in which there is no other judge who is qualified to hear the matter, the chief judge shall at once notify the departmental justice for the district and request the appointment of another district judge to determine the legal sufficiency of the affidavit. If the affidavit is found to be legally sufficient, the district court judge shall order the director to assign the case to another administrative law judge or to an assistant director.

(3) Grounds which may be alleged as provided in subsection (e)(2) for change of administrative law judge are that:

(A) The administrative law judge has been engaged as counsel in the case prior to the appointment as administrative law judge.

(B) The administrative law judge is otherwise interested in the case.

(C) The administrative law judge is related to either party in the case.

(D) The administrative law judge is a material witness in the case.

(E) The party or party's attorney filing the affidavit has cause to believe and does believe that on account of the personal bias, prejudice or interest of the administrative law judge such party cannot obtain a fair and impartial hearing. Such affidavit shall state the facts and the reasons for the belief that bias, prejudice or an interest exists.

(4) In any affidavit filed pursuant to subsection (e)(2), the recital of previous rulings or decisions by the administrative law judge on legal issues or concerning prior motions for change of administrative law judge filed by counsel or such counsel's law firm, pursuant to this subsection, shall not be deemed legally sufficient for any believe that bias or prejudice exists.

(f) (1) ~~Any~~ *In any claim that has not proceeded to final a regular hearing, a settlement hearing, or an agreed award under the workers compensation act within five three years from the date of filing an application for hearing pursuant to K.S.A. 44-534, and amendments thereto, shall be dismissed by the administrative law judge for lack of prosecution the employer shall be permitted to file with the division an application for dismissal based on lack of prosecution. The matter shall be set for hearing with notice to the claimant's attorney, if the claimant is represented, or to the claimant's last known address. The administrative law judge may grant an extension for good cause shown, which shall be conclusively presumed in the event that the claimant has not reached maximum medical improvement, provided such motion to extend is filed prior to the five three year limitation provided for herein. If the claimant cannot establish good cause, the claim shall be dismissed with prejudice by the administrative law judge for lack of prosecution. Such dismissal shall be considered a final disposition at a full hearing on the claim for purposes of employer reimbursement from the fund pursuant to subsection (b) of K.S.A. 44-534a, and amendments thereto.*

(2) *In any claim which has not proceeded to regular hearing within one year from the date of a preliminary award denying compensability of the claim, the employer shall be permitted to file with the division an application for dismissal based on lack of prosecution. The matter shall be set for hearing with notice to the claimant's attorney, if the claimant is represented, or to the claimant's last known address. Unless the claimant can prove a good faith reason for delay, the claim shall be dismissed with prejudice by the administrative law judge. Such dismissal shall be considered a final disposition at a full hearing on the claim for purposes of employer reimbursement from the fund pursuant to subsection (b) of K.S.A. 44-534a, and amendments thereto.*

(3) This section shall not affect any future benefits which have been left open upon proper application by an award or settlement.

Sec. 18. K.S.A. 44-525 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-525. (a) Every finding or award of compensation shall be in writing signed and acknowledged by the administrative law judge and shall specify the amount due and unpaid by the employer to the employee up to the date of the award, if any, and the amount of the payments thereafter to be paid by the employer to the employee, if any, and the length of time such payment shall continue. *No award shall include the right to future medical treatment, unless it is*

(continued)

proved by the claimant that it is more probable than not that future medical treatment, as defined in subsection (c) of K.S.A. 44-510h, and amendments thereto, will be required as a result of the work-related injury. The award of the administrative law judge shall be effective the day following the date noted in the award.

(b) No award shall be or provide for payment of compensation in a lump sum, except as to such portion of the compensation as shall be found to be due and unpaid at the time of the award, or except at the discretion of the director on settlement agreements, and credit shall be given to the employer in such award for any amount or amounts paid by the employer to the employee as compensation prior to the date of the award.

(c) In the event the employee has been overpaid temporary total disability benefits as described in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 44-534a, and amendments thereto, and the employee is entitled to additional disability benefits, the administrative law judge shall provide for the application of a credit against such benefits. The credit shall first be applied to the final week of any such additional disability benefit award and then to each preceding week until the credit is exhausted.

Sec. 19. K.S.A. 44-528 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-528. (a) ~~Any award or modification thereof agreed upon by the parties, Except lump-sum settlements approved by the director or administrative law judge, whether the award provides for compensation into the future or whether it does not, any award or modification thereof~~ may be reviewed by the administrative law judge for good cause shown upon the application of the employee, employer, dependent, insurance carrier or any other interested party. In connection with such review, the administrative law judge may appoint one or two health care providers to examine the employee and report to the administrative law judge. The administrative law judge shall hear all competent evidence offered and if the administrative law judge finds that the award has been obtained by fraud or undue influence, that the award was made without authority or as a result of serious misconduct, that the award is excessive or inadequate or that the functional impairment or work disability of the employee has increased or diminished, the administrative law judge may modify such award, or reinstate a prior award, ~~upon such terms as may be just, by increasing or diminishing the compensation subject to the limitations provided in the workers compensation act pursuant to the provisions set forth in K.S.A. 44-510b, 44-510c, 44-510d or 44-510e, and amendments thereto, as may be applicable.~~

(b) ~~If the administrative law judge finds that the employee has returned to work for the same employer in whose employ the employee was injured or for another employer and is earning or is capable of earning the same or higher wages than the employee did at the time of the accident, or is capable of gaining an income from any trade or employment which is equal to or greater than the wages the employee was earning at the time of the accident, or finds that the employee has absented and continues to be absent so that a reasonable examination cannot be made of the employee by a health care provider selected by the employer, or has departed beyond the boundaries of the United States, the administrative law judge may modify the award and reduce compensation or may cancel the award and end the compensation.~~

(c) The number of reviews under this section shall be limited pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the director to avoid abuse.

(d) Any modification of an award under this section on the basis that the functional impairment or work disability of the employee has increased or diminished shall be effective as of the date that the increase or diminishment actually occurred, except that in no event shall the effective date of any such modification be more than six months prior to the date the application was made for review and modification under this section.

Sec. 20. K.S.A. 44-531 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-531. (a) Where all parties agree to the payment of all or any part of compensation due under the workers compensation act or under any award or judgment, and where it has been determined at a hearing before the administrative law judge that it is for the best interest of the injured employee or the dependents of a deceased employee, or that it will avoid undue expense, litigation or hardship to any party or parties, the administrative law judge may permit the employer to redeem all or any part of the employer's lia-

bility under the workers compensation act by the payment of compensation in a lump-sum; ~~except that no agreement for payment of compensation in a lump sum shall be approved for nine months after an employee has returned to work in cases in which the employee, who would otherwise be entitled to compensation for work disability, is not entitled to work disability compensation because of being returned to work at a comparable wage by the employer who employed the worker at the time of the injury giving rise to the claim being settled.~~ The employer shall be entitled to an 8% discount except as provided in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 44-510b, and amendments thereto on the amount of any such lump-sum payment that is not yet due at the time of the award. Upon paying such lump-sum the employer shall be released and discharged of and from all liability under the workers compensation act for that portion of the employer's liability redeemed under this section.

(b) No lump-sum awards, unless agreed to by the parties, shall be rendered under the workers compensation act except: (1) As provided in subsection (a) of this section, (2) as provided in subsection (a) K.S.A. 44-510b, and amendments thereto, (3) in cases involving compensation due the employee at the time the award is rendered as provided in K.S.A. 44-525, and amendments thereto and in cases of past due compensation as provided in K.S.A. 44-529, and amendments thereto.

(c) ~~The parties, by agreement and with approval of an administrative law judge, may enter into a compromise lump-sum settlement in either permanent total or permanent partial disability cases which prorates the lump-sum settlement over the life expectancy of the injured worker. When such an agreement has been approved, neither the weekly compensation rate paid throughout the case nor the maximum statutory weekly rate applicable to the injury shall apply. No compensation rate shall exceed the maximum statutory weekly rate as of the date of the injury. Instead, the prorated rate set forth in the approved settlement documents shall control and become the rate for that case. This section shall be retroactive in effect.~~

Sec. 21. K.S.A. 44-532a is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-532a. (a) If an employer has no insurance to secure the payment of compensation or has insufficiently funded a self-insurance bond, as provided in subsection (b) (1) and (2) of K.S.A. 44-532, and amendments thereto, and such employer is financially unable to pay compensation to an injured worker as required by the workers compensation act, or such employer cannot be located and required to pay such compensation, the injured worker may apply to the director for an award of the compensation benefits, including medical compensation, to which such injured worker is entitled, to be paid from the workers compensation fund. Whenever a worker files an application under this section, the matter shall be assigned to an administrative law judge for hearing. If the administrative law judge is satisfied as to the existence of the conditions prescribed by this section, the administrative law judge may make an award, or modify an existing award, and prescribe the payments to be made from the workers compensation fund as provided in K.S.A. 44-569, and amendments thereto. The award shall be certified to the commissioner of insurance, and upon receipt thereof, the commissioner of insurance shall cause payment to be made to the worker in accordance therewith.

(b) The commissioner of insurance, acting as administrator of the workers compensation fund, shall have a cause of action against the employer for recovery of any amounts paid from the workers compensation fund pursuant to this section. Such action shall be filed in the district court of the county in which the accident occurred or where the contract of employment was entered into.

Sec. 22. K.S.A. 44-534a is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-534a. (a) (1) After an application for a hearing has been filed pursuant to K.S.A. 44-534, and amendments thereto, the employee or the employer may make application for a preliminary hearing, in such form as the director may require, on the issues of the furnishing of medical treatment and the payment of temporary total or temporary partial disability compensation. At least seven days prior to filing an application for a preliminary hearing, the applicant shall give written notice to the adverse party of the intent to file such an application. Such notice of intent shall contain a specific statement of the benefit change being sought that is to be the subject of the requested preliminary hearing. If the parties do not agree to the change of benefits within the seven-day period, the party seeking a change in benefits may file an application for preliminary



hearing which shall be accompanied by a copy of the notice of intent and the applicant's certification that the notice of intent was served on the adverse party or that party's attorney and that the request for a benefit change has either been denied or was not answered within seven days after service. Copies of medical reports or other evidence which the party intends to produce as exhibits supporting the change of benefits shall be included with the application. The director shall assign the application to an administrative law judge who shall set the matter for a preliminary hearing and shall give at least seven days' written notice by mail to the parties of the date set for such hearing.

(2) Such preliminary hearing shall be summary in nature and shall be held by an administrative law judge in any county designated by the administrative law judge, and the administrative law judge shall exercise such powers as are provided for the conduct of full hearings on claims under the workers compensation act. Upon a preliminary finding that the injury to the employee is compensable and in accordance with the facts presented at such preliminary hearing, the administrative law judge may make a preliminary award of medical compensation and temporary total disability compensation to be in effect pending the conclusion of a full hearing on the claim, except that if the employee's entitlement to medical compensation or temporary total disability compensation is disputed or there is a dispute as to the compensability of the claim, no preliminary award of benefits shall be entered without giving the employer the opportunity to present evidence, including testimony, on the disputed issues. A finding with regard to a disputed issue of whether the employee suffered an *accidental accident, repetitive trauma or resulting injury*, whether the injury arose out of and in the course of the employee's employment, whether notice is given or claim timely made, or whether certain defenses apply, shall be considered jurisdictional, and subject to review by the board. Such review by the board shall not be subject to judicial review. If an appeal from a preliminary order is perfected under this section, such appeal shall not stay the payment of medical compensation and temporary total disability compensation from the date of the preliminary award. If temporary total compensation is awarded, such compensation may be ordered paid from the date of filing the application, except that if the administrative law judge finds from the evidence presented that there were one or more periods of temporary total disability prior to such filing date, temporary total compensation may be ordered paid for all periods of temporary total disability prior to such date of filing. The decision in such preliminary hearing shall be rendered within five days of the conclusion of such hearing. Except as provided in this section, no such preliminary findings or preliminary awards shall be appealable by any party to the proceedings, and the same shall not be binding in a full hearing on the claim, but shall be subject to a full presentation of the facts.

(b) If compensation in the form of medical benefits or temporary total disability benefits has been paid by the employer or the employer's insurance carrier either voluntarily or pursuant to an award entered under this section and, upon a full hearing on the claim, the amount of compensation to which the employee is entitled is found to be less than the amount of compensation paid or is totally disallowed, the employer and the employer's insurance carrier shall be reimbursed from the workers compensation fund established in K.S.A. 44-566a, and amendments thereto, for all amounts of compensation so paid which are in excess of the amount of compensation the employee is entitled to less any amount deducted from additional disability benefits due the employee pursuant to subsection (c) of K.S.A. 44-525, and amendments thereto, as determined in the full hearing on the claim. The director shall determine the amount of compensation paid by the employer or insurance carrier which is to be reimbursed under this subsection, and the director shall certify to the commissioner of insurance the amount so determined. Upon receipt of such certification, the commissioner of insurance shall cause payment to be made to the employer or the employer's insurance carrier in accordance therewith. No reimbursement shall be certified unless the request is made by the employer or employer's insurance carrier within one year of the final award.

Sec. 23. K.S.A. 44-536 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-536. (a) With respect to any and all proceedings in connection with any initial or original claim for compensation, no claim of any at-

torney for services rendered in connection with the securing of compensation for an employee or the employee's dependents, whether secured by agreement, order, award or a judgment in any court shall exceed a reasonable amount for such services or 25% of the amount of compensation recovered and paid, whichever is less, in addition to actual expenses incurred, and subject to the other provisions of this section. Except as hereinafter provided in this section, in death cases, total disability and partial disability cases, the amount of attorney fees shall not exceed 25% of the sum which would be due under the workers compensation act beyond 415 weeks of permanent total disability based upon the employee's average ~~gross~~ weekly wage prior to the date of the accident and subject to the maximum weekly benefits provided in K.S.A. 44-510c, and amendments thereto.

(b) All attorney fees in connection with the initial or original claim for compensation shall be fixed pursuant to a written contract between the attorney and the employee or the employee's dependents, which shall be subject to approval by the director in accordance with this section. Every attorney, whether the disposition of the original claim is by agreement, settlement, award, judgment or otherwise, shall file the attorney contract with the director for review in accordance with this section. The director shall review each such contract and the fees claimed thereunder as provided in this section and shall approve such contract and fees only if both are in accordance with all provisions of this section. Any claims for attorney fees not in excess of the limits provided in this section and approved by the director shall be enforceable as a lien on the compensation due or to become due. The director shall specifically and individually review each claim of an attorney for services rendered under the workers compensation act in each case of a settlement agreement under K.S.A. 44-521, and amendments thereto or a lump-sum payment under K.S.A. 44-531, and amendments thereto as to the reasonableness thereof. In reviewing the reasonableness of such claims for attorney fees, the director shall consider the other provisions of this section and the following:

(1) The written offers of settlement received by the employee prior to execution of a written contract between the employee and the attorney; the employer shall attach to the settlement worksheet copies of any written offers of settlement which were sent to the employee before the employer was aware that the employee had hired an attorney;

(2) the time and labor required, the novelty and difficulty of the questions involved and the skill requisite to perform the legal services properly;

(3) the likelihood, if apparent to the employee or the employee's dependents, that the acceptance of the particular case will preclude other employment by the attorney;

(4) the fee customarily charged in the locality for similar legal services;

(5) the amount of compensation involved and the results obtained;

(6) the time limitations imposed by the employee, by the employee's dependents or by the circumstances;

(7) the nature and length of the professional relationship with the employee or the employee's dependents; and

(8) the experience, reputation and ability of the attorney or attorneys performing the services.

(c) No attorney fees shall be charged with respect to compensation for medical expenses, except where an allowance is made for proposed or future treatment as a part of a compromise settlement. No attorney fees shall be charged with respect to vocational rehabilitation benefits.

(d) No attorney fees shall be charged in connection with any temporary total disability compensation unless the payment of such compensation in the proper amount is refused, or unless such compensation is terminated by the employer and the payment of such compensation is obtained or reinstated by the efforts of the attorney, whether by agreement, settlement, award or judgment.

(e) With regard to any claim where there is no dispute as to any of the material issues prior to representation of the claimant or claimants by an attorney, or where the amount to be paid for compensation does not exceed the written offer made to the claimant or claimants by the employer prior to execution of a written contract between the employee and an attorney, the fees to any

(continued)

such attorney shall not exceed either the sum of \$250 or a reasonable fee for the time actually spent by the attorney, as determined by the director, whichever is greater, exclusive of reasonable attorney fees for any representation by such attorney in reference to any necessary probate proceedings. With regard to any claim where the amount to be paid for compensation does exceed the written offer made prior to representation, fees for services rendered by an attorney shall not exceed the lesser of (1) a reasonable amount for such services; (2) an amount equal to the total of 50% of that portion of the amount of compensation recovered and paid, which is in excess of the amount of compensation offered to the employee by the employer prior to the execution of a written contract between the employee and the attorney; or (3) 25% of the total amount of compensation recovered and paid as described in subsection (a).

(f) All attorney fees for representation of an employee or the employee's dependents shall be only recoverable from compensation actually paid to such employee or dependents, except as specifically provided otherwise in subsection (g) and (h).

(g) In the event any attorney renders services to an employee or the employee's dependents, subsequent to the ultimate disposition of the initial and original claim, and in connection with an application for review and modification, a hearing for additional medical benefits, an application for penalties or otherwise, such attorney shall be entitled to reasonable attorney fees for such services, in addition to attorney fees received or which the attorney is entitled to receive by contract in connection with the original claim, and such attorney fees shall be awarded by the director on the basis of the reasonable and customary charges in the locality for such services and not on a contingent fee basis.

(1) If the services rendered under this subsection by an attorney result in an additional award of disability compensation, the attorney fees shall be paid from such amounts of disability compensation.

(2) If such services involve no additional award of disability compensation, but result in an additional award of medical compensation, penalties, or other benefits, the director shall fix the proper amount of such attorney fees in accordance with this subsection and such fees shall be paid by the employer or the workers compensation fund, if the fund is liable for compensation pursuant to K.S.A. 44-567, and amendments thereto, to the extent of the liability of the fund.

(3) If the services rendered herein result in a denial of additional compensation, ~~the director may authorize a fee to be paid by the respondent~~ penalties, or other benefits, and it is determined that the attorney engaged in frivolous prosecution of the claim, the employer and insurance carrier shall not be liable for any portion of the attorney fees incurred for such services.

(h) Any and all disputes regarding attorney fees, whether such disputes relate to which of one or more attorneys represents the claimant or claimants or is entitled to the attorney fees, or a division of attorney fees where the claimant or claimants are or have been represented by more than one attorney, or any other disputes concerning attorney fees or contracts for attorney fees, shall be heard and determined by the administrative law judge, after reasonable notice to all interested parties and attorneys.

(i) After reasonable notice and hearing before the administrative law judge, any attorney found to be in violation of any provision of this section shall be required to make restitution of any excess fees charged.

Sec. 24. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 44-552 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-552. (a) The director with the approval of the secretary of labor shall at each hearing under the workers compensation act appoint a certified shorthand reporter, who may be within the classified service of the Kansas civil service act, to attend each hearing where testimony is introduced, and preserve a complete record of all oral or documentary evidence introduced and all proceedings had at such hearing unless such appointment is waived by mutual agreement. At the conclusion of the hearing in any case, if neither party has requested opportunity to file briefs, the administrative law judge may read into the record for certification and filing in the office of the director such stipulations, findings, rulings or orders the administrative law judge deems expedient to the early disposition of the case. If the administrative law judge uses such procedure, with the consent of the parties, no transcript of the rec-

ord of the hearing shall be made, except that part which is read into the record by the administrative law judge.

(b) All testimony introduced and proceedings had in hearings shall be taken down by the certified shorthand reporter, and if an action for review is commenced or if the director, or either party or the best interests of the administration of justice, so instructs, the certified shorthand reporter shall transcribe the certified shorthand reporter's notes of such hearing. If an action for review is commenced, the cost of preparing a transcript shall be paid as provided by K.S.A. 77-620, and amendments thereto. If no action for review is commenced, the cost of preparing a transcript shall be taxed as costs in the case at the discretion of the director in accordance with fair and customary rates charged in the state of Kansas. All official notes of such certified shorthand reporters shall be preserved and filed in the office of the director. Any transcript prepared as above provided and duly certified shall be received as evidence by the board and by any court with the same effect as if the certified shorthand reporter were present and testified to the records so certified.

(c) The director or administrative law judge, whoever is conducting the hearing, may make the findings, awards, decisions, rulings or modifications of findings or awards and do all acts at any time without awaiting the transcription of the testimony of the certified shorthand reporter if the director or administrative law judge deems it expedient and advisable to do so.

(d) *The certified shorthand reporter's fee shall be taxed to the division of workers compensation if a fee is incurred and no record is taken.*

Sec. 25. K.S.A. 44-5a01 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-5a01. (a) Where the employer and employee or workman are subject by law or election to the provisions of the workmen's compensation act, the disablement or death of an employee or workman resulting from an occupational disease as defined in this section shall be treated as the happening of an injury by accident, and the employee or workman or, in case of death, his dependents shall be entitled to compensation for such disablement or death resulting from an occupational disease, in accordance with the provisions of the workmen's compensation act as in cases of injuries by accident which are compensable thereunder, except as specifically provided otherwise for occupational diseases. *In no circumstances shall an occupational disease be construed to include injuries caused by repetitive trauma as defined in K.S.A. 44-508, and amendments thereto.*

(b) "Occupational disease" shall mean only a disease arising out of and in the course of the employment resulting from the nature of the employment in which the employee was engaged under such employer, and which was actually contracted while so engaged. "Nature of the employment" shall mean, for purposes of this section, that to the occupation, trade or employment in which the employee was engaged, there is attached a particular and peculiar hazard of such disease which distinguishes the employment from other occupations and employments, and which creates a hazard of such disease which is in excess of the hazard of such disease in general. The disease must appear to have had its origin in a special risk of such disease connected with the particular type of employment and to have resulted from that source as a reasonable consequence of the risk. Ordinary diseases of life and conditions to which the general public is or may be exposed to outside of the particular employment, and hazards of diseases and conditions attending employment in general, shall not be compensable as occupational diseases. ~~Provided, except that compensation shall not be payable for pulmonary emphysema or other types of emphysema unless it is proved, by clear and convincing medical evidence to a reasonable probability, that such emphysema was caused, solely and independently of all other causes, by the employment with the employer against whom the claim is made, except that, if it is proved to a reasonable medical probability that an existing emphysema was aggravated and contributed to by the employment with the employer against whom the claim is made, compensation shall be payable for the resulting condition of the workman, but only to the extent such condition was so contributed to and aggravated by the employment.~~

(c) In no case shall an employer be liable for compensation under this section unless disablement results within one (1) year or death results within three (3) years in case of silicosis, or one (1) year in case of any other occupational disease, after the last injurious exposure to the hazard of such disease in such employment,

or, in case of death, unless death follows continuous disability from such disease, commencing within the period above limited, for which compensation has been paid or awarded or timely claim made as provided in the workmen's compensation act, and results within seven (7) years after such last exposure. Where payments have been made on account of any disablement from which death shall thereafter result such payments shall be deducted from the amount of liability provided by law in case of death. The time limit prescribed by this section shall not apply in the case of an employee whose disablement or death is due to occupational exposure to ionizing radiation.

(d) Where an occupational disease is aggravated by any disease or infirmity, not itself compensable, or where disability or death from any other cause, not itself compensable, is aggravated, prolonged, accelerated or in any wise contributed to by an occupational disease, the compensation payable shall be reduced and limited to such proportion only of the compensation that would be payable if the occupational disease were the sole cause of the disability or death, as such occupational disease, as a causative factor, bears to all the causes of such disability or death, such reduction in compensation to be effected by reducing the number of weekly or monthly payments or the amounts of such payments, as under the circumstances of the particular case may be for the best interest of the claimant or claimants.

(e) No compensation for death from an occupational disease shall be payable to any person whose relationship to the deceased employee or workman arose subsequent to the beginning of the first compensable disability save only to afterborn children.

(f) The provisions of K.S.A. 44-570, and amendments thereto, shall apply in case of an occupational disease.

New Sec. 26. (a) If any provisions of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of this act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are severable.

(b) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the workers compensation act.

New Sec. 27. (a) Any person who is not required to be covered under a workers compensation insurance policy or other plan for the payment of workers compensation may execute an affidavit of exempt status under the workers compensation act. The affidavit shall be a form prescribed by the commissioner of insurance. The affidavit shall be available on the web site of the department of insurance.

(b) Execution of the affidavit shall establish a rebuttable presumption that the executor is not an employee for purposes of the workers compensation act and that an individual or company possessing the affidavit is in compliance and therefore shall not be responsible for workers compensation claims made by the executor.

(c) The execution of an affidavit shall not affect the rights or coverage of any employee of the individual executing the affidavit.

(d) (1) Knowingly providing false information on a notarized affidavit of exempt status under the workers compensation act shall constitute a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not to exceed \$1,000.

(2) Affidavits shall conspicuously state on the front thereof in at least 10 point, boldfaced print that it is a crime to falsify information on the form.

(3) The commissioner of insurance shall immediately notify the fraud unit in the department of insurance of any violations or suspected violations of this section. The commissioner of insurance shall cooperate with the fraud unit.

(e) The commissioner of insurance shall have the power to adopt all reasonable rules and regulations necessary to implement this section.

Sec. 28. K.S.A. 44-549 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-549. (a) All hearings upon all claims for compensation under the workers compensation act shall be held by the administrative law judge *in person* in the county in which the accident occurred, or by *video conferencing or telephone conference* unless otherwise mutually agreed by the employee and employer. The award, finding, decision or order of an administrative law judge when filed in the office of the director shall be deemed to be the final award, finding, decision or order of the administrative law judge.

(b) The director and the board, for the purpose of the workers compensation act, shall have power to administer oaths, certify to official acts, take depositions, issue subpoenas, compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, accounts, papers, documents, and records to the same extent as is conferred on district courts of this state under the code of civil procedure.

Sec. 29. K.S.A. 44-503a, 44-510a, 44-510c, 44-510d, 44-510e, 44-510f, 44-515, 44-516, 44-520, 44-520a, 44-525, 44-528, 44-531, 44-532a, 44-534a, 44-536, 44-549 and 44-5a01 and K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 44-501, 44-508, 44-510b, 44-510h, 44-510k, 44-511, 44-523, 44-552 and 44-596 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 30. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after May 15, 2011, and its publication in the Kansas register.

**INDEX TO ADMINISTRATIVE REGULATIONS**

This index lists in numerical order the new, amended and revoked administrative regulations and the volume and page number of the *Kansas Register* issue in which more information can be found. Temporary regulations are designated with a (T) in the Action column. This cumulative index supplements the 2009 Volumes of the *Kansas Administrative Regulations* and the 2010 Supplement of the *Kansas Administrative Regulations*.

**AGENCY 1: DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
1-16-8	Amended	V. 29, p. 676
1-16-15	Amended	V. 29, p. 677
1-16-18	Amended	V. 29, p. 677
1-16-18a	Amended	V. 29, p. 678
1-16-20	Amended	V. 29, p. 680
1-65-1	New	V. 30, p. 44
1-66-1	New	V. 30, p. 44
1-66-2	New	V. 30, p. 45
1-66-3	New	V. 30, p. 45
1-67-1	New	V. 30, p. 45
1-67-2	New	V. 30, p. 45

1-67-3	New	V. 30, p. 45
1-68-1	New	V. 30, p. 45
1-68-2	New	V. 30, p. 46

**AGENCY 3: KANSAS STATE TREASURER**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
3-3-2	Amended (T)	V. 29, p. 702
3-3-2	Amended	V. 30, p. 9

**AGENCY 4: DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
4-3-47	Amended (T)	V. 30, p. 25
4-3-47	Amended	V. 30, p. 411
4-3-48	Revoked	V. 30, p. 411
4-3-50	Amended	V. 30, p. 411
4-7-213	Amended	V. 29, p. 1023
4-7-716	Amended	V. 29, p. 1023
4-10-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 254
4-10-1a	New	V. 29, p. 255
4-10-1b	New	V. 29, p. 255
4-10-2a		
4-10-2a	through	
4-10-2d	Revoked	V. 29, p. 255
4-10-2e	Amended	V. 29, p. 255
4-10-2f		
4-10-2f	through	
4-10-2k	Revoked	V. 29, p. 256
4-10-4	Revoked	V. 29, p. 256
4-10-4a		
4-10-4a	through	
4-10-4f	New	V. 29, p. 256-258

4-10-5a	Amended	V. 29, p. 258
4-10-6	Revoked	V. 29, p. 259
4-10-6a	New	V. 29, p. 259
4-10-6b	New	V. 29, p. 259
4-10-7	Amended	V. 29, p. 259
4-10-10	New	V. 29, p. 260
4-10-15	Revoked	V. 29, p. 260
4-10-16	Amended	V. 29, p. 260
4-10-17	Revoked	V. 29, p. 261
4-13-2	Amended	V. 29, p. 69
4-13-3	Amended	V. 29, p. 69
4-13-9	Amended	V. 29, p. 71
4-13-14	Amended	V. 29, p. 71
4-13-16	Amended	V. 29, p. 71
4-13-17	Amended	V. 29, p. 72
4-13-18	Amended	V. 29, p. 72
4-13-20	Amended	V. 29, p. 72
4-13-21	Amended	V. 29, p. 72
4-13-22	Revoked	V. 29, p. 72
4-13-23	Amended	V. 29, p. 72
4-13-24	Amended	V. 29, p. 72
4-13-25	Amended	V. 29, p. 1242
4-13-25b		
4-13-25b	through	
4-13-25h	Amended	V. 29, p. 1243-1245
4-13-25i	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1246
4-13-25j	Amended	V. 29, p. 1246
4-13-25k	Amended	V. 29, p. 1246
4-13-25l	Amended	V. 29, p. 1247
4-13-25m	New	V. 29, p. 1247
4-13-30	Amended	V. 29, p. 72

(continued)

4-13-33	Amended	V. 29, p. 73
4-13-62	Amended	V. 29, p. 73
4-27-1		
through		
4-27-22	New	V. 29, p. 706-720
4-28-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 720
4-28-2	Amended	V. 29, p. 720
4-28-8	Amended	V. 29, p. 721
4-28-11	Amended	V. 29, p. 722
4-28-12	Amended	V. 29, p. 722
4-28-18		
through		
4-28-30	New	V. 29, p. 723-725

**AGENCY 5: DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE—DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
5-1-4	Amended	V. 29, p. 652
5-1-9	Amended	V. 29, p. 653
5-3-23	Amended (T)	V. 29, p. 1338
5-3-23	Amended	V. 29, p. 1598
5-4-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 1476
5-4-1a	New	V. 29, p. 1477
5-7-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 653
5-17-2	Amended	V. 29, p. 654
5-21-4	Amended	V. 30, p. 369
5-22-7	Amended	V. 29, p. 596
5-25-5	Amended	V. 29, p. 1598
5-25-15	Amended	V. 29, p. 654

**AGENCY 7: SECRETARY OF STATE**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
7-16-1	Amended (T)	V. 29, p. 1115
7-16-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 1281

**AGENCY 9: ANIMAL HEALTH DEPARTMENT**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
9-7-4	Amended (T)	V. 29, p. 703
9-7-4	Amended	V. 29, p. 1336
9-27-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 1337

**AGENCY 14: DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE—DIVISION OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL**

14-6-2a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1306
14-6-3	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1306
14-6-4	Amended	V. 29, p. 1306
14-11-1	New	V. 29, p. 1307
14-11-4	New	V. 29, p. 1307
14-11-5	Amended	V. 29, p. 1307
14-11-6	Amended	V. 29, p. 1307
14-11-7	Amended	V. 29, p. 1307
14-11-9	Amended	V. 29, p. 1307
14-11-10a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1307
14-11-10b	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1308
14-11-10d	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1308
14-11-11	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1633
14-11-14	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1308
14-11-15	Amended	V. 29, p. 1308
14-11-16	Amended	V. 29, p. 1308
14-11-22	New	V. 29, p. 1633
14-11-23		
through		
14-11-29	New	V. 29, p. 1308-1310
14-11-27	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1730
14-16-25	New	V. 29, p. 1310
14-19-27	Amended	V. 29, p. 1310
14-19-38	New	V. 29, p. 1311
14-19-39	New	V. 29, p. 1311
14-20-29	Amended	V. 29, p. 1311
14-20-40	New	V. 29, p. 1312
14-20-41	New	V. 29, p. 1312
14-21-12	Amended	V. 29, p. 1313
14-21-21	New	V. 29, p. 1313
14-21-22	New	V. 29, p. 1313
14-23-2	Amended	V. 29, p. 1314
14-23-5	Amended	V. 29, p. 1314
14-23-8	Amended	V. 29, p. 1314
14-23-10	Amended	V. 29, p. 1315
14-24-1		
through		
14-24-6	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1315

**AGENCY 16: KANSAS ATTORNEY GENERAL**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
16-11-1		
through		
16-11-5	Amended	V. 29, p. 1813-1815
16-11-6	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1816

16-11-7	Amended	V. 29, p. 1816
16-11-8	Amended	V. 29, p. 1816

**AGENCY 19: GOVERNMENTAL ETHICS COMMISSION**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
19-6-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 112
19-22-1	Amended	V. 30, p. 92
19-23-1	Amended	V. 30, p. 92
19-30-4	Revoked	V. 30, p. 92

**AGENCY 22: STATE FIRE MARSHAL**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
22-1-1	Amended	V. 30, p. 46
22-1-2	Amended	V. 30, p. 46
22-1-3	Amended	V. 30, p. 46
22-8-13	Amended	V. 30, p. 47
22-10-3	Amended	V. 30, p. 47
22-11-6	Revoked	V. 30, p. 48
22-11-8	Amended	V. 30, p. 48
22-15-7	Revoked	V. 30, p. 49
22-18-3	Amended	V. 30, p. 49

**AGENCY 26: DEPARTMENT ON AGING**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
26-39-100	Amended	V. 29, p. 1772
26-39-101	Amended	V. 29, p. 1775
26-39-105	Amended	V. 29, p. 1777
26-40-301		
through		
26-40-305	New	V. 29, p. 1777-1793

**AGENCY 28: DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
28-1-27	New	V. 30, p. 111
28-1-30	New	V. 30, p. 369
28-1-31	New	V. 30, p. 370
28-1-32	New	V. 30, p. 370
28-4-92	Amended (T)	V. 29, p. 1348
28-4-92	Amended	V. 29, p. 1705
28-4-370		
through		
28-4-379	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1024
28-4-503	Amended	V. 29, p. 1662
28-4-505	Amended	V. 29, p. 1662
28-4-514	Amended	V. 29, p. 1663
28-4-520	New	V. 29, p. 1663
28-4-521	New	V. 29, p. 1663
28-4-1300		
through		
28-4-1318	New	V. 29, p. 1024-1032
28-16-28g	Amended	V. 29, p. 181
28-19-200a	New	V. 29, p. 1634
28-19-202	Amended	V. 29, p. 1509
28-19-325	New	V. 29, p. 1634
28-19-350	Amended	V. 29, p. 1635
28-19-517	Amended	V. 29, p. 1510
28-19-645a	New (T)	V. 30, p. 232
28-19-712	New	V. 29, p. 866
28-19-712a		
through		
28-19-712d	New	V. 29, p. 867
28-19-713	New	V. 29, p. 867
28-19-713a		
through		
28-19-713d	New	V. 29, p. 867, 868
28-19-720	Amended	V. 29, p. 1510
28-19-728	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1511
28-19-728a		
through		
28-19-728f	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1511
28-19-735	Amended	V. 29, p. 1511
28-19-750	Amended	V. 29, p. 1511
28-19-750a	Amended	V. 29, p. 1511
28-21-1	Revoked	V. 29, p. 725
28-21-6	Revoked	V. 29, p. 725
28-21-7	Revoked	V. 29, p. 725
28-21-8	Revoked	V. 29, p. 725
28-21-9	Revoked	V. 29, p. 725
28-21-10	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-11	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-20a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-21a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726

28-21-22a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-23a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-24a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-25a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-26a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-27a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-28a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-29a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-30a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-31a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-32a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-33a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-34a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-35a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-40a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-41a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-42a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-43a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-44a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-50a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-51a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-52a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-53a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-54a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-55a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-56a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-57a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-58a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-59a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-60a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-61a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-62a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-63	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-64	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-70a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-71a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-72a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-21-82		
through		
28-21-85	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-23-4	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-23-9	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-23-10	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-23-20		
through		
28-23-24	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-23-26		
through		
28-23-32	Revoked	V. 29, p. 726
28-23-34		
through		
28-23-36	Revoked	V. 29, p. 727
28-23-41		
through		
28-23-55	Revoked	V. 29, p. 727
28-23-70	Revoked	V. 29, p. 727
28-23-71	Revoked	V. 29, p. 727
28-23-73	Revoked	V. 29, p. 727
28-23-75	Revoked	V. 29, p. 727
28-23-78		
through		
28-23-80	Revoked	V. 29, p. 727
28-31-1	Revoked	V. 30, p. 414
28-31-2	Revoked	V. 30, p. 414
28-31-3	Revoked	V. 30, p. 414
28-31-4	Amended	V. 30, p. 414
28-31-5	Revoked	V. 30, p. 415
28-31-6	Amended	V. 30, p. 415
28-31-7	Revoked	V. 30, p. 415
28-31-8	Revoked	V. 30, p. 415
28-31-8b	Revoked	V. 30, p. 415
28-31-9	Revoked	V. 30, p. 415
28-31-10	Amended	V. 30, p. 415
28-31-12	Amended	V. 30, p. 416
28-31-13	Amended	V. 30, p. 417
28-31-14	Revoked	V. 30, p. 417
28-31-15	Revoked	V. 30, p. 417
28-31-16	Revoked	V. 30, p. 417
28-31-100	New	V. 30, p. 417
28-31-100a	New	V. 30, p. 418
28-31-100d	New	V. 30, p. 418
28-31-100e	New	V. 30, p. 419
28-31-100f	New	V. 30, p. 420
28-31-100p	New	V. 30, p. 420
28-31-100q	New	V. 30, p. 420

28-31-100r	New	V. 30, p. 420
28-31-100s	New	V. 30, p. 421
28-31-124	New	V. 30, p. 422
28-31-124a	New	V. 30, p. 423
28-31-124b	New	V. 30, p. 423
28-31-124c	New	V. 30, p. 423
28-31-124d	New	V. 30, p. 424
28-31-124e	New	V. 30, p. 424
28-31-260	New	V. 30, p. 425
28-31-260a	New	V. 30, p. 426
28-31-261	New	V. 30, p. 426
28-31-261a	New	V. 30, p. 427
28-31-262	New	V. 30, p. 427
28-31-262a	New	V. 30, p. 427
28-31-263	New	V. 30, p. 428
28-31-263a	New	V. 30, p. 429
28-31-264	New	V. 30, p. 429
28-31-264a	New	V. 30, p. 431
28-31-265	New	V. 30, p. 432
28-31-265a	New	V. 30, p. 433
28-31-266	New	V. 30, p. 433
28-31-267	New	V. 30, p. 434
28-31-267a	New	V. 30, p. 434
28-31-268	New	V. 30, p. 434
28-31-270	New	V. 30, p. 434
28-31-270a	New	V. 30, p. 435
28-31-273	New	V. 30, p. 436
28-31-279	New	V. 30, p. 436
28-31-279a	New	V. 30, p. 437
28-35-135l	Amended	V. 30, p. 195
28-35-135t	Amended	V. 30, p. 196
28-35-135w	Amended	V. 30, p. 197
28-35-175a	Amended	V. 30, p. 198
28-35-178b	Amended	V. 30, p. 198
28-35-178e	Amended	V. 30, p. 200
28-35-178j	Amended	V. 30, p. 201
28-35-180b	Amended	V. 30, p. 201
28-35-181a	Amended	V. 30, p. 203
28-35-181e	Revoked	V. 30, p. 203
28-35-181j	Amended	V. 30, p. 203
28-35-181m	Amended	V. 30, p. 204
28-35-181o	Amended	V. 30, p. 205
28-35-192b	Amended	V. 30, p. 206
28-35-192c	Amended	V. 30, p. 206
28-35-192d	Revoked	V. 30, p. 207
28-35-192e	Amended	V. 30, p. 207
28-35-192g	Amended	V. 30, p. 207
28-35-194a	Amended	V. 30, p. 207
28-35-212a	Amended	V. 30, p. 208
28-35-216a	Amended	V. 30, p. 209
28-35-225b	New	V. 30, p. 210
28-35-231c	Amended	V. 30, p. 210
28-35-242	Amended	V. 30, p. 210
28-35-264	Amended	V. 30, P. 210
28-35-334	Amended	V. 30, p. 211
28-35-346	Amended	V. 30, p. 212
28-35-411	Amended	V. 30, p. 212
28-36-30	Revoked	V. 29, p. 727
28-36-31	Revoked	V. 29, p. 727
28-36-70		
through		
28-36-89	Revoked	V. 29, p. 727
28-36-101		
through		
28-36-109	Revoked	V. 29, p. 727
28-39-162	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1777
28-39-162a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1777
28-39-162b	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1777
28-39-162c	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1777
28-43-1		
through		
28-43-11	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1137
28-46-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 1138
28-46-2a	Amended	V. 29, p. 1138
28-46-3		
through		
28-46-22	Amended	V. 29, p. 1139-1141
28-46-27	Amended	V. 29, p. 1141
28-46-28	Amended	V. 29, p. 1141
28-46-29	Amended	V. 29, p. 1141
28-46-29a	New	V. 29, p. 1142
28-46-30	Amended	V. 29, p. 1142
28-46-30a	New	V. 29, p. 1142
28-46-30b	New	V. 29, p. 1144
28-46-31	Amended	V. 29, p. 1144

28-46-33	Amended	V. 29, p. 1144
28-46-34	Amended	V. 29, p. 1145
28-46-35	Amended	V. 29, p. 1145
28-46-40	Amended	V. 29, p. 1145
28-46-41	Amended	V. 29, p. 1145
28-46-44	Amended	V. 29, p. 1145
28-46-45	New	V. 29, p. 1145
28-53-1	Amended	V. 30, p. 463
28-53-2	Amended	V. 30, p. 463
28-53-4	Amended	V. 30, p. 463
28-61-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 419
28-61-2	Amended	V. 30, p. 336
28-61-3	Amended	V. 30, p. 337
28-61-4	Amended	V. 30, p. 337
28-61-5	Amended	V. 29, p. 420
28-61-8	Amended	V. 29, p. 422
28-72-1	Revoked	V. 29, p. 357
28-72-1a	New	V. 29, p. 357
28-72-1c	New	V. 29, p. 357
28-72-1d	New	V. 29, p. 358
28-72-1e	New	V. 29, p. 358
28-72-1g	New	V. 29, p. 358
28-72-1h	New	V. 29, p. 358
28-72-1i	New	V. 29, p. 359
28-72-1k	New	V. 29, p. 359
28-72-1l	New	V. 29, p. 359
28-72-1m	New	V. 29, p. 360
28-72-1n	New	V. 29, p. 360
28-72-1o	New	V. 29, p. 360
28-72-1p	New	V. 29, p. 360
28-72-1r	New	V. 29, p. 361
28-72-1s	New	V. 29, p. 361
28-72-1t	New	V. 29, p. 361
28-72-1v	New	V. 29, p. 361
28-72-1x	New	V. 29, p. 361
28-72-2	Amended	V. 29, p. 361
28-72-3	Amended	V. 29, p. 362
28-72-4	Amended	V. 29, p. 362
28-72-4a	Amended	V. 29, p. 366
28-72-4b	Revoked	V. 29, p. 368
28-72-4c	Amended	V. 29, p. 368
28-72-5	Amended	V. 29, p. 369
28-72-6	Amended	V. 29, p. 370
28-72-6a	New	V. 29, p. 371
28-72-7	Amended	V. 29, p. 373
28-72-7a	New	V. 29, p. 373
28-72-8	Amended	V. 29, p. 374
28-72-9	Amended	V. 29, p. 375
28-72-10	Amended	V. 29, p. 376
28-72-10a	New	V. 29, p. 377
28-72-11	Amended	V. 29, p. 378
28-72-12	Amended	V. 29, p. 378
28-72-13	Amended	V. 29, p. 379
28-72-14	Amended	V. 29, p. 379
28-72-15	Amended	V. 29, p. 380
28-72-16	Amended	V. 29, p. 380
28-72-17	Amended	V. 29, p. 381
28-72-18	Amended	V. 29, p. 382
28-72-18a	Amended	V. 29, p. 383
28-72-18b	Amended	V. 29, p. 384
28-72-18c	Amended	V. 29, p. 384
28-72-18d	Amended	V. 29, p. 385
28-72-18e	Amended	V. 29, p. 386
28-72-19	Amended	V. 29, p. 387
28-72-20	Amended	V. 29, p. 387
28-72-21	Amended	V. 29, p. 387
28-72-22	Amended	V. 29, p. 388
28-72-51	Amended	V. 29, p. 388
28-72-52	Amended	V. 29, p. 389
28-72-53	Amended	V. 29, p. 389

**AGENCY 30: SOCIAL AND REHABILITATION SERVICES**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
30-5-118a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 293

**AGENCY 36: DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
36-39-2	Amended (T)	V. 29, p. 1090
36-39-2	Amended	V. 29, p. 1416
36-39-4	Amended (T)	V. 29, p. 1091
36-39-4	Amended	V. 29, p. 1416
36-39-6	Amended (T)	V. 29, p. 1091

36-39-6	Amended	V. 29, p. 1416
36-42-1		
through		
36-42-9	New	V. 29, p. 502-504

**AGENCY 40: KANSAS INSURANCE DEPARTMENT**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
40-1-37	Amended	V. 30, p. 193
40-1-48	Amended	V. 29, p. 1752
40-3-33	Revoked	V. 30, p. 232
40-3-43	Amended	V. 29, p. 1337
40-4-43	New	V. 29, p. 703
40-7-26	New	V. 29, p. 1752
40-7-27	New	V. 29, p. 1753
40-9-23	New	V. 29, p. 1813

**AGENCY 48: DEPARTMENT OF LABOR—EMPLOYMENT SECURITY BOARD OF REVIEW**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
48-1-1		
through		
48-1-6	Amended	V. 29, p. 15-17
48-2-1		
through		
48-2-5	Amended	V. 29, p. 17
48-3-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 18
48-3-2	Amended	V. 29, p. 18
48-3-4	Amended	V. 29, p. 18
48-3-5	Amended	V. 29, p. 18
48-4-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 18
48-4-2	Amended	V. 29, p. 18

**AGENCY 49: DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
49-55-1		
through		
49-55-12	New	V. 29, p. 675, 676

**AGENCY 50: DEPARTMENT OF LABOR—DIVISION OF EMPLOYMENT**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
50-2-21a	New (T)	V. 29, p. 701
50-2-21a	New	V. 29, p. 1214

**AGENCY 51: DEPARTMENT OF LABOR—DIVISION OF WORKERS COMPENSATION**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
51-9-7	Amended	V. 29, p. 1508

**AGENCY 60: BOARD OF NURSING**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
60-16-105	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1115

**AGENCY 65: BOARD OF EXAMINERS IN OPTOMETRY**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
65-4-3	Amended	V. 29, p. 990

**AGENCY 66: BOARD OF TECHNICAL PROFESSIONS**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
66-8-6	Amended	V. 29, p. 794
66-10-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 794
66-12-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 794
66-14-10	Amended	V. 29, p. 794

**AGENCY 68: BOARD OF PHARMACY**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
68-1-1b	Amended	V. 29, p. 465
68-7-11	Amended	V. 29, p. 1053
68-7-21	New	V. 29, p. 465
68-20-10a	Amended	V. 29, p. 466
68-20-24	New (T)	V. 30, p. 357
68-20-25	New (T)	V. 30, p. 357
68-20-26	New (T)	V. 30, p. 357
68-20-27	New (T)	V. 30, p. 357
68-21-1		
through		
68-21-7	New	V. 29, p. 1417-1420
68-21-2	Amended	V. 30, p. 370

(continued)

AGENCY 71: KANSAS DENTAL BOARD			88-28-6	Amended	V. 29, p. 408	105-11-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 1507
Reg. No.	Action	Register	88-30-1	Amended	V. 30, p. 194	AGENCY 108: STATE EMPLOYEES HEALTH CARE COMMISSION		
71-5-1 through 71-5-6	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1593	AGENCY 91: DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			Reg. No.	Action	Register
71-5-7 through 71-5-13	New	V. 29, p. 1593-1597	91-40-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 1093	108-1-1	Amended (T)	V. 29, p. 1340
AGENCY 74: BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY			91-40-27	Amended	V. 29, p. 1098	108-1-1	Amended	V. 30, p. 166
Reg. No.	Action	Register	AGENCY 92: DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE			108-1-3	Amended (T)	V. 29, p. 1342
74-4-8	Amended	V. 29, p. 1636	92-19-3	Revoked	V. 30, p. 280	108-1-3	Amended	V. 30, p. 168
74-4-9	Amended	V. 29, p. 1638	92-19-3a	New	V. 30, p. 280	108-1-4	Amended (T)	V. 29, p. 1344
74-5-2	Amended	V. 29, p. 1638	92-19-3b	New	V. 30, p. 283	108-1-4	Amended	V. 30, p. 170
74-5-101	Amended	V. 29, p. 1639	92-19-3c	New	V. 30, p. 285	AGENCY 109: BOARD OF EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES		
74-5-202	Amended	V. 29, p. 1639	92-19-10	Revoked	V. 30, p. 285	Reg. No.	Action	Register
74-5-203	Amended	V. 29, p. 1639	92-19-16a	Amended	V. 30, p. 285	109-1-1a	New (T)	V. 30, p. 138
74-6-2	Amended	V. 29, p. 1640	92-19-16b	Revoked	V. 30, p. 286	109-5-1	Amended (T)	V. 30, p. 138
74-11-6	Amended	V. 29, p. 1640	92-19-40	Revoked	V. 30, p. 286	109-5-1a	New (T)	V. 30, p. 139
74-11-7	Amended	V. 29, p. 1640	92-19-42	Revoked	V. 30, p. 286	109-5-1b	New (T)	V. 30, p. 139
74-12-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 1641	92-19-49b	Amended	V. 30, p. 286	109-5-1d	New (T)	V. 30, p. 139
74-15-2	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1641	92-19-55b	New	V. 30, p. 287	109-5-1e	New (T)	V. 30, p. 139
AGENCY 82: STATE CORPORATION COMMISSION			92-19-59	Amended	V. 30, p. 289	109-5-1f	New (T)	V. 30, p. 139
Reg. No.	Action	Register	92-19-73	Amended	V. 30, p. 289	109-5-3	Amended	V. 29, p. 1282
82-1-219	Amended	V. 29, p. 1099	92-19-73	Amended	V. 30, p. 289	109-5-4	Revoked	V. 29, p. 113
82-3-101a	New	V. 29, p. 1508	92-24-23	Amended	V. 29, p. 1633	109-5-7a	New (T)	V. 30, p. 139
82-3-311a	New	V. 29, p. 181	92-51-25a	New	V. 29, p. 1281	109-5-7b	New (T)	V. 30, p. 140
82-3-1100 through 82-3-1120	New	V. 29, p. 182-190	AGENCY 94: COURT OF TAX APPEALS			109-5-7d	New (T)	V. 30, p. 141
82-4-2	Amended	V. 29, p. 1443	Reg. No.	Action	Register	109-6-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 113
82-4-3a	Amended	V. 29, p. 1443	94-2-1 through 94-2-21	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1478, 1479	109-6-2	Amended	V. 29, p. 113
82-4-3d	Amended	V. 29, p. 1444	94-5-1 through 94-5-25	New	V. 29, p. 1479-1485	109-8-1	Amended (T)	V. 30, p. 141
82-4-3f	Amended	V. 29, p. 1390	Agency 97: COMMISSION ON VETERANS' AFFAIRS			109-10-1a	New (T)	V. 30, p. 141
82-4-3n	New	V. 29, p. 1444	Reg. No.	Action	Register	109-10-1b	New (T)	V. 30, p. 142
82-4-3o	New	V. 29, p. 1445	97-7-1 through 97-7-6	New	V. 29, p. 252-254	109-10-1d	New (T)	V. 30, p. 142
82-4-6a	Amended	V. 29, p. 1446	AGENCY 99: DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE—DIVISION OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES			109-10-1e	New (T)	V. 30, p. 142
82-4-8h	Amended	V. 29, p. 1446	Reg. No.	Action	Register	109-10-1f	New (T)	V. 30, p. 142
82-4-21	Amended	V. 29, p. 1446	99-25-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 1242	109-10-1g	New (T)	V. 30, p. 142
82-4-22	Amended	V. 29, p. 1446	99-25-5	Amended	V. 29, p. 1242	109-10-6	Amended (T)	V. 30, p. 143
82-4-23	Amended	V. 29, p. 1447	99-25-12	New	V. 29, p. 1242	109-10-7	New	V. 29, p. 113
82-4-24a	Amended	V. 29, p. 1447	AGENCY 100: BOARD OF HEALING ARTS			109-11-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 1283
82-4-26a	Amended	V. 29, p. 1447	Reg. No.	Action	Register	109-11-1a	New (T)	V. 30, p. 143
82-4-27	Amended	V. 29, p. 1447	100-11-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 650	109-11-3	Amended	V. 29, p. 1284
82-4-27a	Amended	V. 29, p. 1448	100-29-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 598	109-11-3a	New (T)	V. 30, p. 144
82-4-27c	Amended	V. 29, p. 1448	100-49-4	Amended	V. 29, p. 651	109-11-4	Amended	V. 29, p. 1284
82-4-27e	Amended	V. 29, p. 1449	100-55-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 704	109-11-6	Amended	V. 29, p. 1285
82-4-28	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1449	100-55-7	Amended	V. 29, p. 651	109-11-6a	New (T)	V. 30, p. 144
82-4-28a	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1449	100-69-12	New	V. 29, p. 704	109-15-2	Amended	V. 29, p. 1285
82-4-28b	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1449	100-72-2	Amended	V. 29, p. 705	AGENCY 110: DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE		
82-4-30a	Amended (T)	V. 29, p. 702	100-73-2	Amended	V. 29, p. 598	Reg. No.	Action	Register
82-4-30a	Amended	V. 29, p. 1392	AGENCY 102: BEHAVIORAL SCIENCES REGULATORY BOARD			110-4-1 through 110-4-5	Amended	V. 30, p. 25-27
82-4-31	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1450	Reg. No.	Action	Register	110-21-1 through 110-21-5	New	V. 30, p. 411-413
82-4-32	Amended	V. 29, p. 1450	102-2-3	Amended	V. 29, p. 340	AGENCY 111: KANSAS LOTTERY		
82-4-33	Amended	V. 29, p. 1450	102-5-3	Amended	V. 30, p. 371	A complete index listing all regulations filed by the Kansas Lottery from 1988 through 2000 can be found in the Vol. 19, No. 52, December 28, 2000 Kansas Register. A list of regulations filed from 2001 through 2003 can be found in the Vol. 22, No. 52, December 25, 2003 Kansas Register. A list of regulations filed from 2004 through 2005 can be found in the Vol. 24, No. 52, December 29, 2005 Kansas Register. A list of regulations filed from 2006 through 2007 can be found in the Vol. 26, No. 52, December 27, 2007 Kansas Register. A list of regulations filed from 2008 through November 2009 can be found in the Vol. 28, No. 53, December 31, 2009 Kansas Register. The following regulations were filed after December 1, 2009:		
82-4-35	Amended	V. 29, p. 1450	AGENCY 105: BOARD OF INDIGENTS' DEFENSE SERVICES			Reg. No.	Action	Register
82-4-35a	Amended	V. 29, p. 1450	Reg. No.	Action	Register	111-2-30	Amended	V. 29, p. 215
82-4-37	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1450	105-4-1	Amended (T)	V. 29, p. 1338	111-2-230	Amended	V. 30, p. 232
82-4-40	Amended	V. 29, p. 1450	105-4-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 1506	111-2-231	Amended	V. 30, p. 233
82-4-42	Amended	V. 29, p. 1450	105-5-2	Amended (T)	V. 29, p. 1339	111-2-232	Amended	V. 29, p. 215
82-4-48	Amended	V. 29, p. 1451	105-5-2	Amended	V. 29, p. 1506	111-2-233	Amended	V. 29, p. 215
82-4-53	Amended	V. 29, p. 1451	105-5-3	Amended (T)	V. 29, p. 1339	111-2-234	New	V. 29, p. 746
82-4-54	Amended	V. 29, p. 1452	105-5-3	Amended	V. 29, p. 1506	111-2-235 through 111-2-240	New	V. 29, p. 1214, 1215
82-4-55	Amended	V. 29, p. 1452	105-5-3	Amended	V. 29, p. 1506	111-2-241	New	V. 29, p. 1247
82-4-56a	Amended	V. 29, p. 1452	105-5-6	Amended (T)	V. 29, p. 1339	111-2-242	New	V. 29, p. 1247
82-4-57	Amended	V. 29, p. 1453	105-5-6	Amended	V. 29, p. 1506			
82-4-58	Amended	V. 29, p. 1453	105-5-7	Amended (T)	V. 29, p. 1339			
82-4-62	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1453	105-5-7	Amended	V. 29, p. 1507			
82-4-63	Amended	V. 29, p. 1453	105-5-8	Amended (T)	V. 29, p. 1340			
82-4-65	Amended	V. 29, p. 1453	105-5-8	Amended	V. 29, p. 1507			
82-4-77	Amended	V. 29, p. 1454	105-11-1	Amended (T)	V. 29, p. 1340			
82-16-1 through 82-16-6	New	V. 29, p. 1598-1601	AGENCY 88: BOARD OF REGENTS					
82-17-1 through 82-17-5	New	V. 29, p. 1136, 1137	Reg. No.	Action	Register			
AGENCY 88: BOARD OF REGENTS			88-24-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 1415			
Reg. No.	Action	Register	88-28-1	Amended	V. 30, p. 193			

111-2-243		
through		
111-2-248	New	V. 29, p. 1512, 1513
111-2-247	Amended	V. 30, p. 233
111-2-248	Amended	V. 30, p. 233
111-2-249		
through		
111-2-252	New	V. 30, p. 233, 234
111-2-249	Amended	V. 30, p. 357
111-2-253	New	V. 30, p. 241
111-2-254	New	V. 30, p. 241
111-2-255	Amended	V. 30, p. 358
111-4-2899		
through		
111-4-2907	New	V. 29, p. 9-14
111-4-2908		
through		
111-4-2911	New	V. 29, p. 149-152
111-4-2911a	New	V. 29, p. 152
111-4-2912		
through		
111-4-2923	New	V. 29, p. 153-157
111-4-2924		
through		
111-4-2930	New	V. 29, p. 216-222
111-4-2931		
through		
111-4-2938	New	V. 29, p. 467-473
111-4-2939		
through		
111-4-2948	New	V. 29, p. 569-575
111-4-2949		
through		
111-4-2984	New	V. 29, p. 746-769
111-4-2949		
through		
111-4-2984	New	V. 29, p. 746-769
111-4-2985		
through		
111-4-2988	New	V. 29, p. 1180-1183
111-4-2989	New	V. 29, p. 1216
111-4-2990	New	V. 29, p. 1217
111-4-2991	New	V. 29, p. 1218
111-4-2992		
through		
111-4-3011	New	V. 29, p. 1248-1259
111-4-3012		
through		
111-4-3022	New	V. 29, p. 1513-1522
111-4-3023		
through		
111-4-3027	New	V. 30, p. 234-237
111-4-3028		
through		
111-4-3031	New	V. 30, p. 241-243
111-4-3032		
through		
111-4-3045	New	V. 30, p. 249-258
111-4-3046		
through		
111-4-3054	New	V. 30, p. 358-364
111-5-175		
through		
111-5-179	New	V. 29, p. 157-159
111-5-180		
through		
111-5-194	New	V. 29, p. 222-228
111-5-181	Amended	V. 29, p. 1522
111-5-184	Amended	V. 29, p. 1523
111-5-186	Amended	V. 29, p. 1524
111-5-194	Amended	V. 29, p. 1525
111-7-243		
through		
111-7-248	New	V. 30, p. 259, 260
111-9-162	New	V. 29, p. 229
111-9-163	New	V. 29, p. 229
111-9-164	New	V. 29, p. 230
111-9-165	New	V. 29, p. 769
111-9-166	New	V. 29, p. 1184
111-9-167	New	V. 29, p. 1526
111-9-168	New	V. 29, p. 1526
111-9-169	New	V. 29, p. 1527
111-9-170	New	V. 30, p. 261

111-15-1	Amended	V. 30, p. 238
111-15-3	Amended	V. 30, p. 365
111-201-1		
through		
111-201-17	New	V. 29, p. 73-79
111-301-1		
through		
111-301-6	New	V. 29, p. 79, 80
111-301-7		
through		
111-301-12	New	V. 30, p. 244-248
111-301-13		
through		
111-301-20	New	V. 30, p. 366-368
111-302-1		
through		
111-302-6	New	V. 29, p. 82-86
111-302-4	Amended	V. 30, p. 249
111-303-1		
through		
111-303-5	New	V. 29, p. 87-89
111-304-1		
through		
111-304-6	New	V. 29, p. 89-91
111-305-1		
through		
111-305-6	New	V. 29, p. 474, 475
111-306-1		
through		
111-306-6	New	V. 29, p. 1185-1187
111-306-4	Amended	V. 29, p.1260
111-306-6	Amended	V. 29, p. 1219
111-307-1		
through		
111-307-7	New	V. 29, p. 1189-1191
111-308-1		
through		
111-308-7	New	V. 29, p. 1261-1263
111-309-1		
through		
111-309-6	New	V. 29, p. 1528-1530
111-310-1		
through		
111-310-6	New	V. 29, p. 1530-1532
111-311-1		
through		
111-311-7	New	V. 29, p. 1532-1535
111-312-1		
through		
111-312-8	New	V. 30, p. 239, 240
111-312-6	Amended	V. 30, p. 368
111-312-8	Amended	V. 30, p. 368

**AGENCY 112: RACING AND GAMING COMMISSION**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
112-101-6	Amended	V. 30, p. 290
112-102-8	Amended	V. 30, p. 290
112-103-2	Amended	V. 30, p. 291
112-103-4	Amended	V. 30, p. 292
112-103-5	Amended	V. 30, p. 292
112-103-8	Amended	V. 30, p. 292
112-103-15	Amended	V. 30, p. 292
112-104-1	Amended	V. 30, p. 293
112-104-8	Amended	V. 30, p. 294
112-104-13	Amended	V. 30, p. 295
112-104-14	Amended	V. 30, p. 297
112-104-15	Amended	V. 30, p. 297
112-104-16	Amended	V. 30, p. 298
112-104-32	Amended	V. 30, p. 300
112-105-1	Amended	V. 30, p. 301
112-105-2	Amended	V. 30, p. 301
112-105-3	Amended	V. 30, p. 301
112-106-1	Amended	V. 30, p. 301
112-106-2	Amended	V. 30, p. 303
112-106-5	Amended	V. 30, p. 303
112-106-6	Amended	V. 30, p. 304
112-107-3	Amended	V. 30, p. 304
112-107-5	Amended	V. 30, p. 307
112-107-10	Amended	V. 30, p. 308
112-107-21	Amended	V. 30, p. 309
112-107-22	Amended	V. 30, p. 310
112-108-18	Amended	V. 30, p. 311

112-108-36	Amended	V. 30, p. 312
112-108-55	Amended	V. 30, p. 313
112-110-3	Amended	V. 30, p. 313
112-112-1	Amended	V. 30, p. 314
112-112-3	Amended	V. 30, p. 314
112-112-4	Amended	V. 30, p. 314
112-112-7	Amended	V. 30, p. 315
112-112-9	Amended	V. 30, p. 315

**AGENCY 115: DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE AND PARKS**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
115-2-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 1602
115-2-2	Amended	V. 30, p. 331
115-2-3	Amended	V. 30, p. 331
115-2-3a	Amended	V. 29, p. 1603
115-4-2	Amended	V. 29, p. 408
115-4-4	Amended	V. 29, p. 658
115-4-4a	Amended	V. 29, p. 659
115-4-6	Amended	V. 29, p. 409
115-4-6b	New	V. 30, p. 332
115-4-11	Amended	V. 30, p. 332
115-7-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 1606
115-7-8	Revoked	V. 29, p. 1607
115-7-9	Amended	V. 29, p. 1607
115-8-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 1092
115-16-5	Amended	V. 30, p. 334
115-18-7	Amended	V. 29, p. 659
115-18-20	Amended	V. 29, p. 1608
115-20-7	New	V. 29, p. 659

**AGENCY 117: REAL ESTATE APPRAISAL BOARD**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
117-2-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 412
117-2-2	Amended	V. 29, p. 413
117-3-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 414
117-3-2	Amended	V. 29, p. 415
117-4-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 416
117-4-2	Amended	V. 29, p. 417
117-6-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 656
117-6-3	Amended	V. 29, p. 656
117-7-1	Amended	V. 30, p. 92
117-8-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 418

**AGENCY 121: DEPARTMENT OF CREDIT UNIONS**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
121-10-1	Amended	V. 29, p. 675

**AGENCY 123: JUVENILE JUSTICE AUTHORITY**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
123-2-111	New (T)	V. 29, p. 1115
123-2-111	New	V. 29, p. 1415

**AGENCY 129: KANSAS HEALTH POLICY AUTHORITY**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
129-5-118	Amended	V. 29, p. 293
129-5-118a	New	V. 29, p. 294
129-5-118b	Amended	V. 29, p. 296
129-10-31	New	V. 30, p. 92

**AGENCY 130: HOME INSPECTORS REGISTRATION BOARD**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
130-1-2	New (T)	V. 29, p. 38
130-1-2	New	V. 29, p. 567
130-1-3	New (T)	V. 29, p. 38
130-1-3	New	V. 29, p. 567
130-1-4	Amended	V. 29, p. 567
130-3-1	New (T)	V. 29, p. 38
130-3-1	New	V. 29, p. 568
130-4-1	New (T)	V. 29, p. 39
130-4-1	New	V. 29, p. 794
130-4-2	New (T)	V. 29, p. 39
130-4-2	New	V. 29, p. 794
130-5-2	New	V. 29, p. 569

**AGENCY 131: COMMITTEE ON SURETY BONDS AND INSURANCE**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
131-1-1	New	V. 30, p. 195

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